



III Worketa – Cachoeira Paulista (SP) – 24 a 29/10/2010

Estudo de Casos de Tempo Severo

Claudine Dereczynski (UFRJ)

Sumário

- 1) Santa Catarina (Nov/2008)
- 2) Litoral do Rio de Janeiro/Vale do Paraíba (Jan/2010)
- 3) Rio de Janeiro/Niterói (Abr/2010)
- 4) Pernambuco/Alagoas (Jun/2010)

**1) Santa Catarina
novembro 2008**

Histórico

- Entre os dias 21 e 25/11/08 o leste do Estado de Santa Catarina, principalmente o litoral norte, foi afetado por chuvas intensas, com totais pluviométricos que atingiram 693,0 mm em Luiz Alves em 4 dias.
- Registros: 135 mortes, 5617 desabrigados, 27236 desalojados, 14 municípios em estado de calamidade pública. A maior parte das mortes ocorreu no Vale do Itajaí e foi provocada por deslizamentos e soterramentos: 47 em Ilhota (Morro do Bau), 24 em Blumenau, 21 em Gaspar (Fonte: Defesa Civil de SC - <http://www.desastre.sc.gov.br/>).

Santa Catarina – 21 a 25/11/08

Blumenau (523,9 mm)



Brusque



Jaraguá do Sul



Tijucas



Itajai (481,7 mm)



Joinville



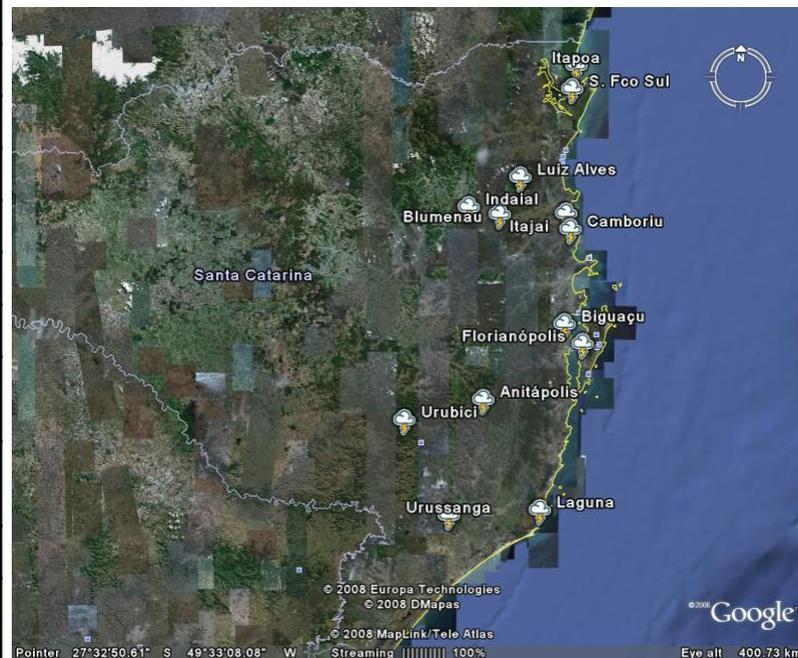
Itaquaru-Barra do Itapocu



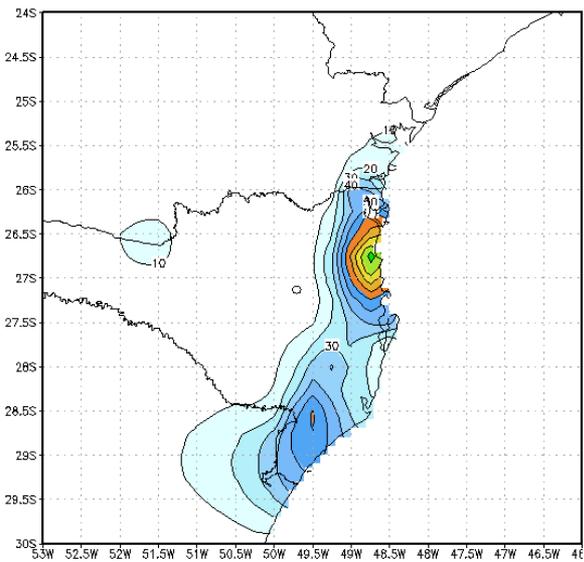
Camboriu (557,5 mm)



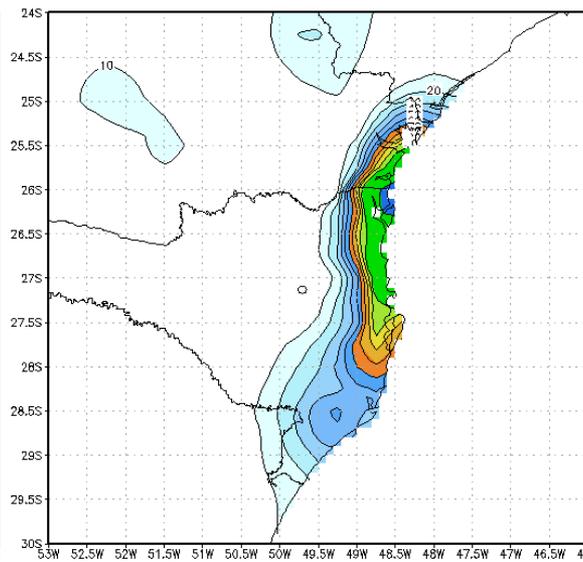
Municípios	Precipitação (mm)					
	21/11/08	22/11/08	23/11/08	24/11/08	25/11/08	Total
<u>LITORAL NORTE E MÉDIO VALE DO ITAJAÍ</u>						
Quiriri	30,4	50,8	81,99	2,4	38,2	203,8
Indaial	27,0	6,2	110,8	107,6	15,6	267,2
Blumenau	42,6	21,2	236,2	214,6	9,4	523,9
Itajaí	89,4	133,3	180,9	74,2	3,9	481,7
Luiz Alves	131,0	158,6	136,2	250	17,2	693,0
São Francisco do Sul	57,4	163,6	303,0	71,8	8,9	604,7
Balneário Camboriu	86,4	117,8	251,6	85,0	16,7	557,5
Itapoa		198,4	204,6	31,0	8,4	442,4
<u>GRANDE FLORIANÓPOLIS</u>						
São José	51,8	85,8	116,4	43,6	19,0	316,6
Águas Mornas	30,0	81,6		56,8	49,4	217,8
Florianópolis	25,9	61,2	128,9	53,7	25,0	294,7
Angelina	33,4	37,8	113,4	54,0	48,0	286,6
Anitápolis	25,6	47,4	90,1	51,6	19,3	234,0
Biguaçu	43,8	110,8	142,4	75,8	28,7	401,5



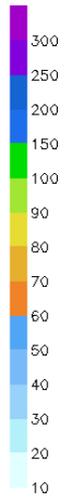
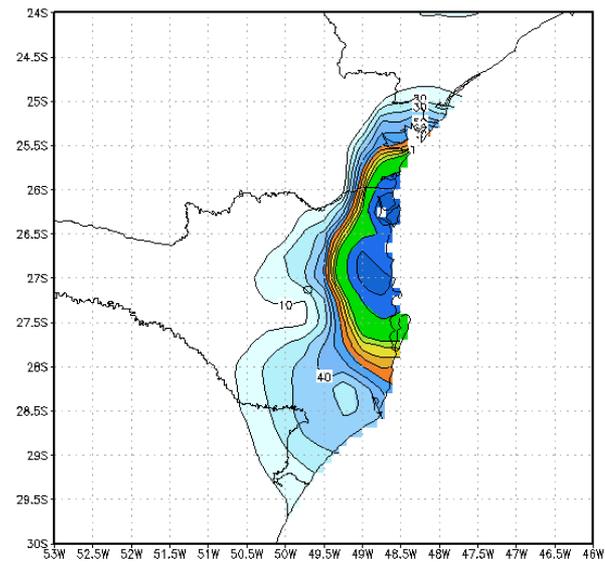
21/11/2008



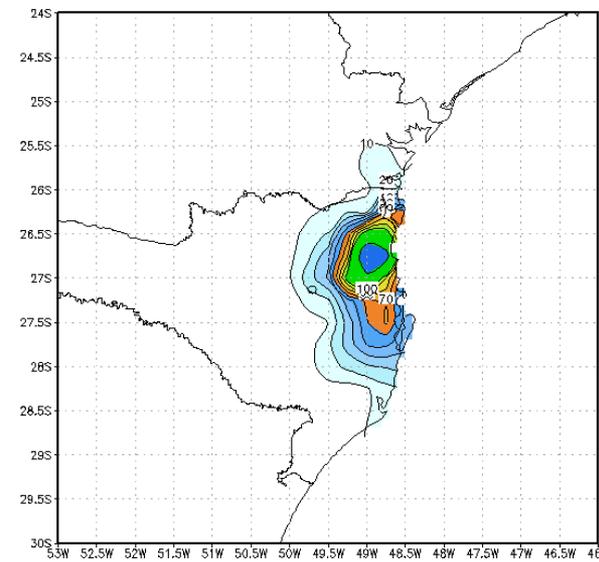
22/11/2008



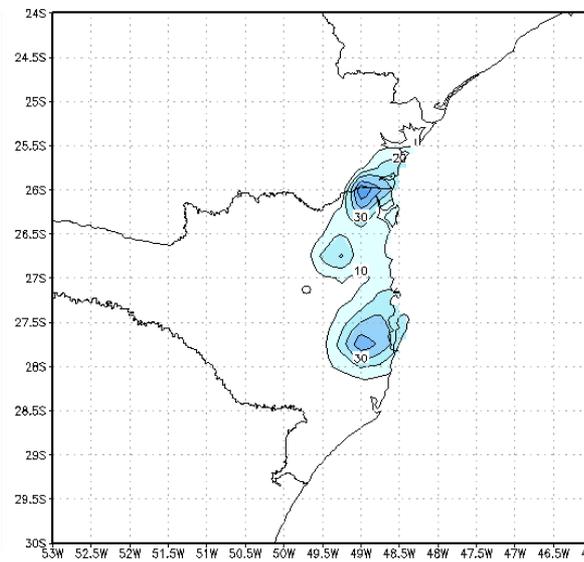
23/11/2008



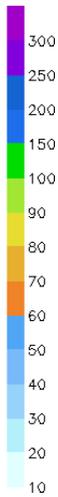
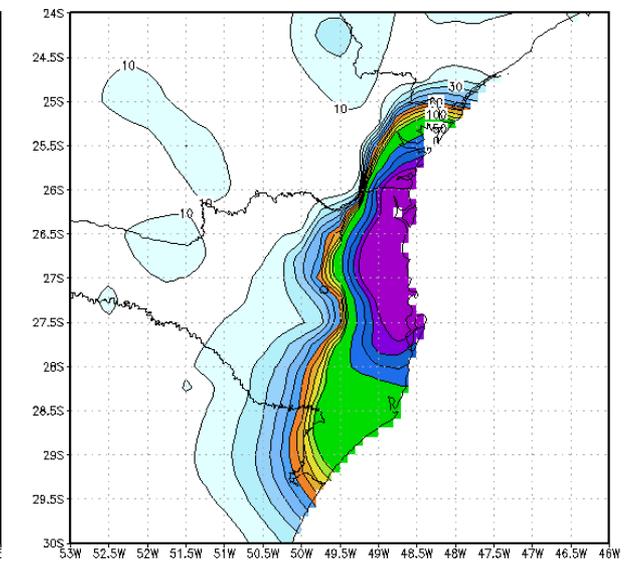
24/11/2008



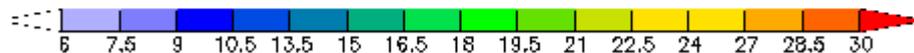
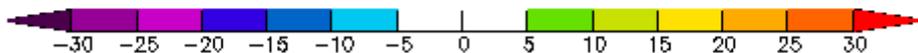
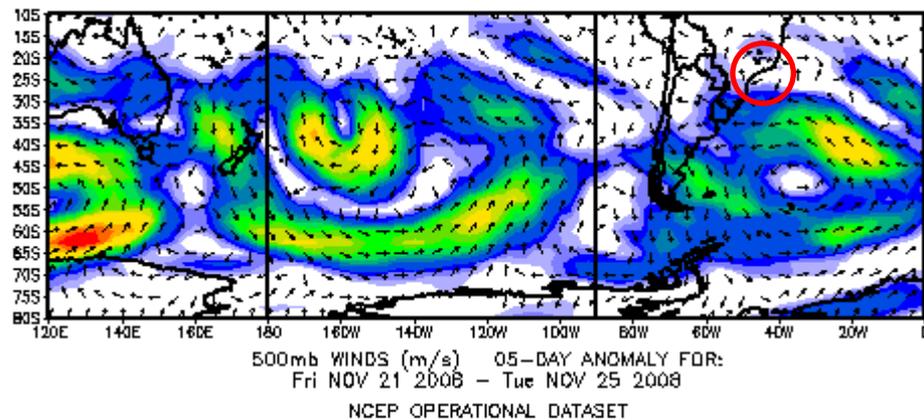
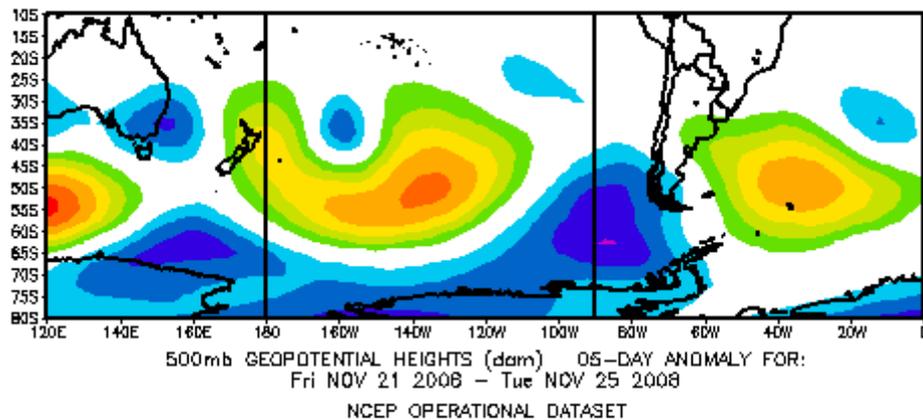
25/11/2008



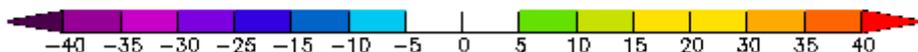
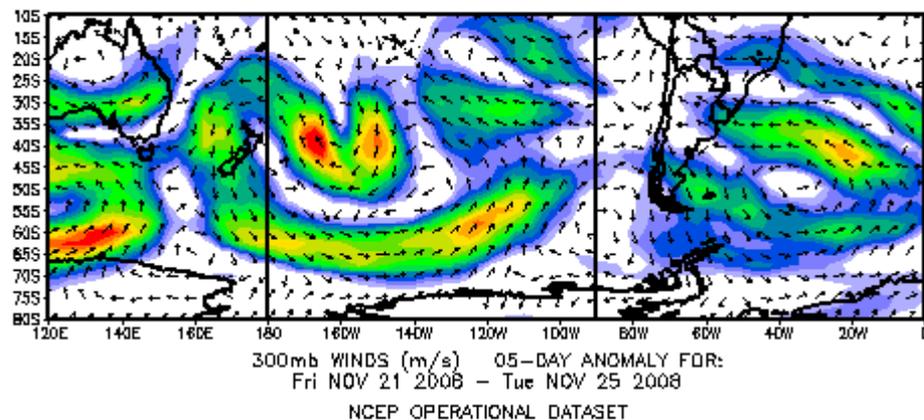
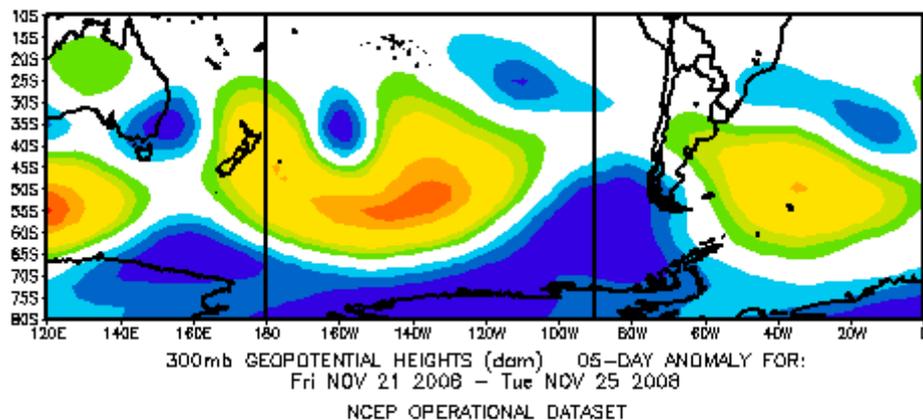
21 a 25/11/2008



Anomalias em 500 hPa – 21 a 25/11/2008



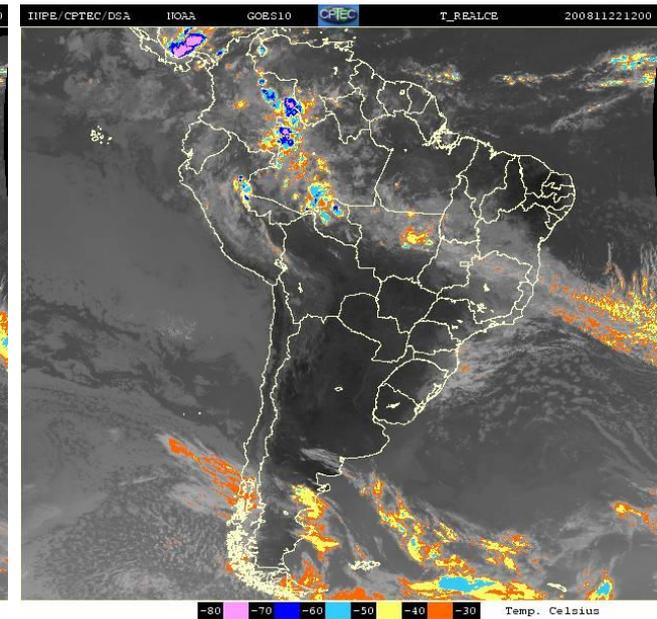
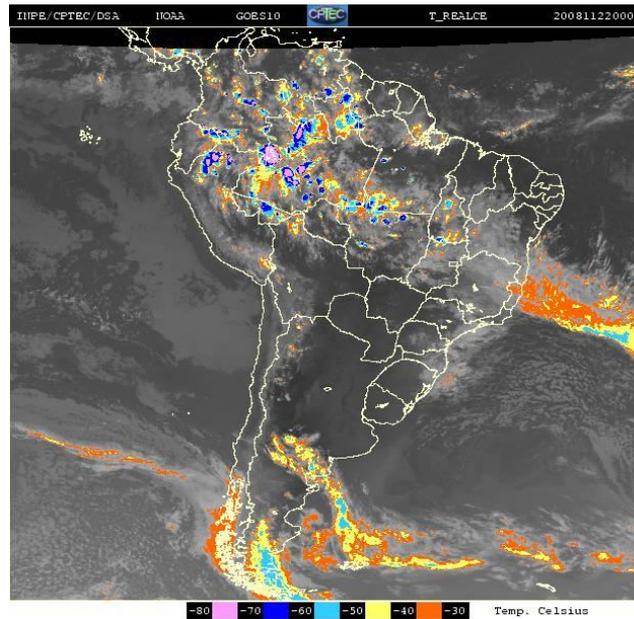
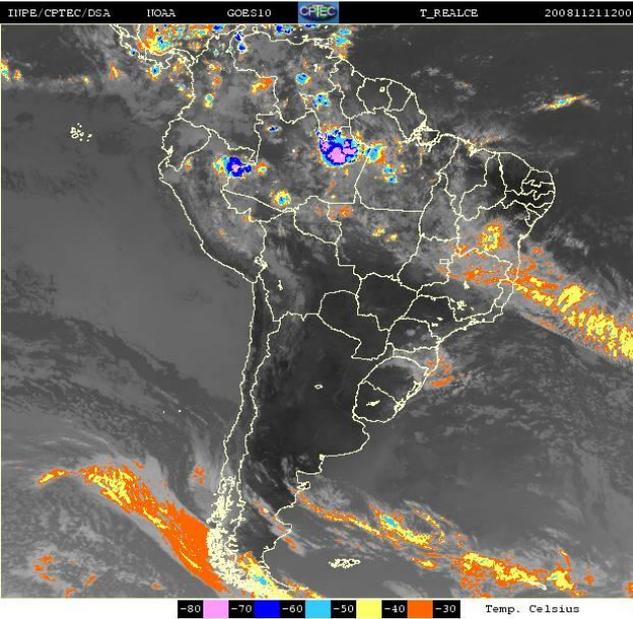
Anomalias em 300 hPa – 21 a 25/11/2008



21/11/08 – 12 Z

22/11/08 – 00 Z

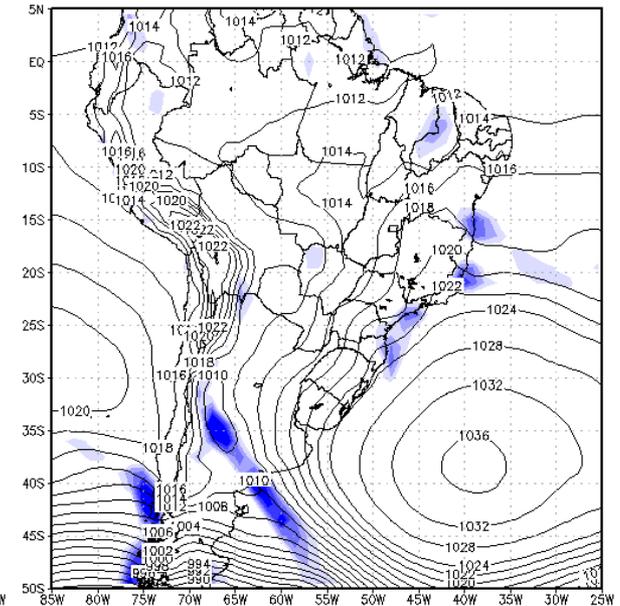
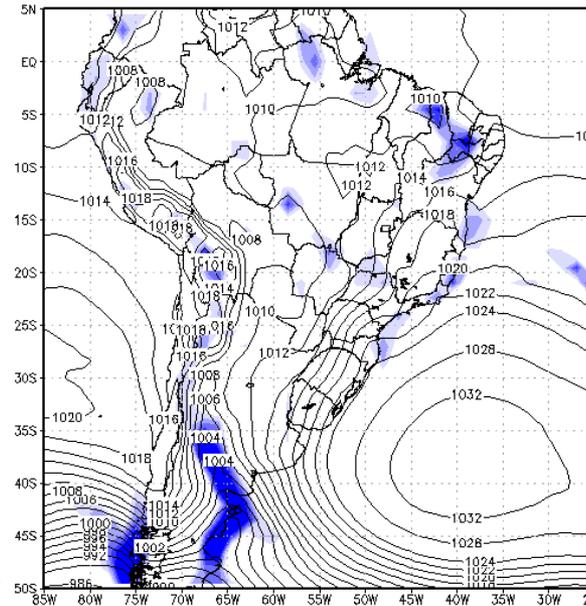
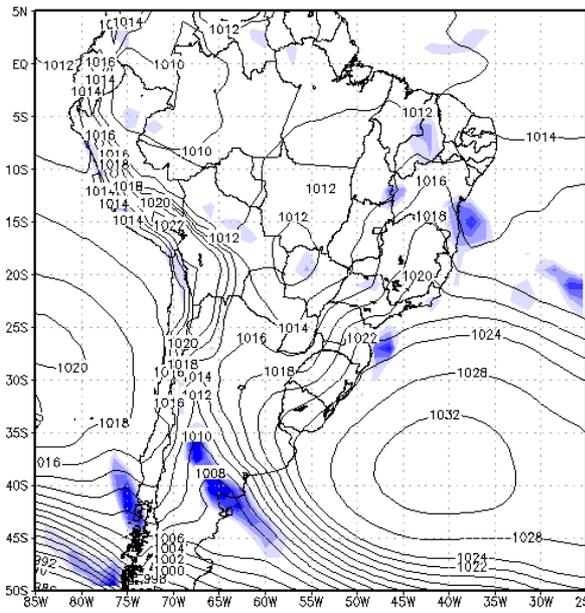
22/11/08 – 12 Z



21NOV2008 12Z

22NOV2008 00Z

22NOV2008 12Z

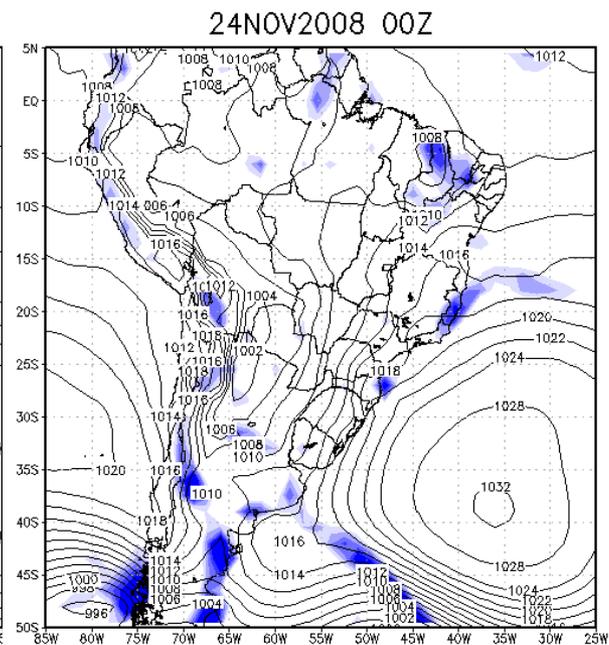
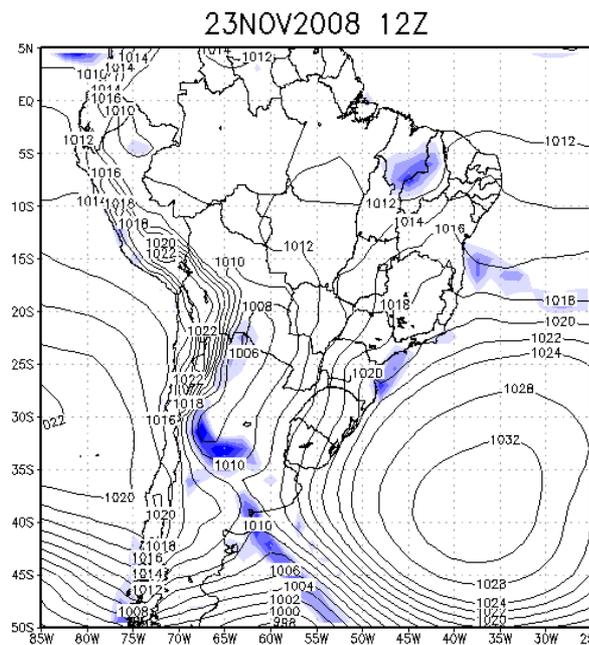
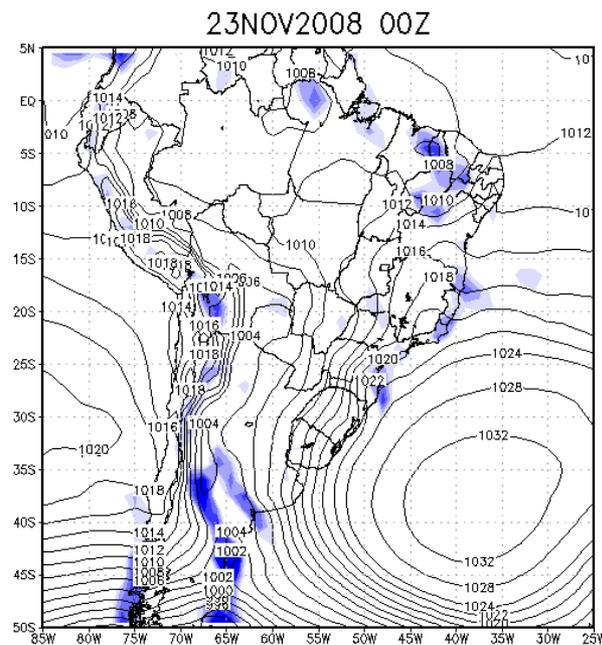
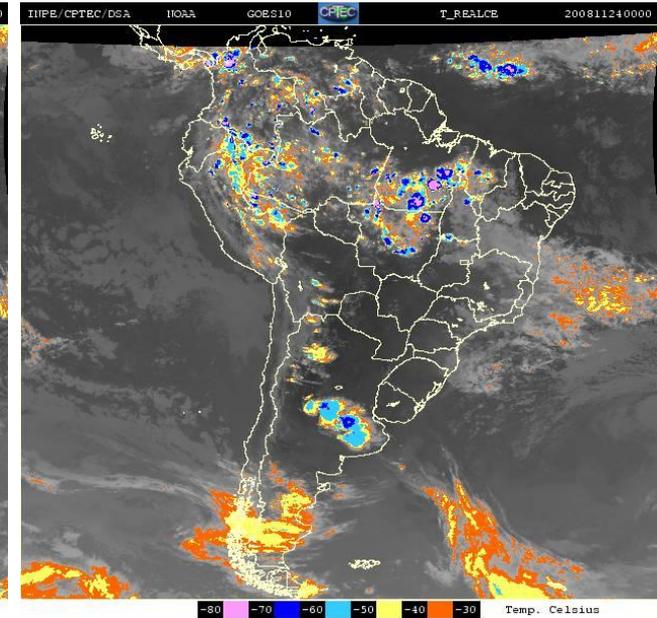
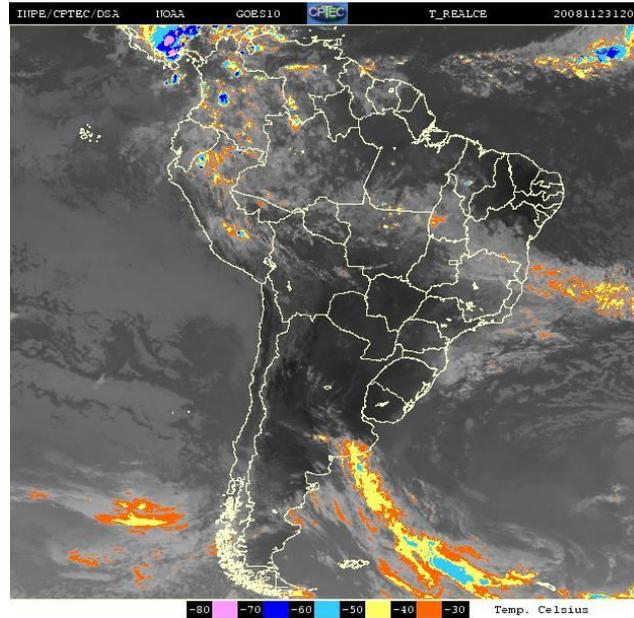
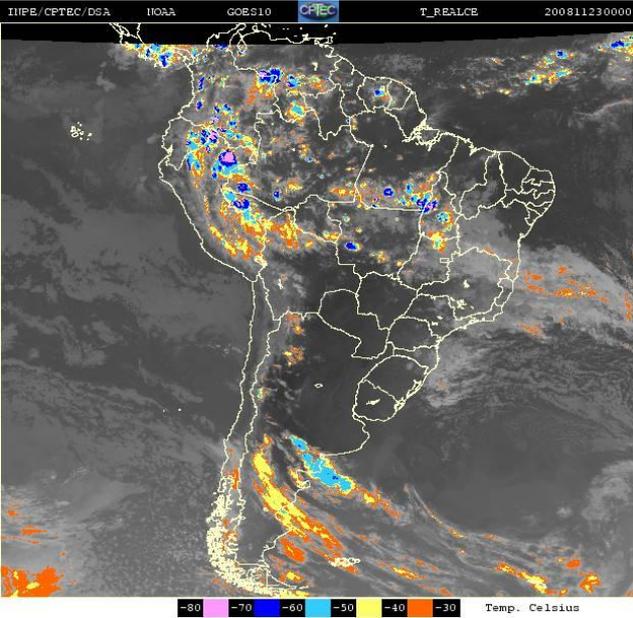


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento $\times 10^5$ (s^{-1})

23/11/08 – 00 Z

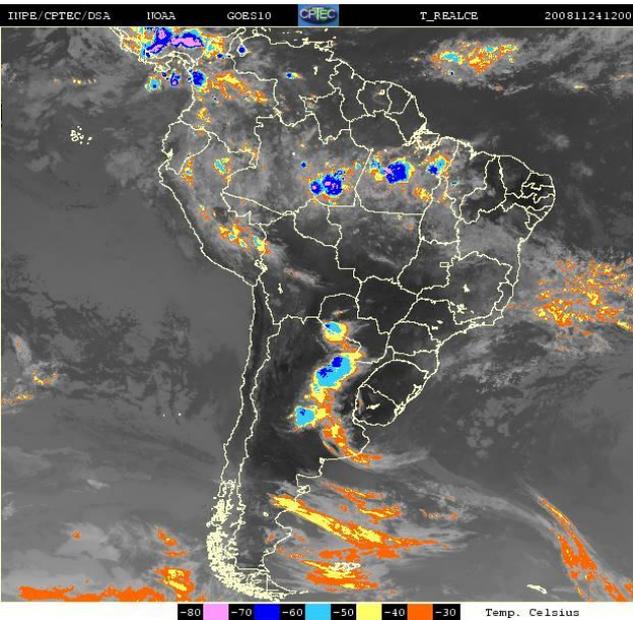
23/11/08 – 12 Z

24/11/08 – 00 Z

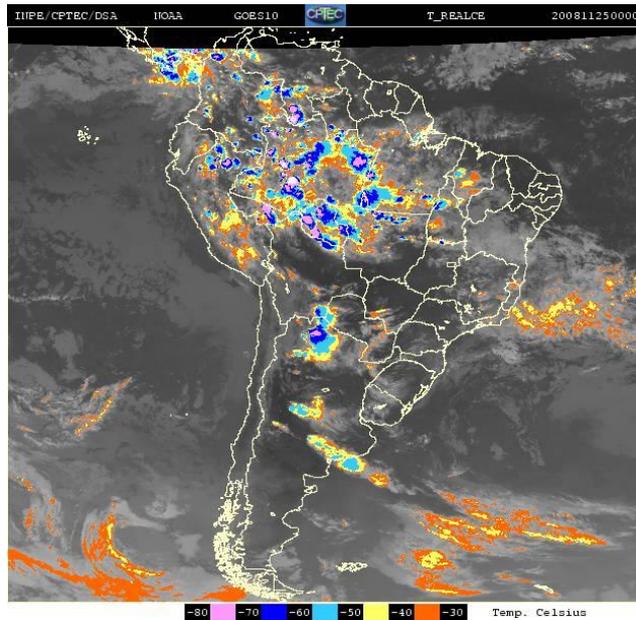


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

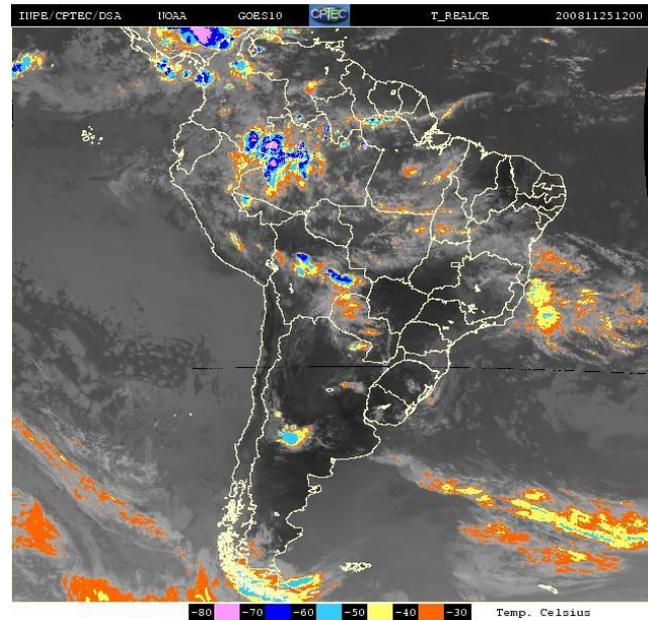
24/11/08 – 12 Z



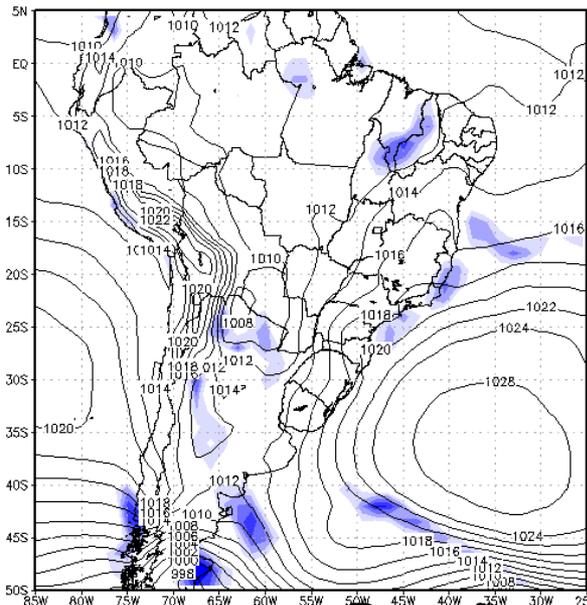
25/11/08 – 00 Z



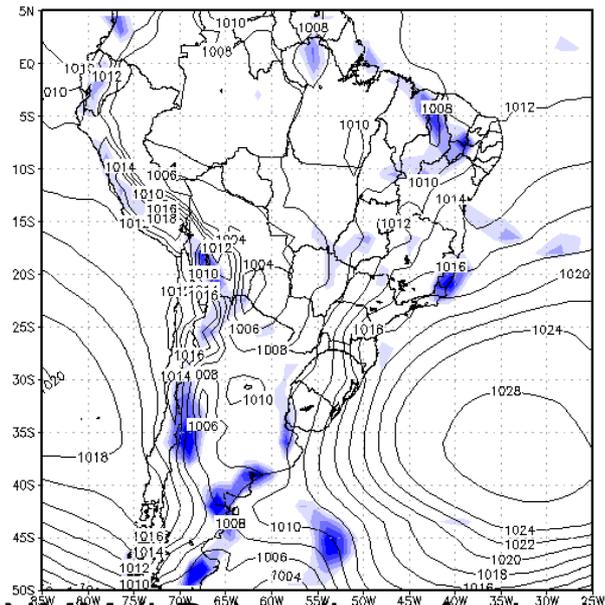
25/11/08 – 12 Z



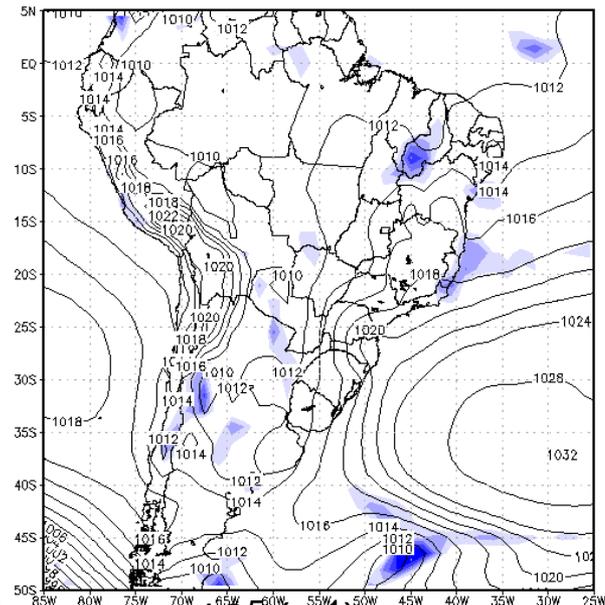
24NOV2008 12Z



25NOV2008 00Z

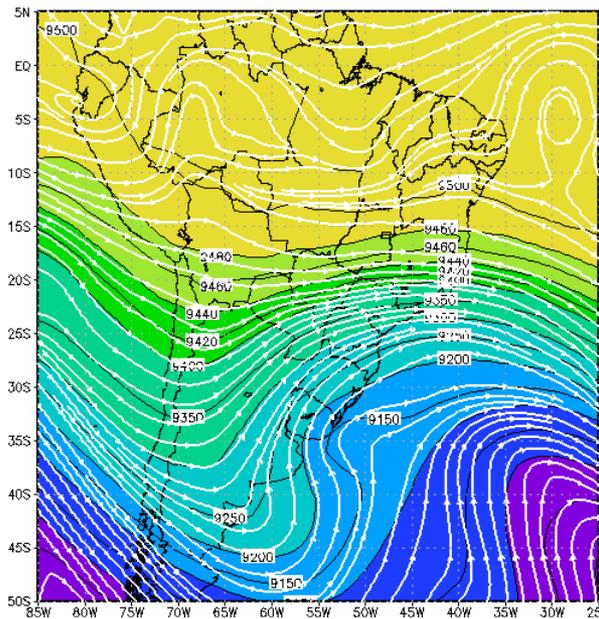


25NOV2008 12Z

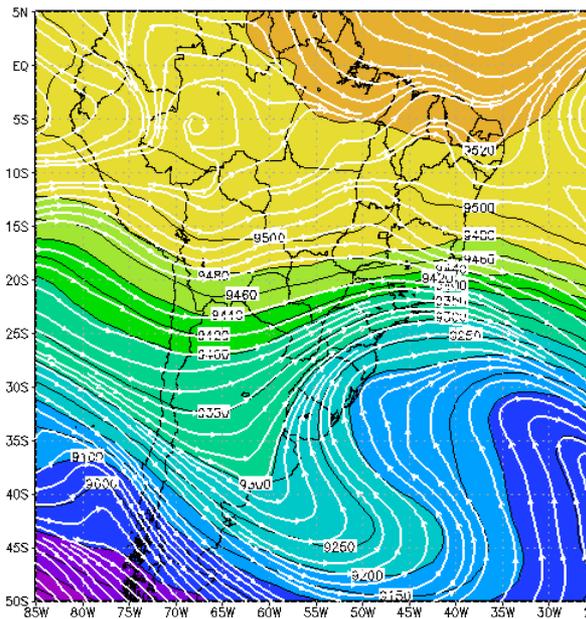


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

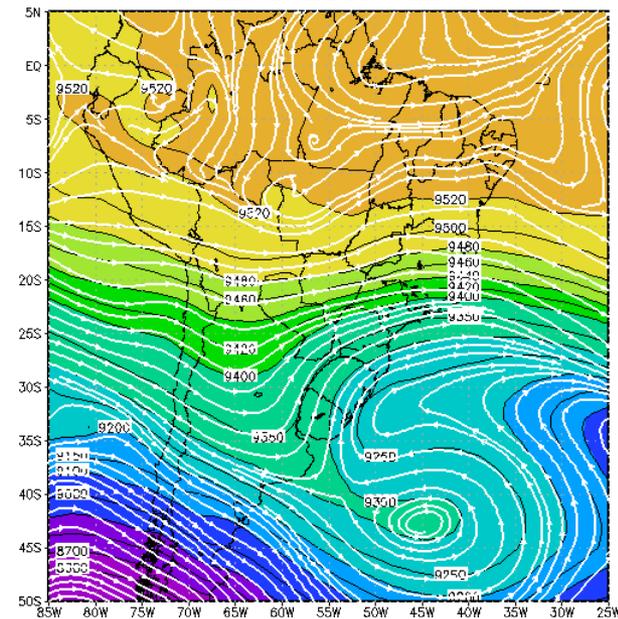
20NOV2008 12Z



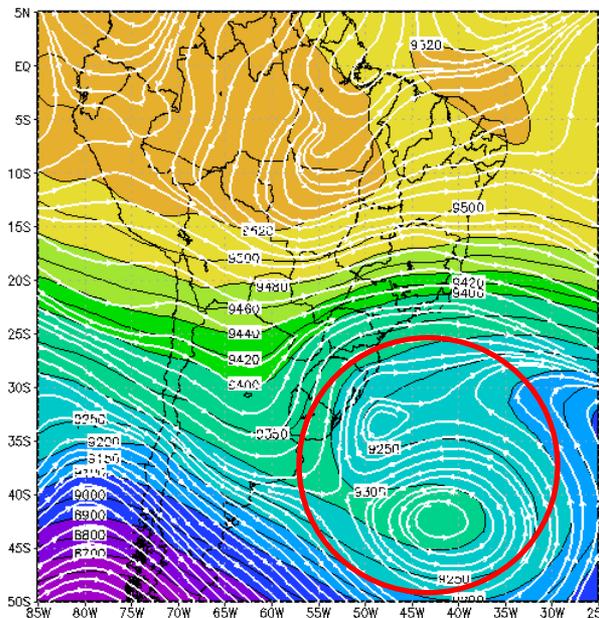
21NOV2008 12Z



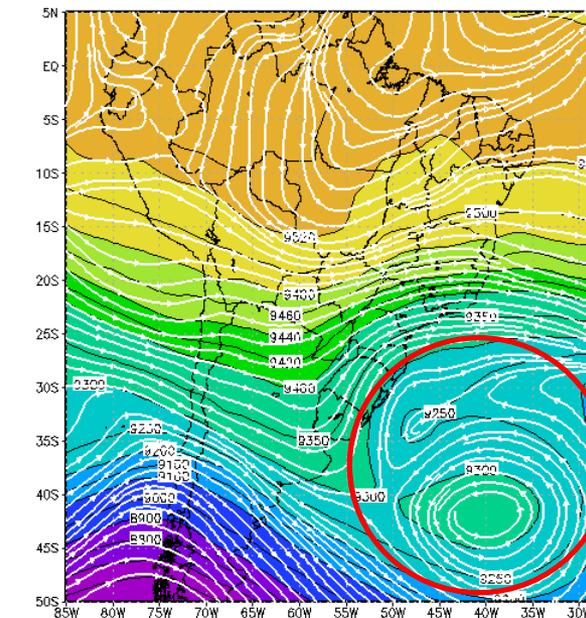
22NOV2008 12Z



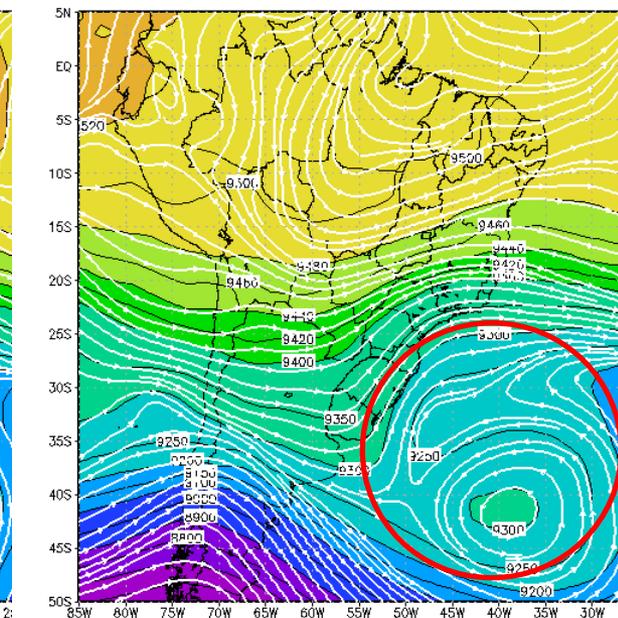
22NOV2008 18Z



23NOV2008 00Z

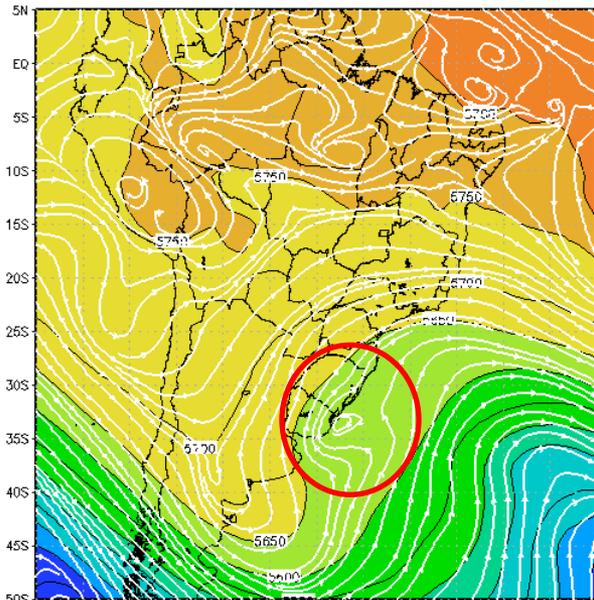


23NOV2008 06Z

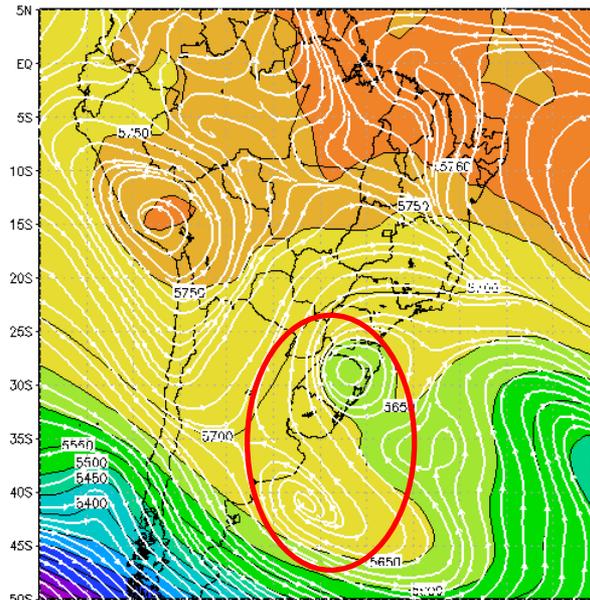


Altura geopotencial (m) e linhas de corrente em 300 hPa

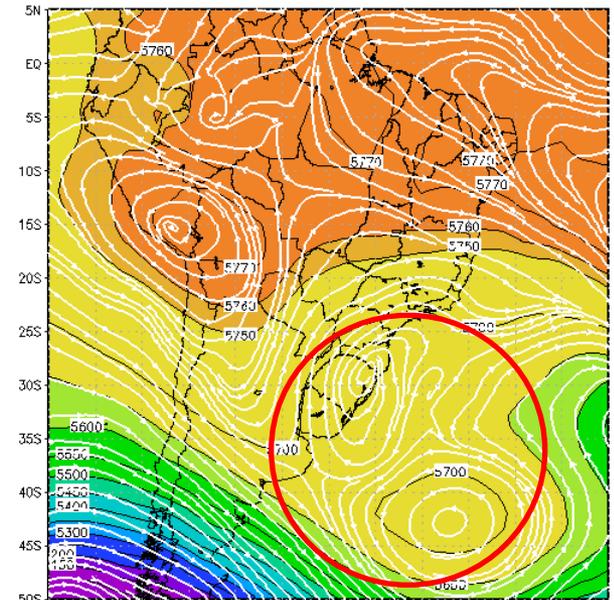
20NOV2008 12Z



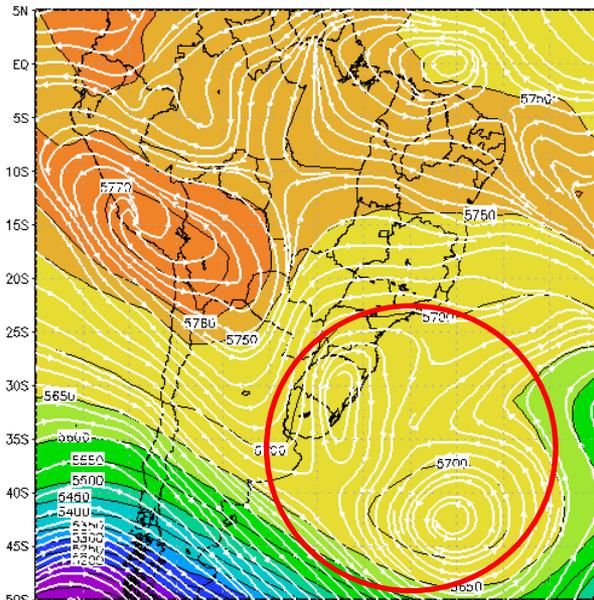
21NOV2008 12Z



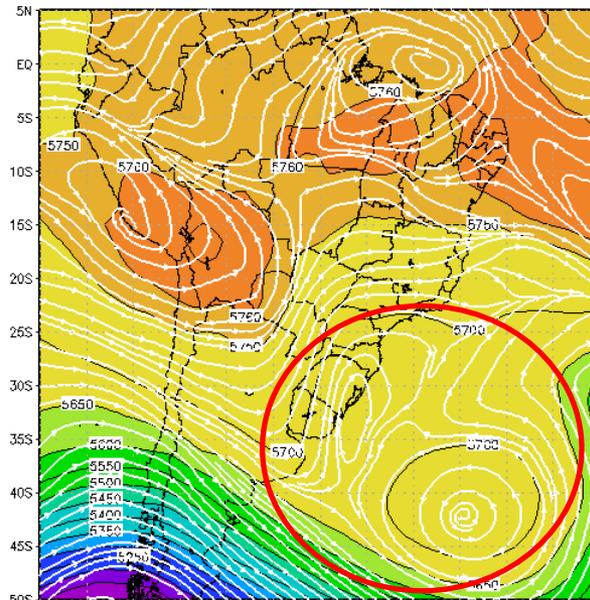
22NOV2008 12Z



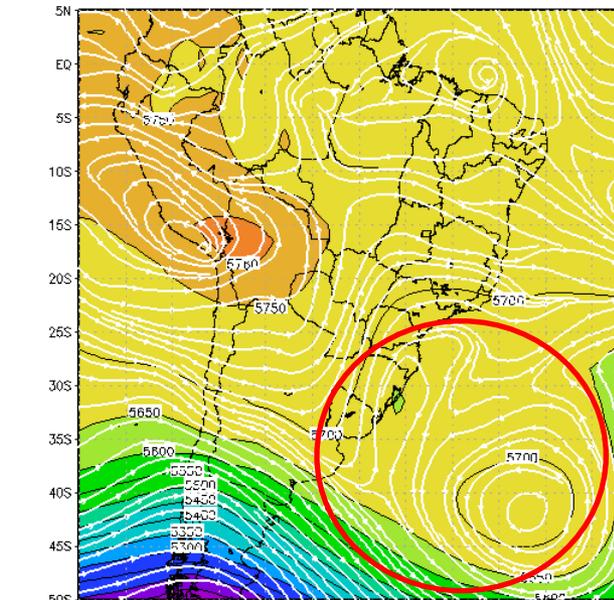
22NOV2008 18Z



23NOV2008 00Z

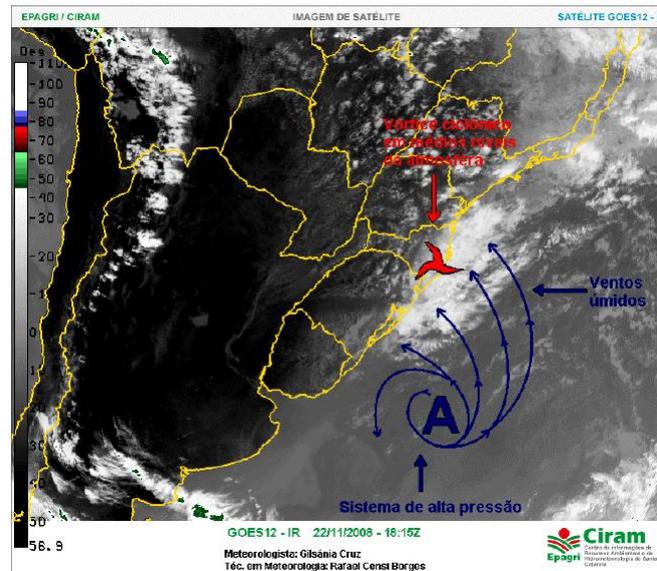
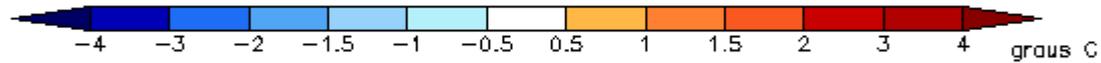
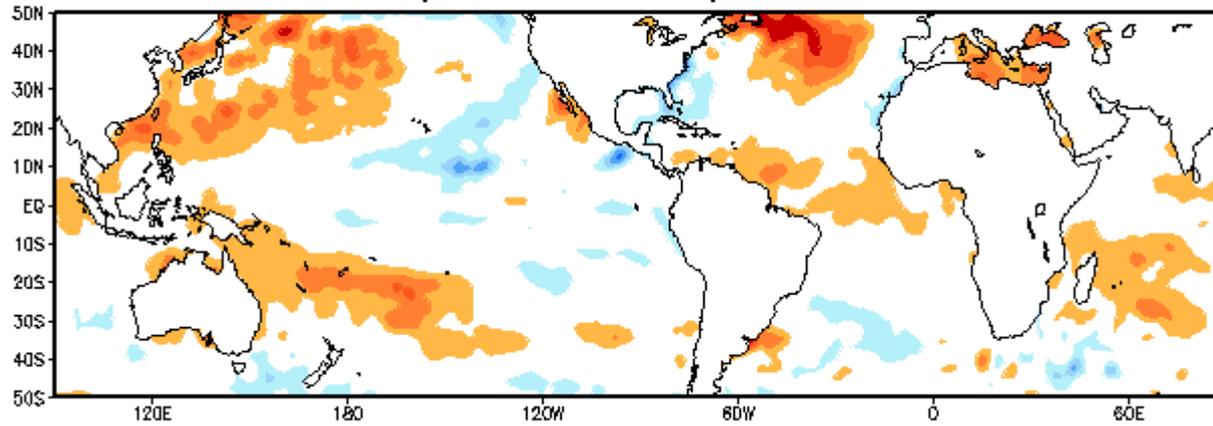


23NOV2008 06Z

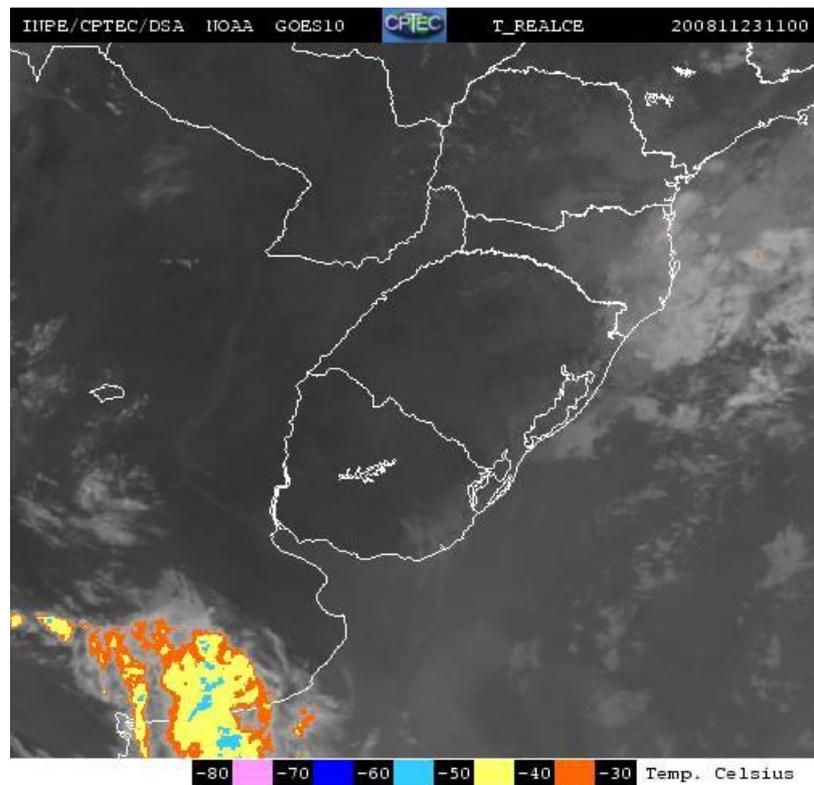
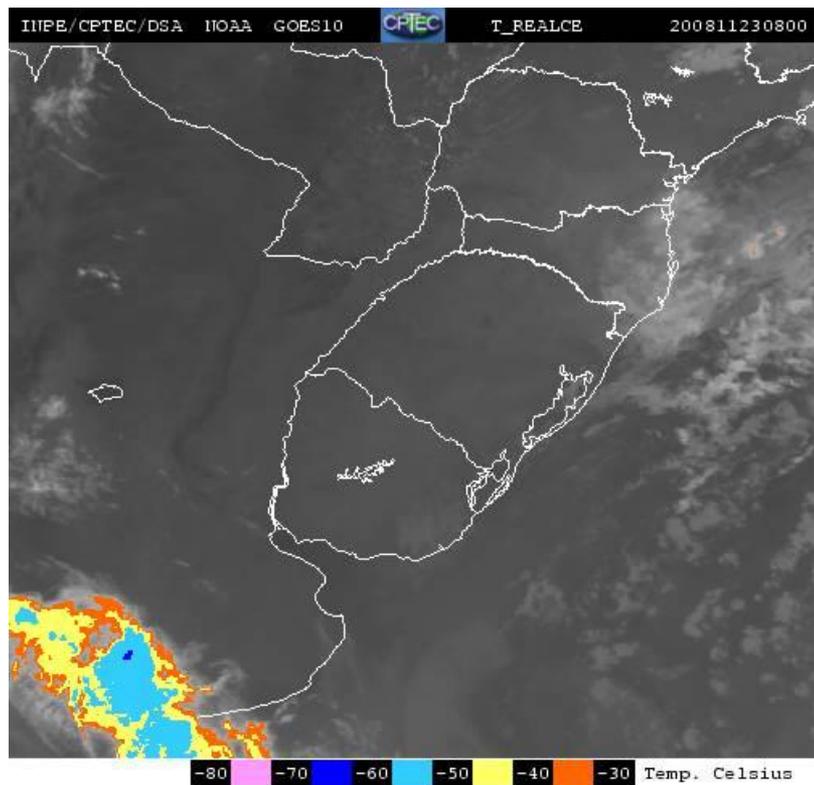
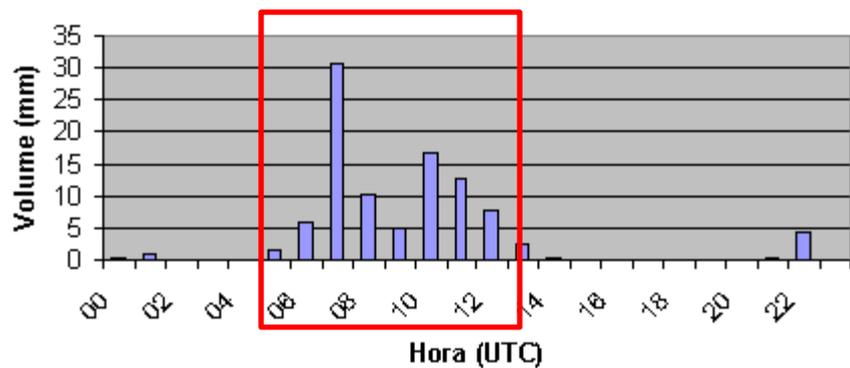


Altura geopotencial (mgp) e Linhas de corrente em 500 hPa

Anomalia de Temperatura da Superfície do Mar NOV2008



Instituto Nacional de Meteorologia-INMET
chuva dia 23/11/2008 em Itapoá-SC



Resumo

- O evento de chuvas intensas ocorrido no leste de Santa Catarina entre 21 e 25/11/2008 foi provocado pela atuação de um bloqueio atmosférico na região:
 - Em superfície a alta do bloqueio foi responsável pelo aumento da intensidade dos ventos que atingiam perpendicularmente a costa, aumentando assim a convergência de umidade e a precipitação no litoral.
 - O vórtice ciclônico de núcleo frio (configurado entre 700 e 300 hPa), também associado ao bloqueio atmosférico do tipo dipolo, intensificou o movimento ascendente do ar. O contraste entre as elevadas temperaturas nos baixos níveis com o ar frio acima, pode ter colaborado para acentuar a instabilidade atmosférica
 - ATSMs positivas foram observadas no Oceano Atlântico durante o mês de novembro/2010
 - As chuvas atingiram 303,0 mm (dia 23/11) em São Francisco do Sul.

2) Litoral Rio de Janeiro/ Vale do Paraíba janeiro 2010

Histórico

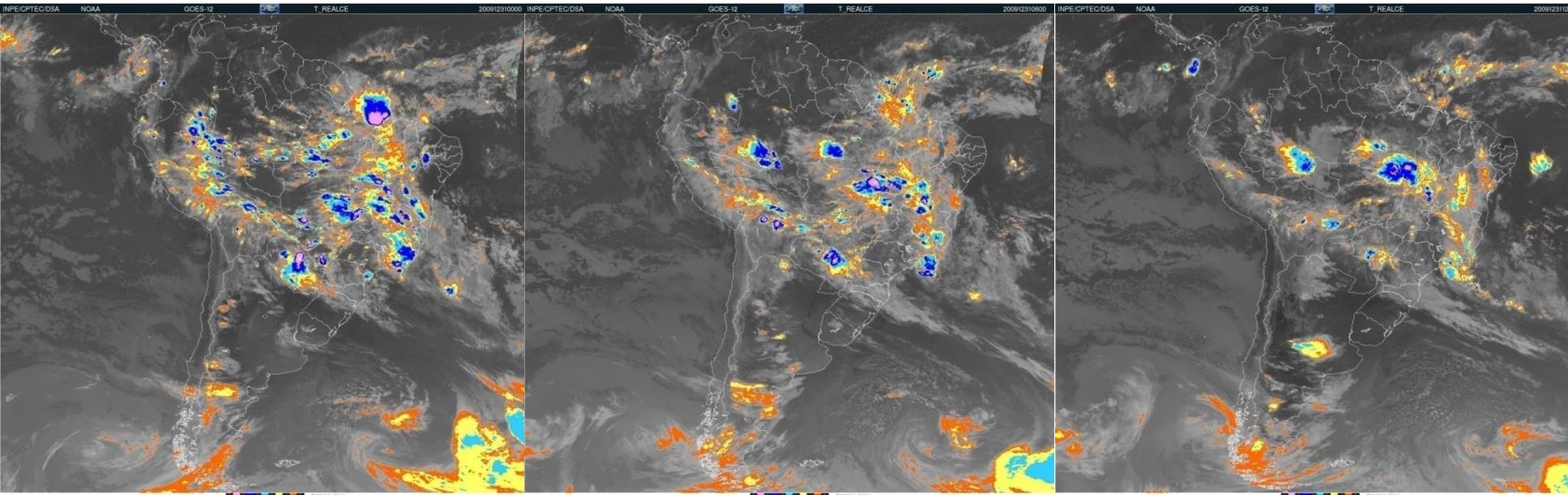
- No Réveillon de 2010 (entre 31/12 e 01/01/10) o sul do Estado do RJ foi atingido por chuvas fortes. Na Ilha Grande um deslizamento de terra destruiu uma pousada, 4 residências de moradores e 3 casas de veraneio. Entre Angra dos Reis e Paraty ocorreram 5 deslizamentos de terra. Até a manhã do dia 02/01 foram registradas 57 mortes em dois eventos de deslizamento, um na Ilha Grande e outro na parte continental de Angra dos Reis. Total pluviométrico: 142,9 mm
- Na Região do Vale do Paraíba (SP) ocorreram enchentes em Guaratinguetá, Aparecida, São Luiz do Paraitinga e Cunha. Cinco pessoas morreram em Cunha soterradas após deslizamento de terra.
- Em MG, 92 municípios afetados por enchentes, vendavais, deslizamentos de terra



31/12/09 – 00 Z

31/12/09 – 06 Z

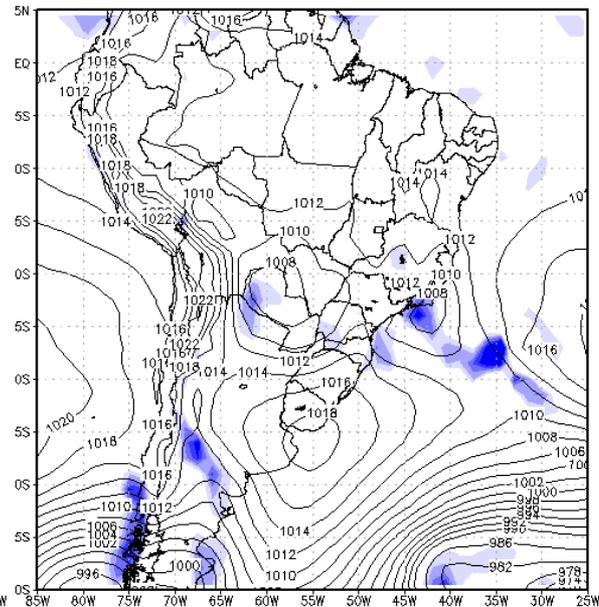
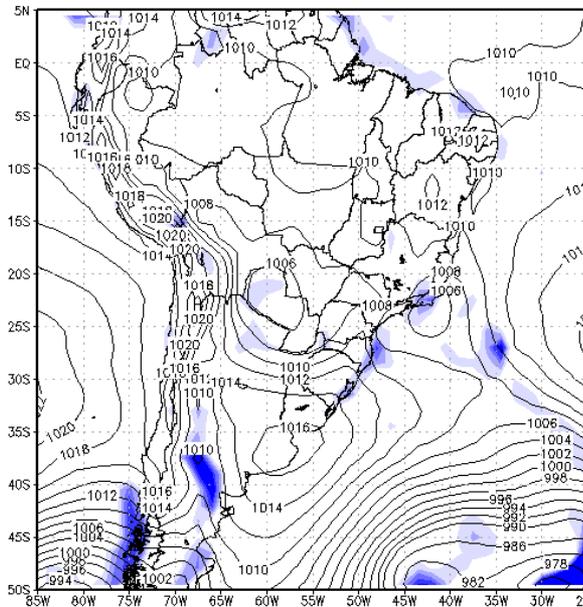
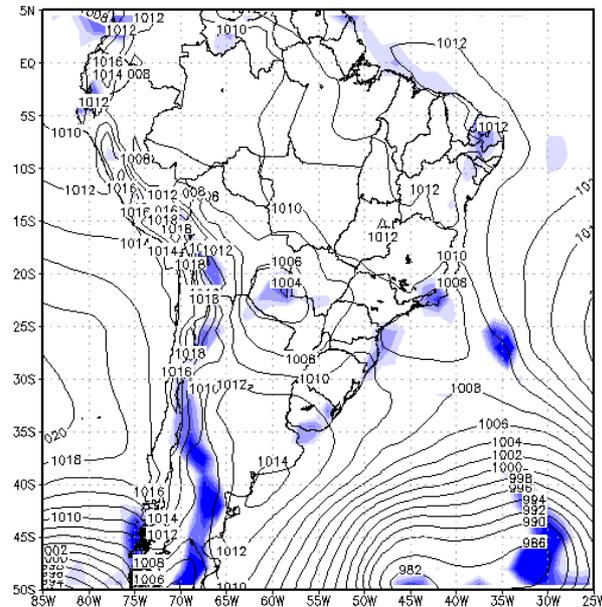
31/12/09 – 12 Z



31DEC2009 00Z

31DEC2009 06Z

31DEC2009 12Z

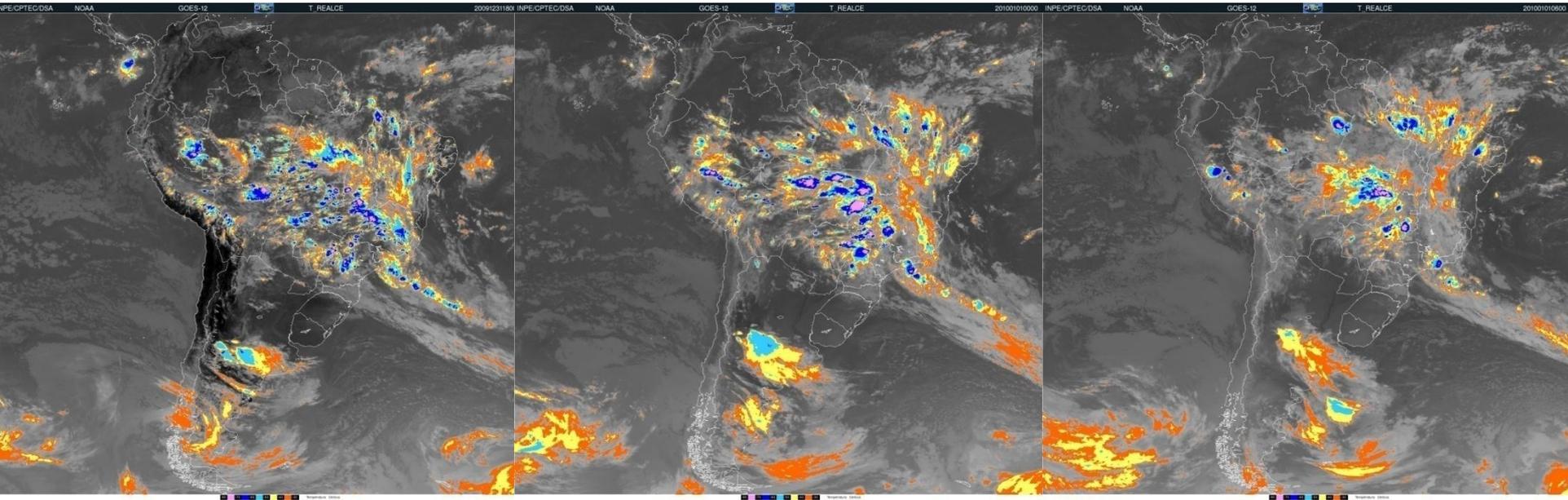


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10^5 (s^{-1})

31/12/09 – 18 Z

01/01/10 – 00 Z

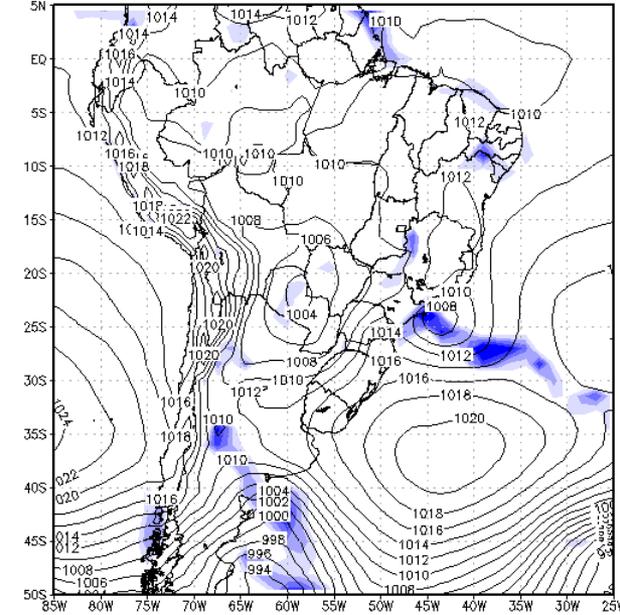
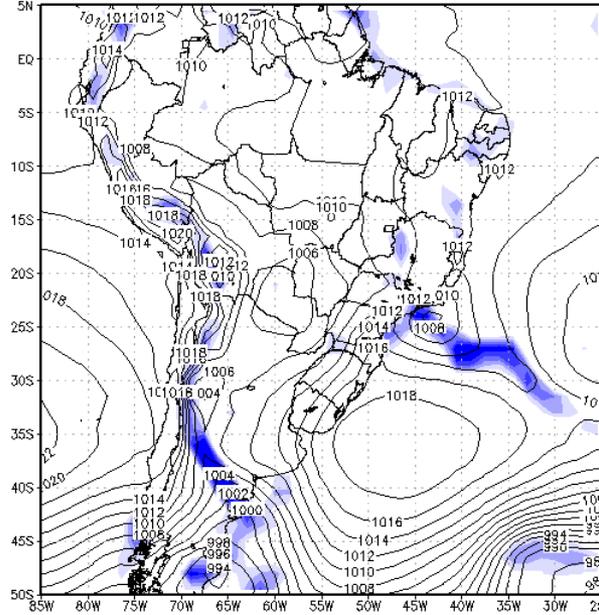
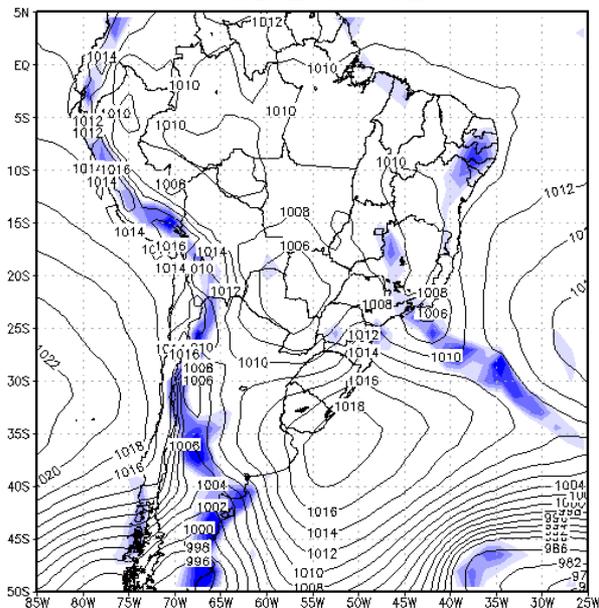
01/01/10 – 06 Z



31DEC2009 18Z

01JAN2010 00Z

01JAN2010 06Z

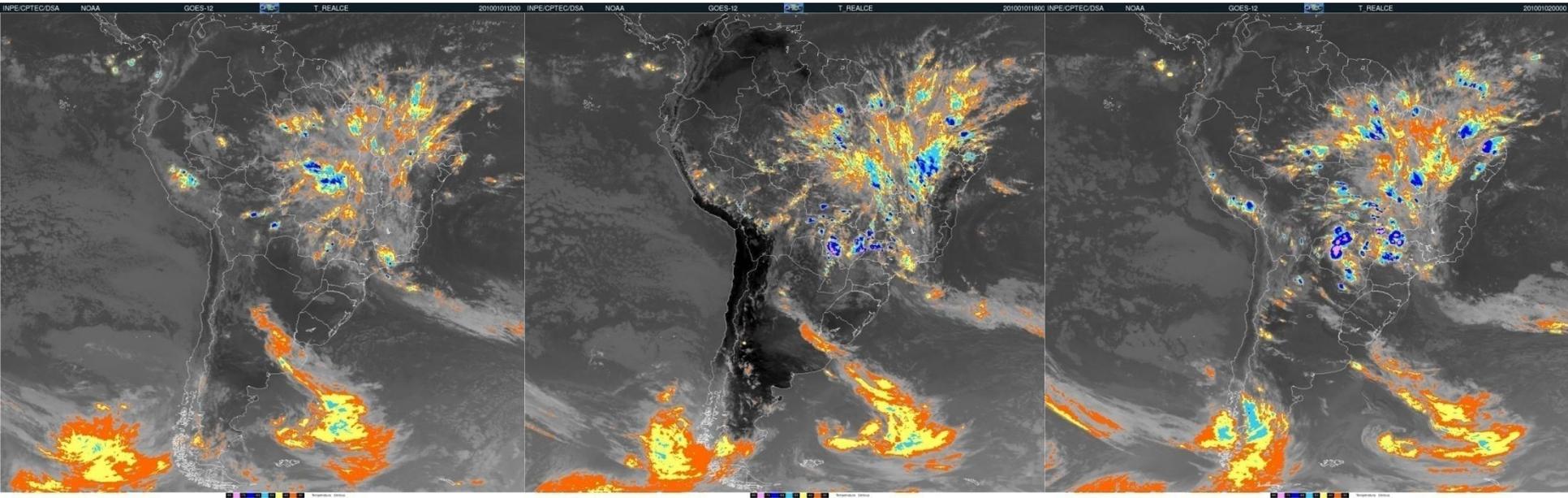


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento $\times 10^5$ (s⁻¹)

01/01/10 – 12 Z

01/01/10 – 18 Z

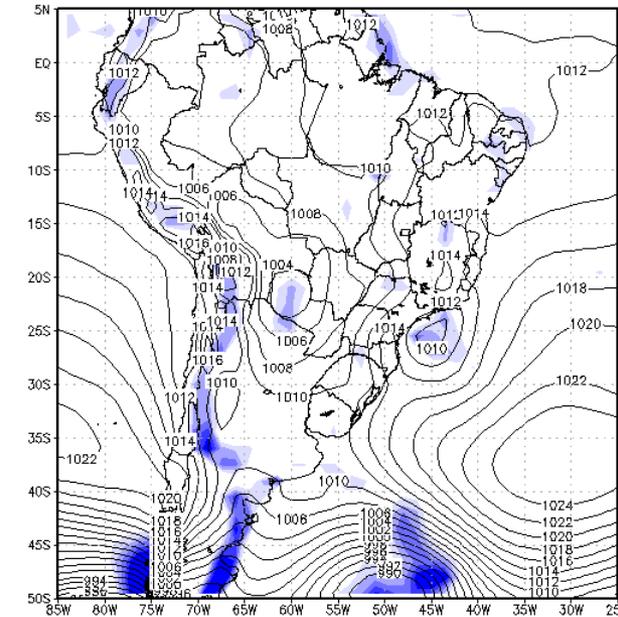
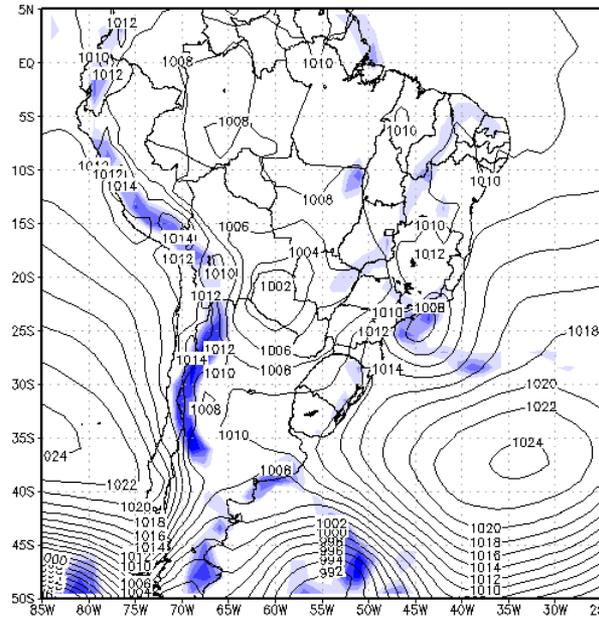
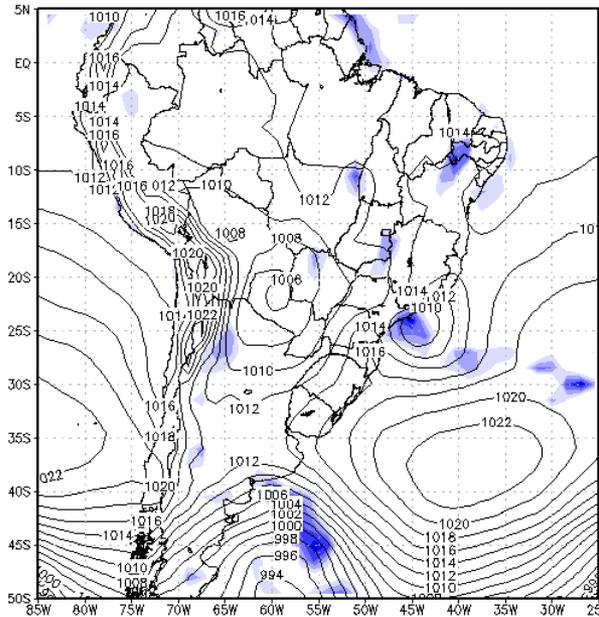
02/01/10 – 00 Z



01JAN2010 12Z

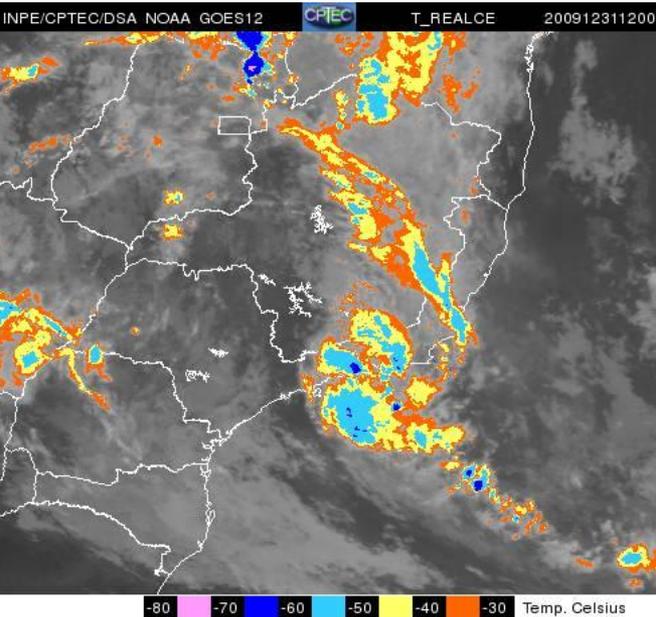
01JAN2010 18Z

02JAN2010 00Z

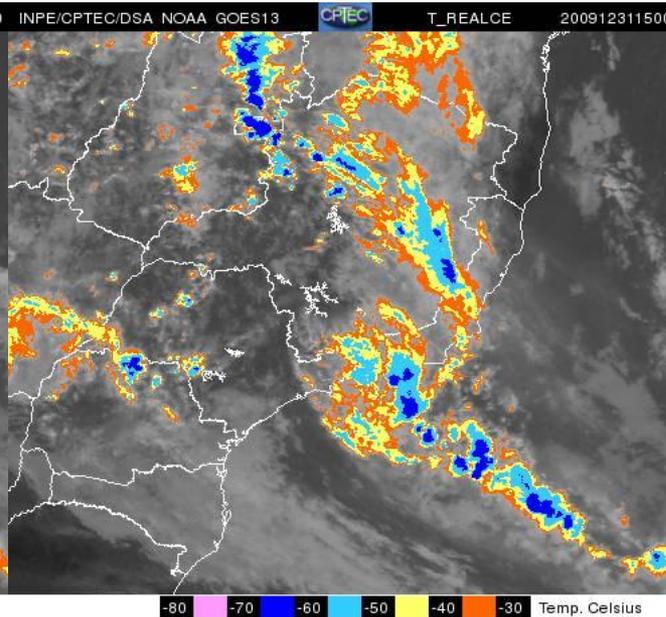


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento $\times 10^5$ (s⁻¹)

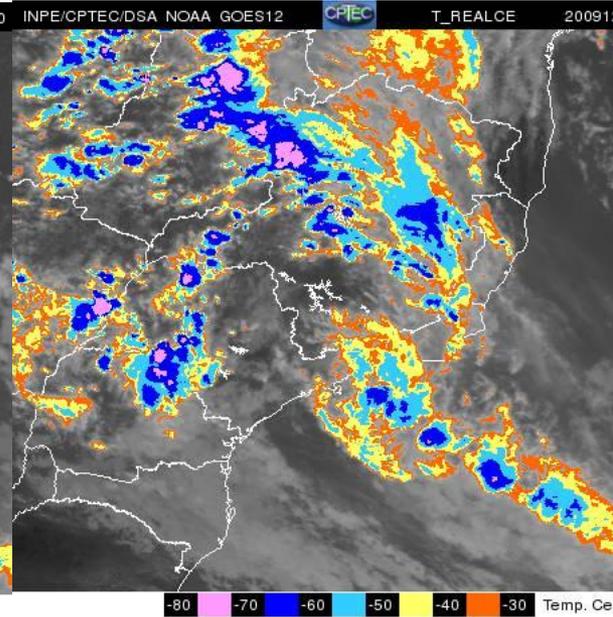
31/12/09 – 12 Z



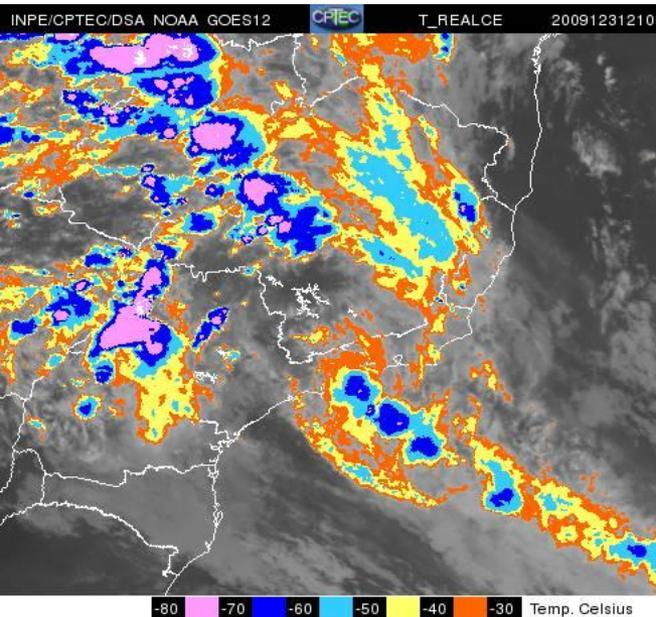
31/12/09 – 15 Z



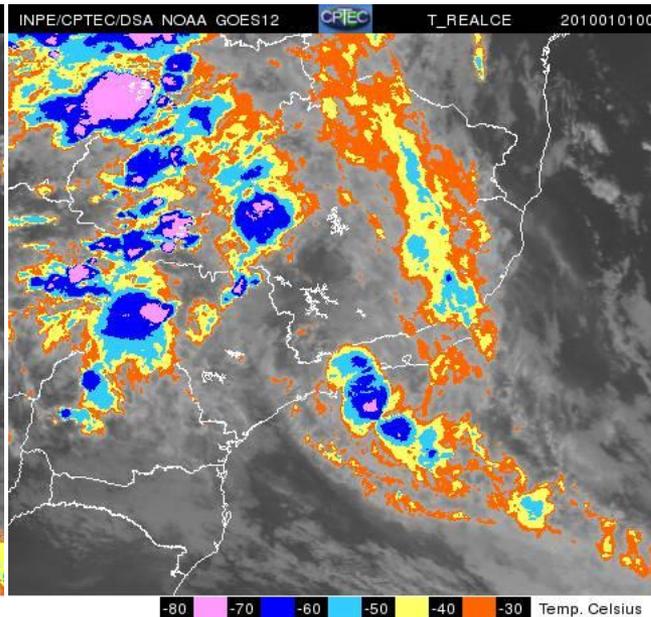
31/12/09 – 18 Z



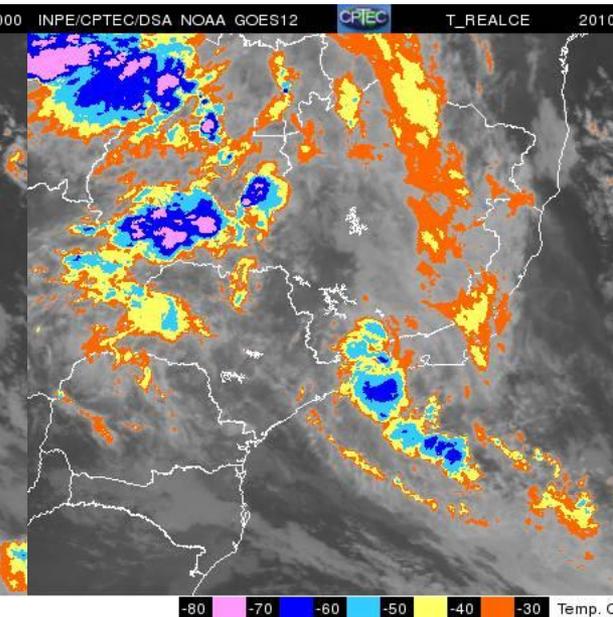
31/12/09 – 21 Z



01/01/10 – 00 Z



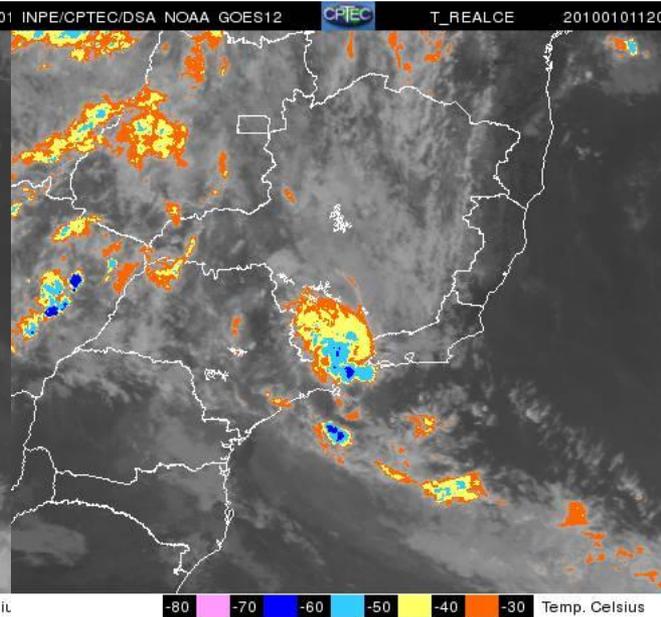
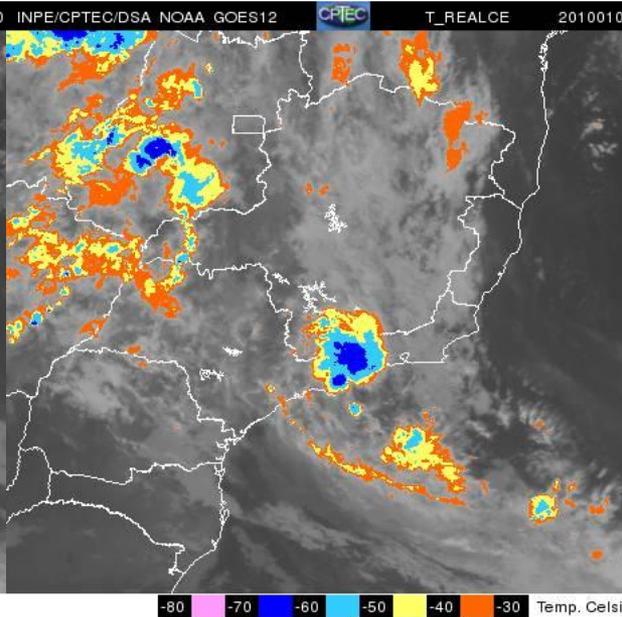
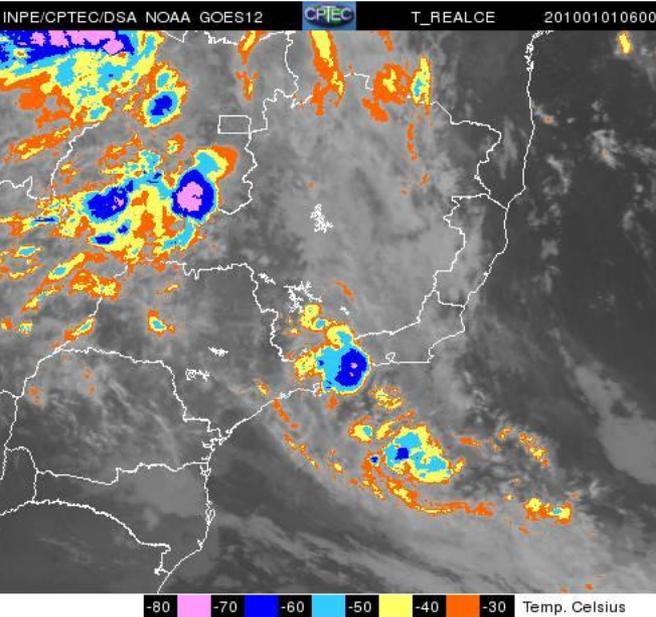
01/01/10 – 03 Z



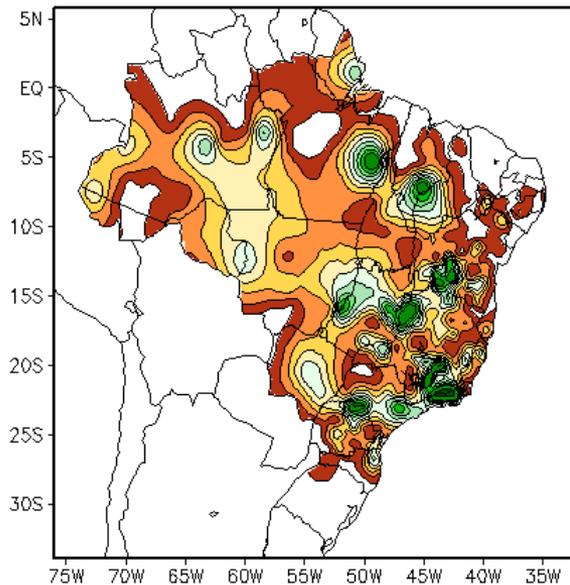
01/01/10 – 06 Z

01/01/10 – 09 Z

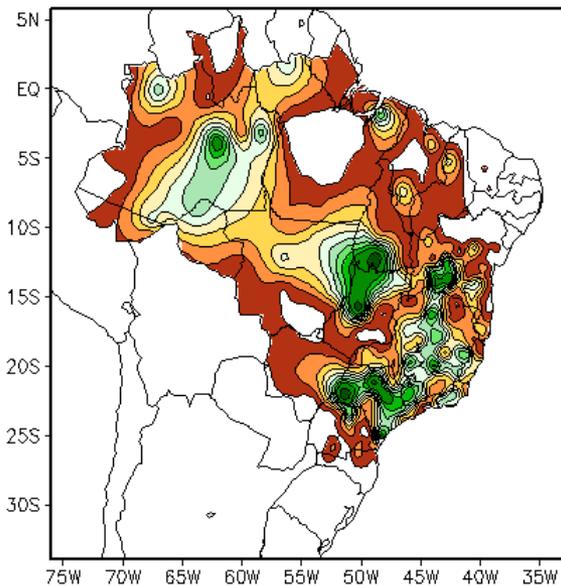
01/01/10 – 12 Z



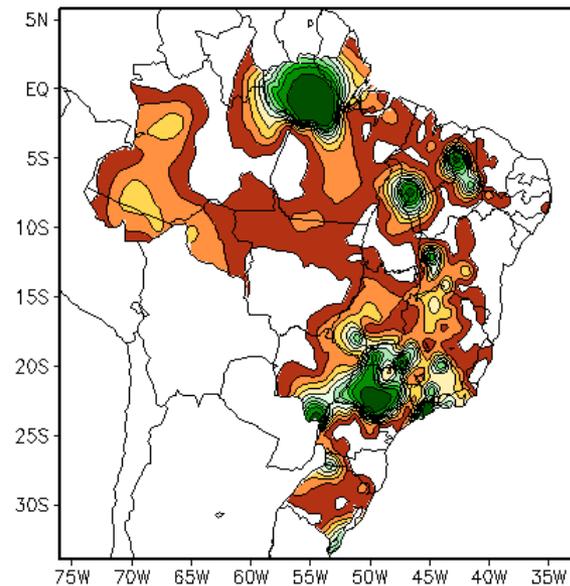
Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 28/12/2009



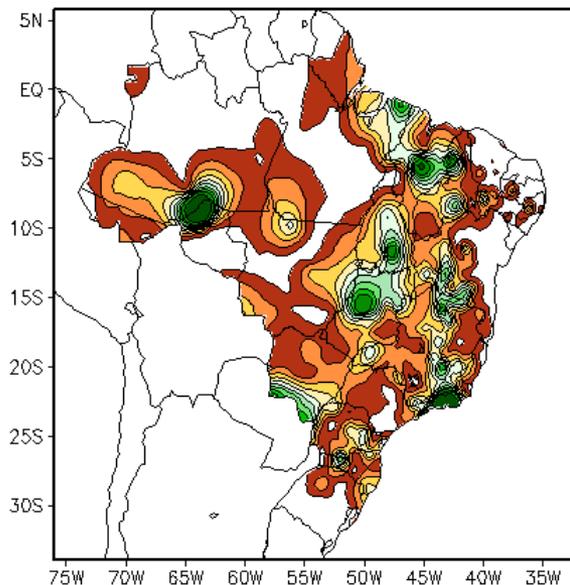
Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 29/12/2009



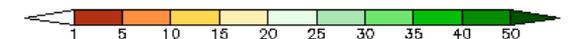
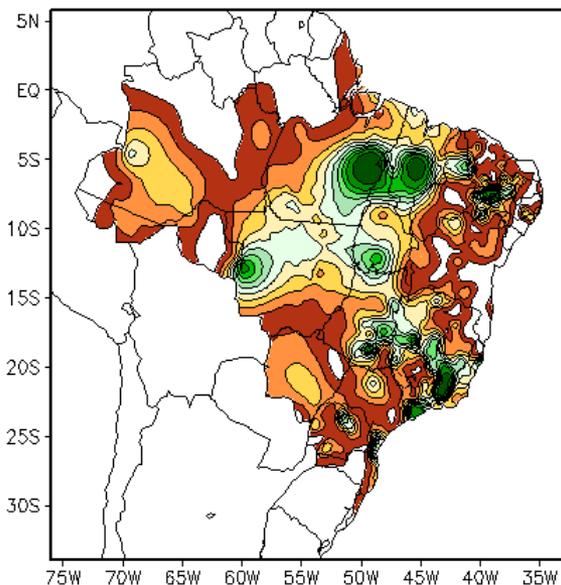
Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 30/12/2009



Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 31/12/2009



Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 01/01/2010

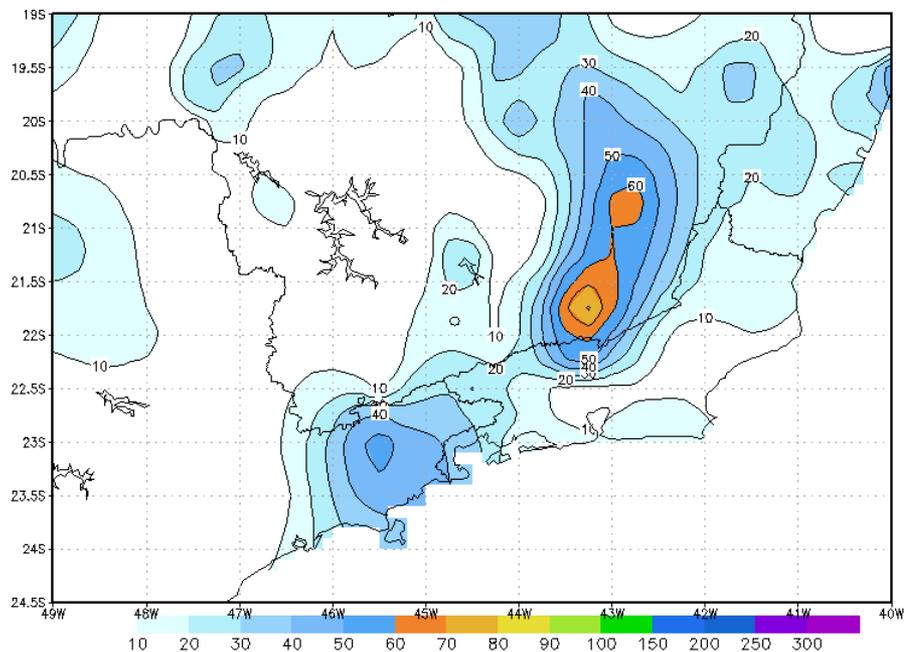


Fontes de dados: CPTEC/INPE INMET FUNCEME/CE AESA/PB
 EMPARN/RN ITEP/LAMEPE/PE FUNCEME/CE DHME/PI CMRH/SE SEMARH/DHN/
 SEMARH/BA CEMIG-SIMGE/MG SEAG/ES SIMEPAR/PR CIRAM/SC IAC/SP

Fontes de dados: CPTEC/INPE INMET FUNCEME/CE AESA/PB
 EMPARN/RN ITEP/LAMEPE/PE FUNCEME/CE DHME/PI CMRH/SE SEMARH/DHN/
 SEMARH/BA CEMIG-SIMGE/MG SEAG/ES SIMEPAR/PR CIRAM/SC IAC/SP

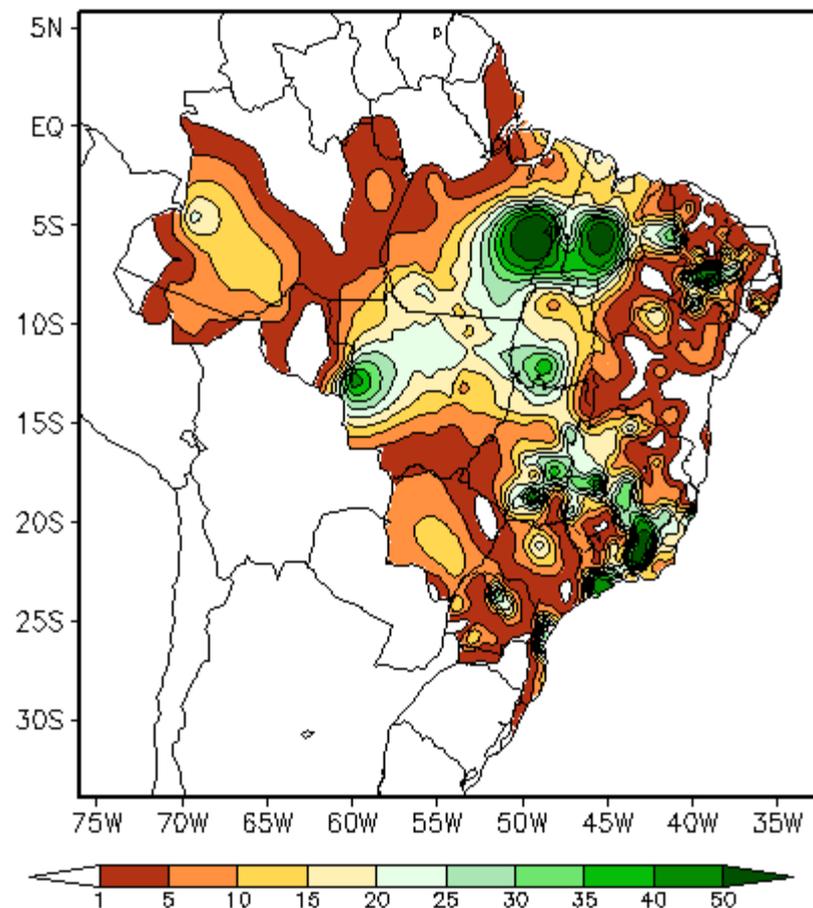
Fontes de dados: CPTEC/INPE INMET FUNCEME/CE AESA/PB
 EMPARN/RN ITEP/LAMEPE/PE FUNCEME/CE DHME/PI CMRH/SE SEMARH/DHN/
 SEMARH/BA CEMIG-SIMGE/MG SEAG/ES SIMEPAR/PR CIRAM/SC IAC/SP

Chuva - 01/01/2010



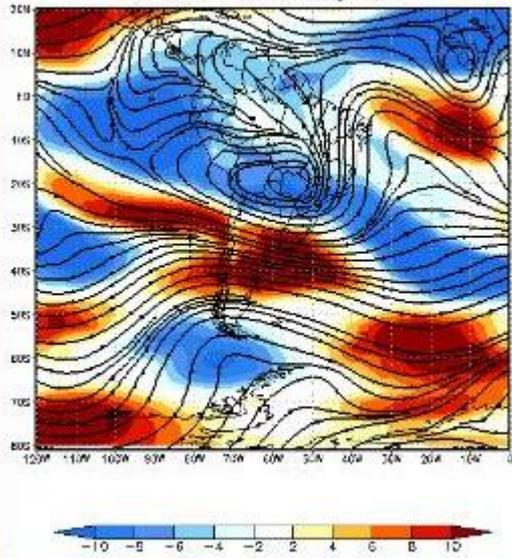
Angra dos Reis: 142,9 mm
Santa Virgínia (SP): 300 mm

Precipitacao Observada (mm) - 01/01/2010

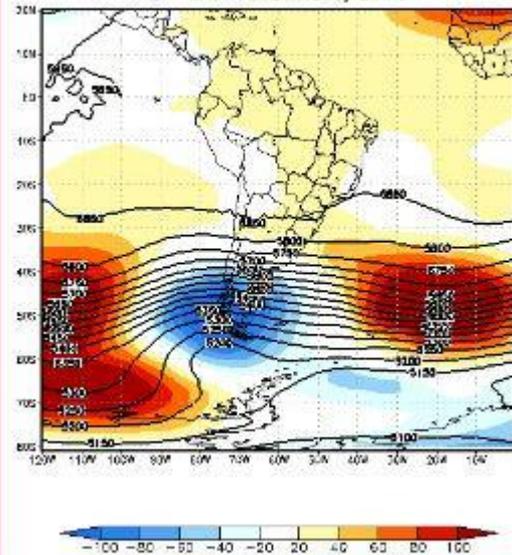


Fontes de dados: CPTEC/INPE INMET FUNCEME/CE AESA/PB
EMPARN/RN ITEP/LAMEPE/PE FUNCEME/CE DHME/PI CMRH/SE SEMARH/DHN/
SEMARH/BA CEMIG-SIMEG/MG SEAG/ES SIMEPAR/PR CIRAM/SC IAC/SP

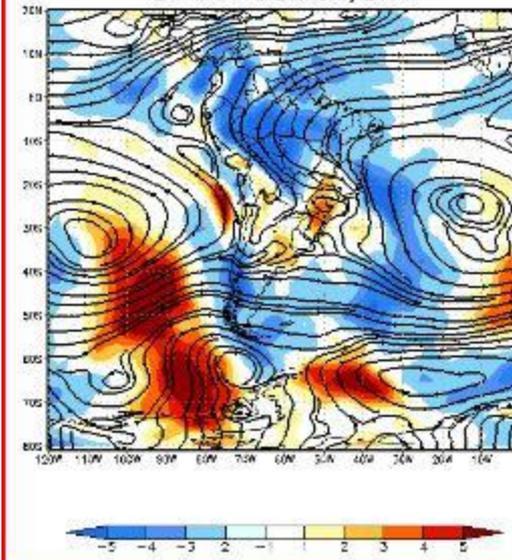
Lin. Cor. e Anom. de U em 250 hPa
25 a 31 dezembro/2009



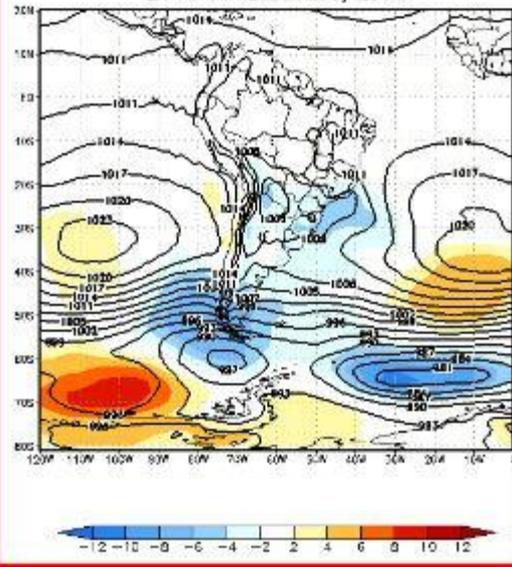
GEO e Anomalia GEO em 500hPa
25 a 31 dezembro/2009



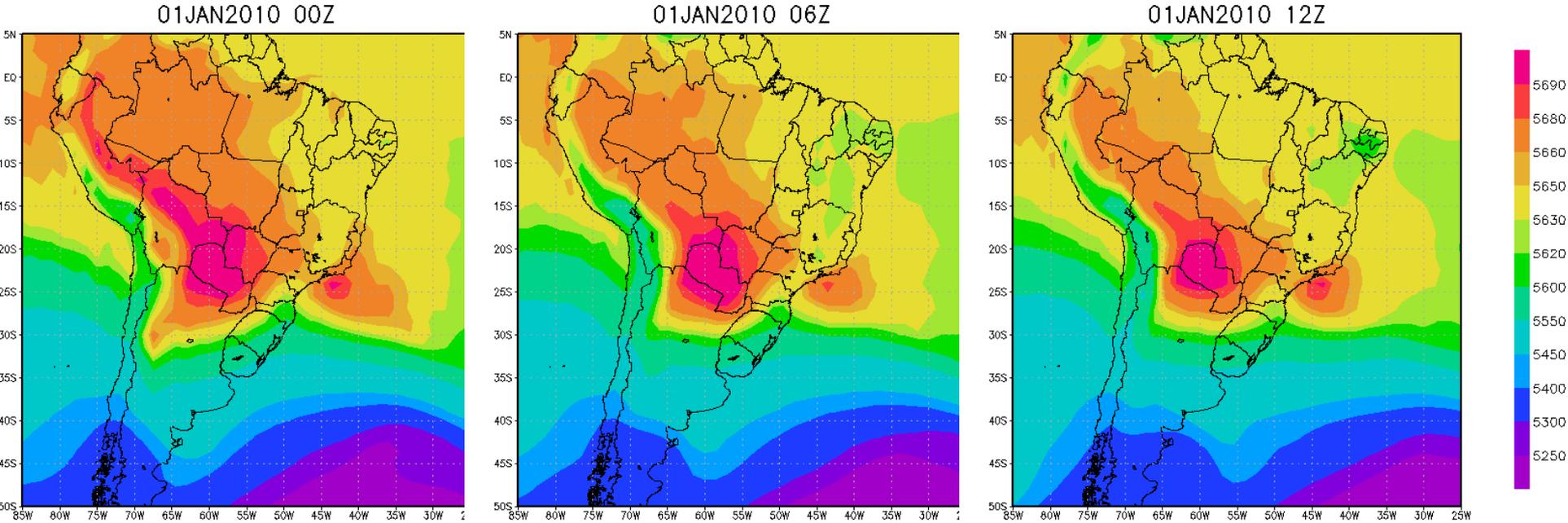
Lin. Cor. e Anom. de V em 850 hPa
25 a 31 dezembro/2009



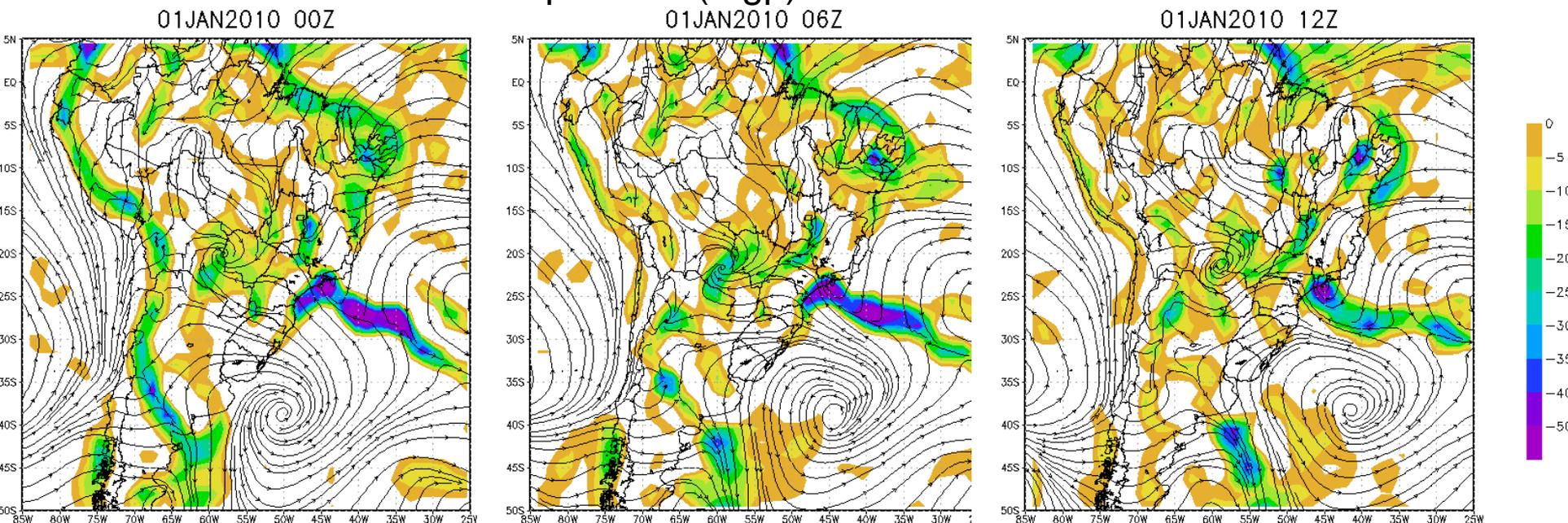
PNM e Anomalia PNM
25 a 31 dezembro/2009



Síntese Sinótica do
Mês de Dezembro
de 2009 (CPTEC)

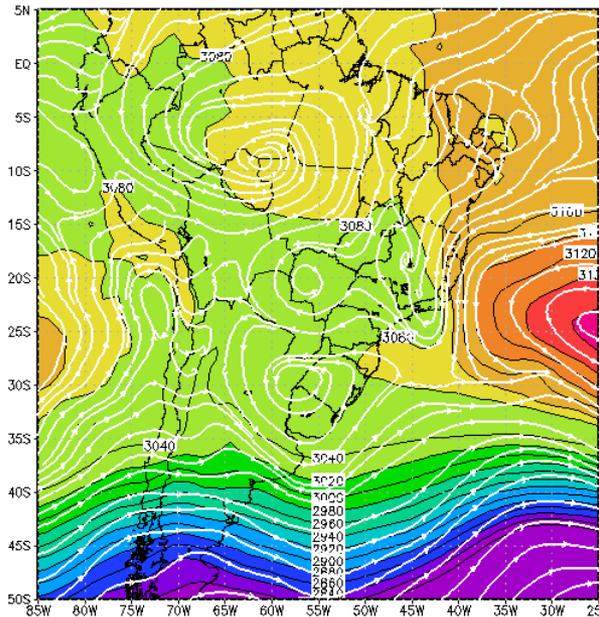


Espeçura (m) 500/1000 hPa

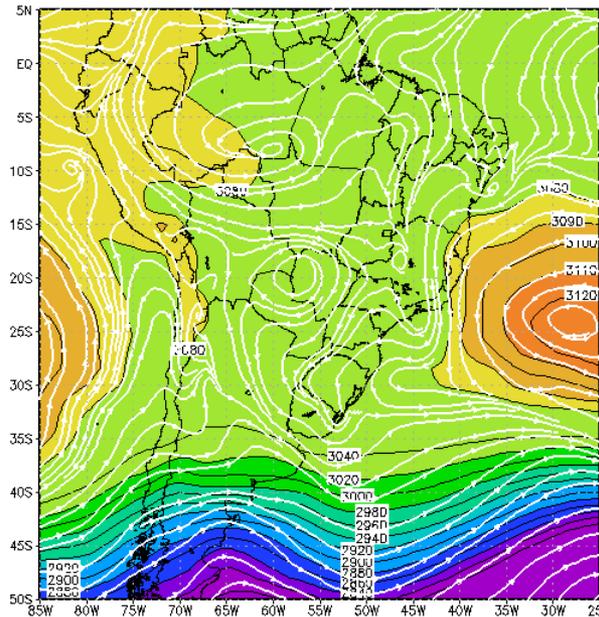


Div. umidade e linha de corrente em 1000 hPa ((g/kg).dia⁻¹)

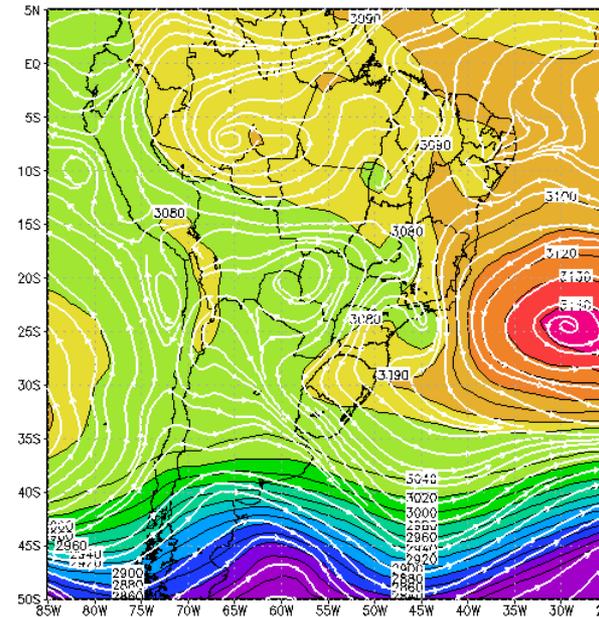
01JAN2010 00Z



01JAN2010 06Z

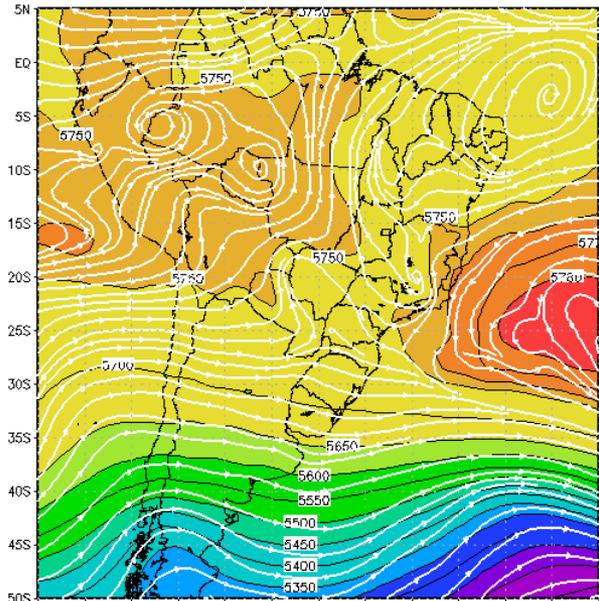


01JAN2010 12Z

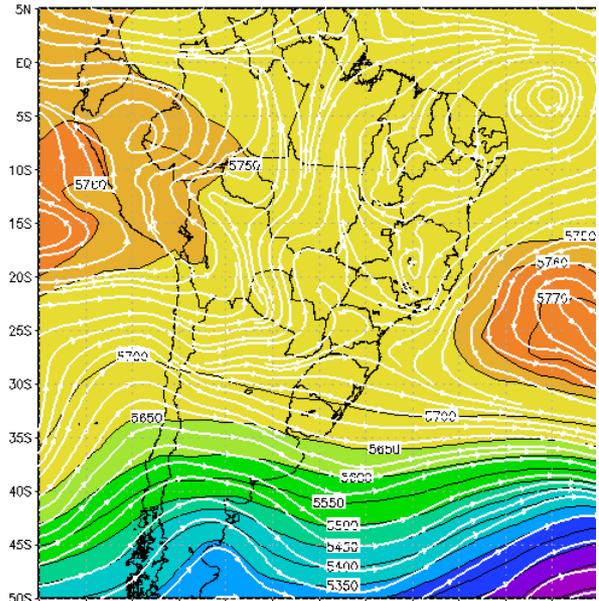


Altura geopotencial e linha de corrente em 700 hPa

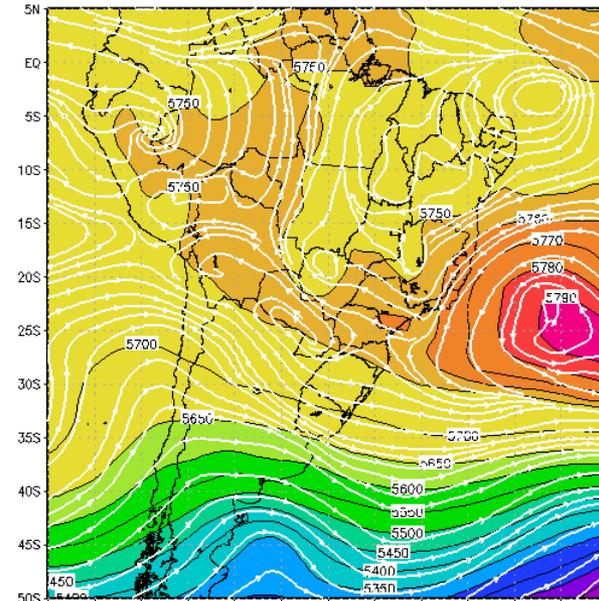
01JAN2010 00Z



01JAN2010 06Z

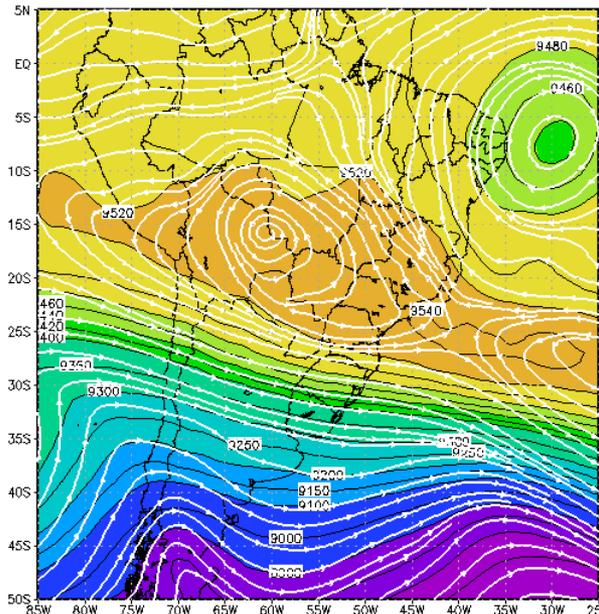


01JAN2010 12Z

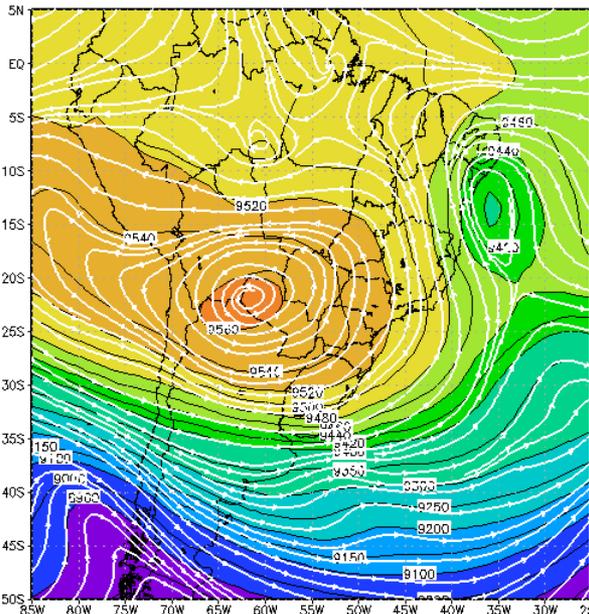


Altura geopotencial e linha de corrente em 500 hPa

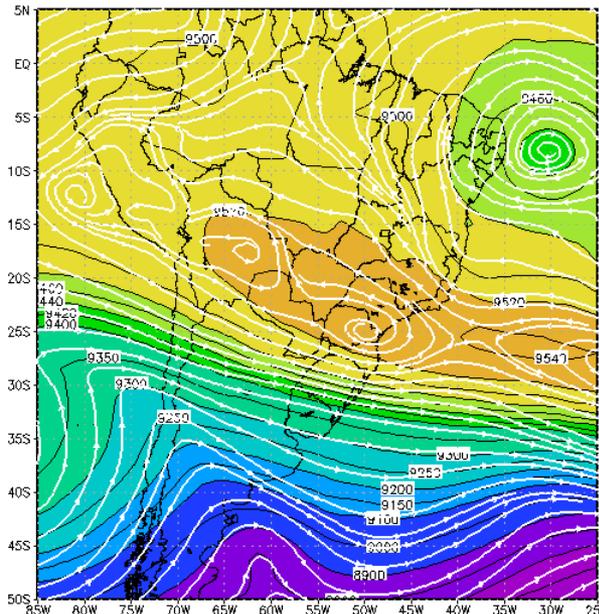
01JAN2010 00Z



05JAN2010 06Z

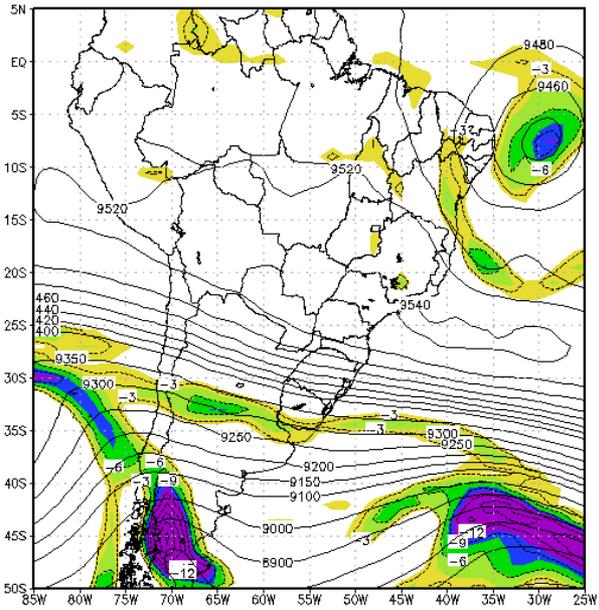


01JAN2010 12Z

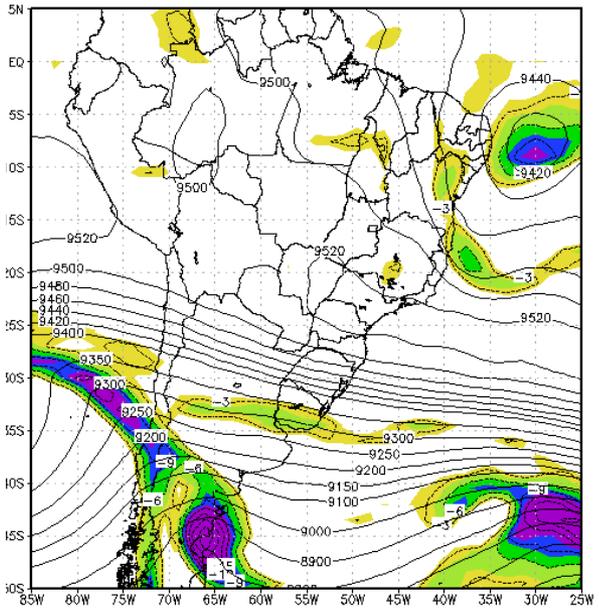


Altura geopotencial e linha de corrente em 300 hPa

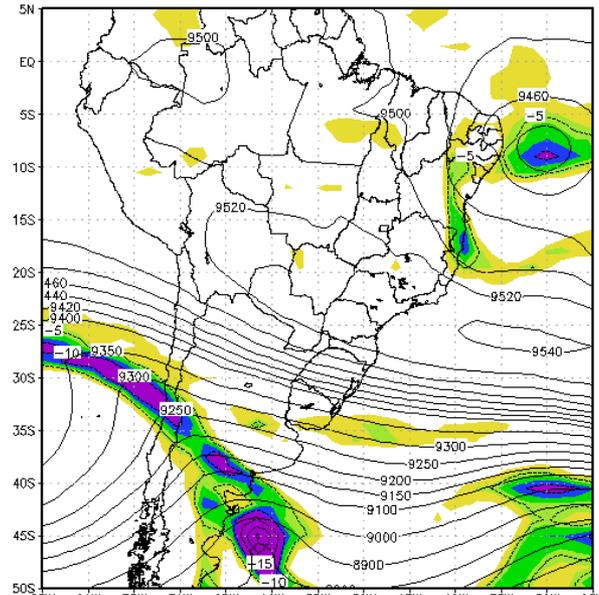
01JAN2010 00Z



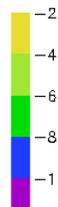
01JAN2010 06Z



01JAN2010 12Z



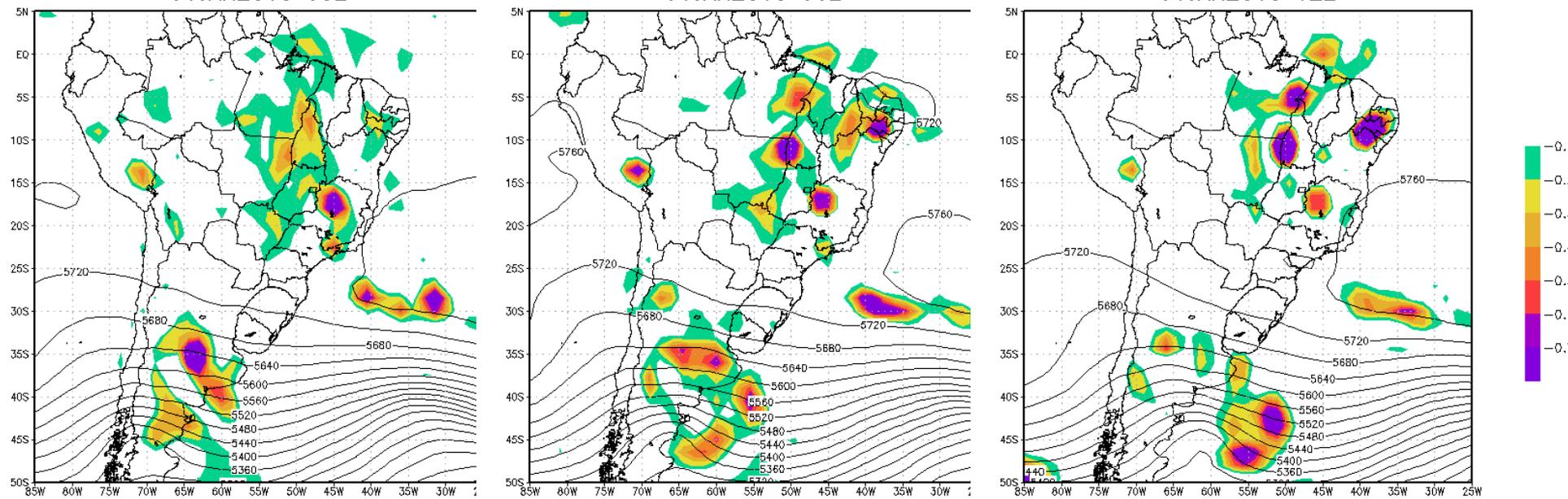
Alt. geopotencial (m) e vorticidade relativa ($\times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$) em 300 hPa



01JAN2010 00Z

01JAN2010 06Z

01JAN2010 12Z



Alt. geopotencial (m) e omega (Pa/s) em 500 hPa

Resumo

- As chuvas fortes que ocorreram no Réveillon de 2010 foram causadas por SCMs, formados dentro da massa de ar úmido e instável que dominava todo o Sudeste deste a última semana da dezembro de 2009;
- Nos baixos níveis, baixas pressões sobre parte do Rio de Janeiro e São Paulo, centro ciclônico até 500 hPa, elevadas temperaturas, convergência de umidade e escoamento de norte desde a região Amazônica, favorecendo o transporte de ar úmido da Amazônia;
- Movimento ascendente em 500 hPa;
- Nos altos níveis Alta da Bolívia (AB) e Vórtice Ciclônico do Nordeste (VCN) configurados

**3) Rio de Janeiro/Niterói
abril 2010**

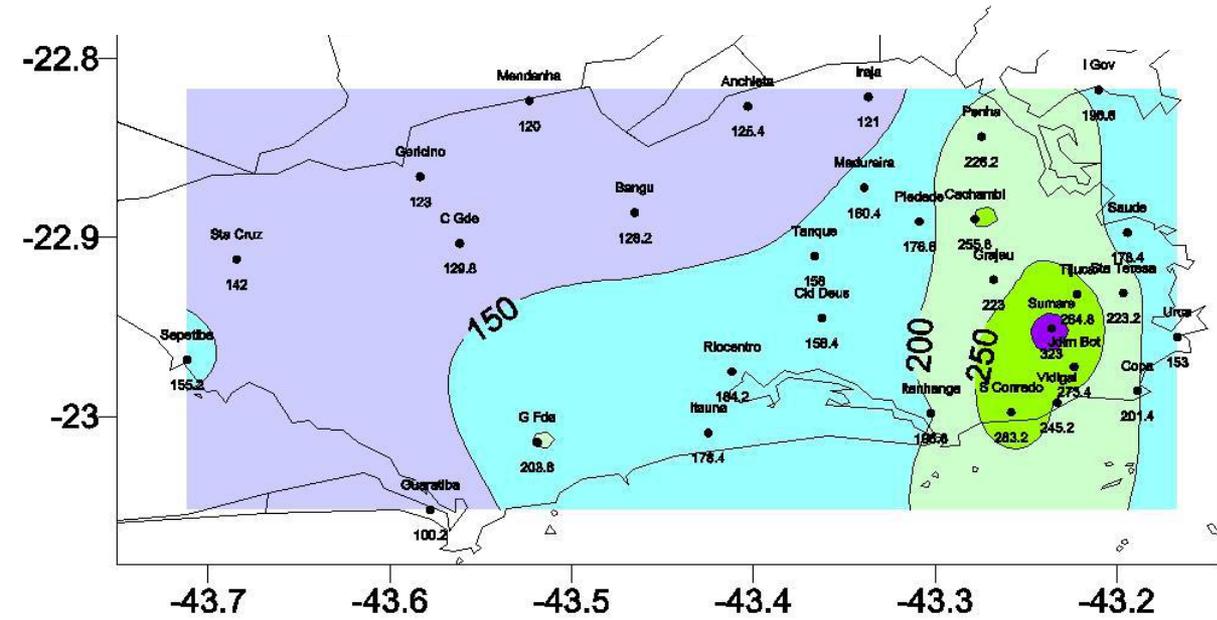
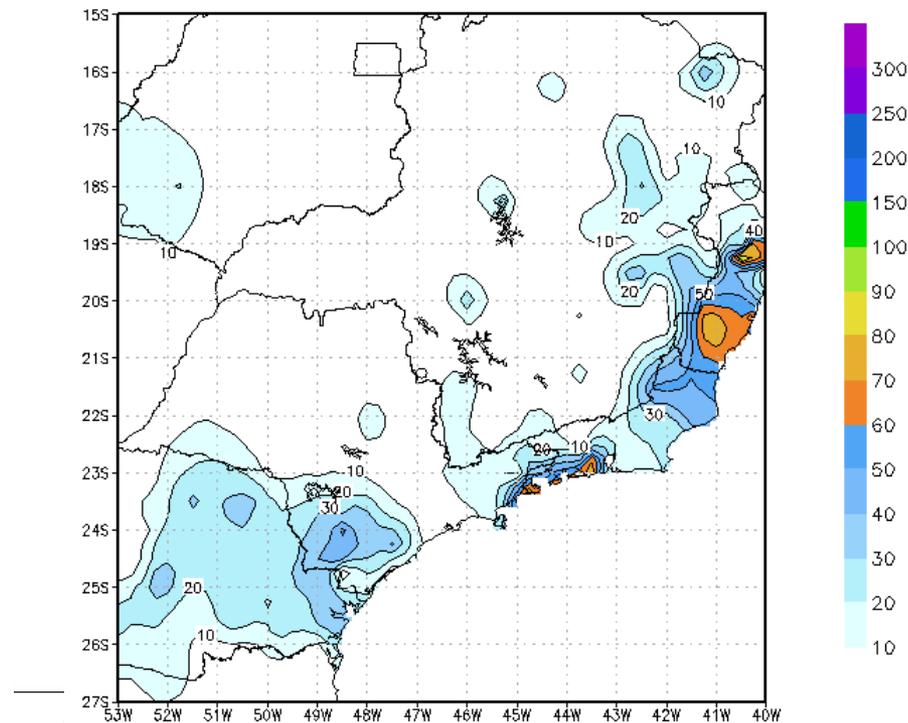
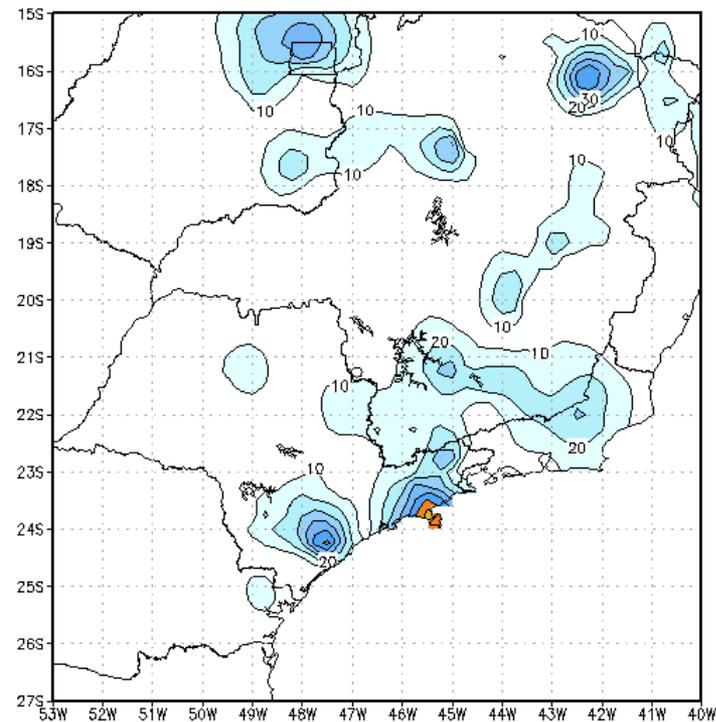
Histórico

- Entre os dias 5 e 6 de abril de 2010 as cidades do Rio de Janeiro e Niterói foram atingidas por chuvas intensas, com totais pluviométricos que atingiram 323 mm em 24 h.
- Registros: 167 mortes em Niterói, 66 no Rio de Janeiro causadas por deslizamentos de terra; 3262 desabrigados; 11439 desalojados



05/04/2010

06/04/2010

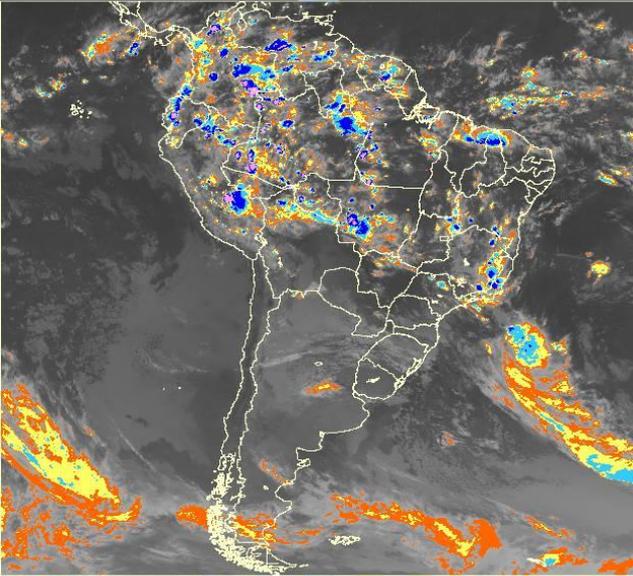


Total pluviométrico entre 12Z do dia 5 até 12Z do dia 6 de abril de 2010 no município do Rio de Janeiro (Fonte: Geo-Rio).

Estação	Max em 15 min			Máx em 30 Min			Max em 1 h			Total 0512Z - 0612Z (24h)
	mm	dia	hora	mm	dia	hora	mm	dia	hora	mm
Georio	33,2	5/4	22:45	66,2	5/4	22:30	113,0	5/4	22:30	207,6
Laranjeiras	19,8	6/4	06:04	35,4	6/4	06:04	68,6	6/4	05:49	205,6
Irajá	29,0	5/4	22:54	58,0	5/4	22:54	99,2	5/4	22:54	121,0
Vidigal	26,0	6/4	05:03	44,8	6/4	05:03	81,2	6/4	04:33	245,2
Tanque	32,2	5/4	22:12	57,2	5/4	22:12	103,8	5/4	21:57	158,0
Itanhangá	23,8	1/5	21:56	42,8	5/4	21:57	54,6	5/4	21:57	196,6
Grota Funda	23,2	5/4	21:56	45,2	5/4	21:41	78,8	5/4	21:41	203,8
Rio Centro	19,2	5/4	22:12	34,8	5/4	22:54	60,4	5/4	21:57	184,2
Tijuca	27,2	6/4	06:00	49,0	6/4	05:45	94,8	6/4	05:45	264,8
Cidade de Deus	29,6	5/4	22:11	53,0	5/4	22:11	94,8	5/4	21:56	158,4
Itaúna	21,6	5/4	22:58	39,6	6/4	08:13	72,6	6/4	07:58	178,4
Bangú	20,6	5/4	21:53	35,0	5/4	21:35	67,4	5/4	21:35	128,2
Gericinó	35,4	4/4	22:52	55,4	4/4	22:37	108,4	4/4	22:37	123,0
Anchieta	20,6	5/4	23:23	32,0	5/4	23:23	63,6	4/4	22:53	125,4
Campo Grande	28,2	4/4	22:38	46,6	4/4	22:38	86,6	4/4	22:23	129,8
Sepetiba	15,8	6/4	02:36	29,0	6/4	01:21	55,2	6/4	01:21	155,2
Guaratiba	9,2	6/4	06:52	18,2	6/4	06:52	35,4	6/4	06:52	100,2
Santa Cruz	25,0	6/4	01:52	46,4	6/4	01:52	85,4	6/4	01:57	142,0
Mendanha	17,6	7/4	12:00	30,4	7/4	11:45	59,8	7/4	11:45	120,0
Grajaú	28,4	6/4	06:16	55,8	6/4	05:46	104,0	6/4	05:46	223,0
Ilha do Governador	30,2	5/4	22:30	59,0	5/4	22:03	108,4	5/4	22:15	196,6
Penha	24,2	6/4	00:17	42,6	6/4	06:47	82,0	6/4	00:07	226,2
Maureira	29,2	5/4	22:17	55,8	5/4	22:47	104,4	5/4	22:32	160,4
Saúde	19,8	5/4	22:46	37,4	5/4	22:31	69,8	5/4	22:31	178,4
Cachambi	29,0	5/4	22:17	54,8	5/4	22:17	105,4	6/4	05:47	255,8
Santa Tereza	26,2	5/4	22:45	45,4	5/4	22:30	83,0	5/4	22:30	223,2
Piedade	18,8	5/4	22:16	35,4	5/4	22:16	68,0	5/4	22:01	176,8
Urca	14,8	6/4	06:03	27,0	6/4	06:03	52,8	6/4	05:48	153,0
Copacabana	20,6	6/4	05:49	37,0	6/4	05:34	72,6	6/4	05:34	201,4
São Conrado	26,2	6/4	01:18	46,2	6/4	01:03	82,8	6/4	01:03	283,2
Jardim Botânico	29,8	6/4	05:34	57,6	6/4	05:34	109,0	6/4	05:19	273,4
Sumaré	36,2	5/4	22:35	59,0	5/4	22:20	116,4	5/4	22:20	323,0

05/04/10 – 00 Z

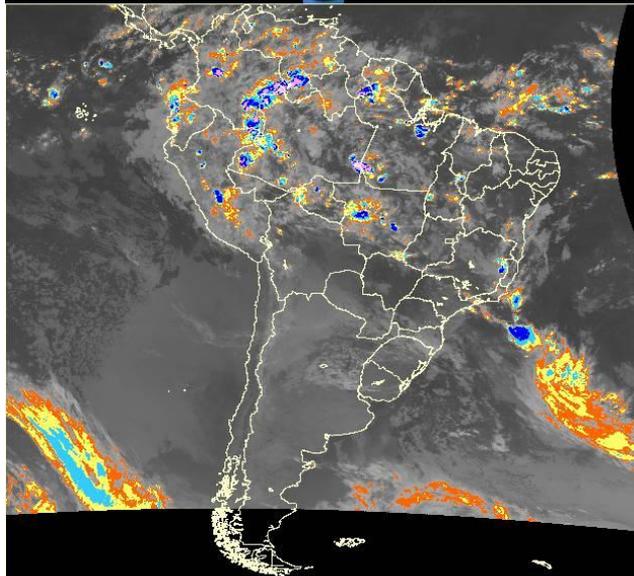
INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTEC T_REALCE 201004050000



-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

05/04/10 – 06 Z

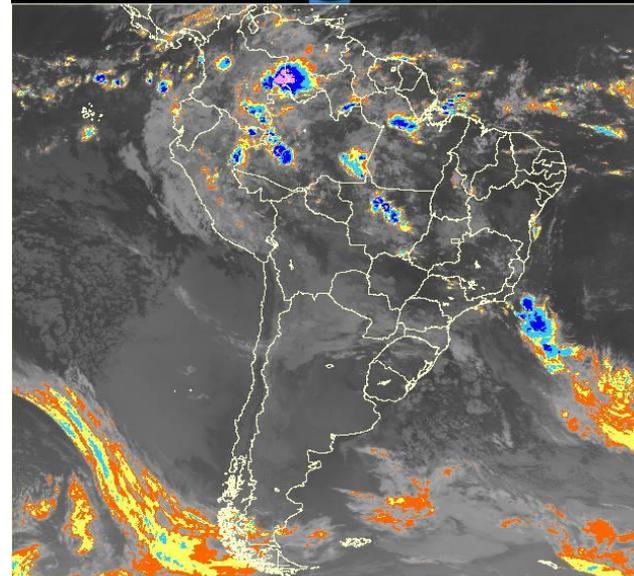
INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTEC T_REALCE 201004050630



-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

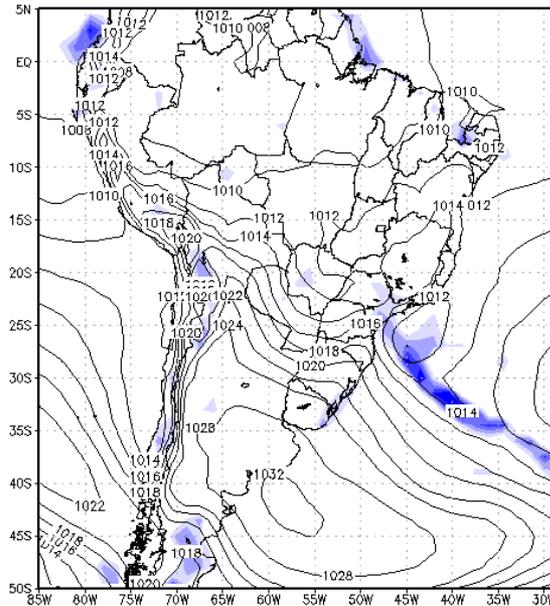
05/04/10 – 12 Z

INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTEC T_REALCE 201004051200

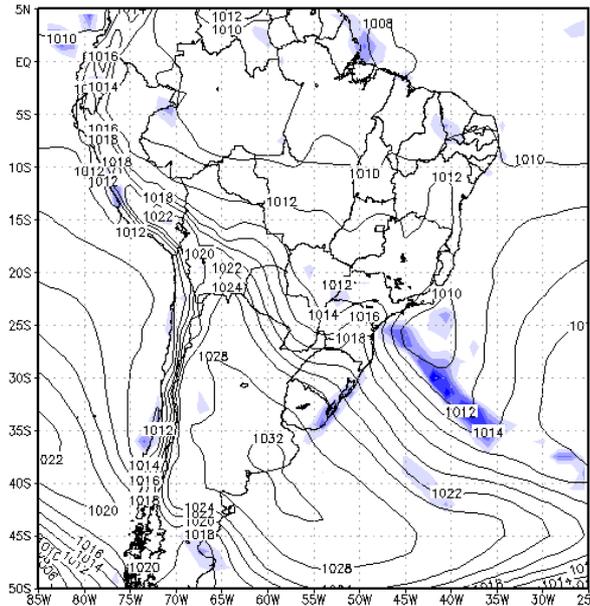


-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

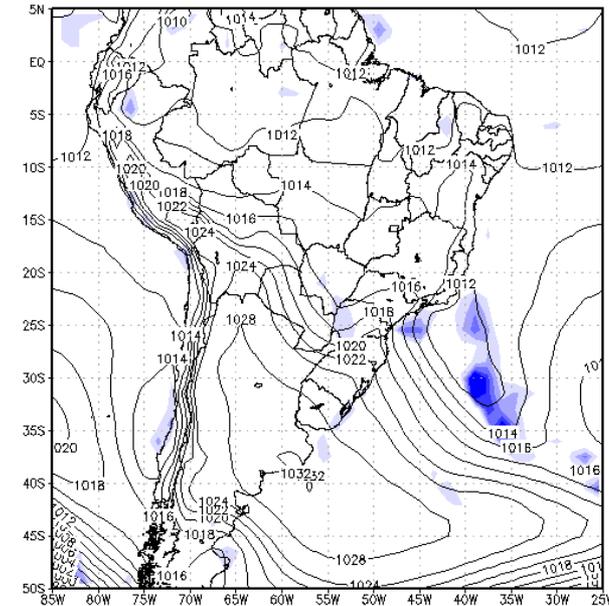
05APR2010 00Z



05APR2010 06Z



05APR2010 12Z



Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

05/04/10 – 18 Z

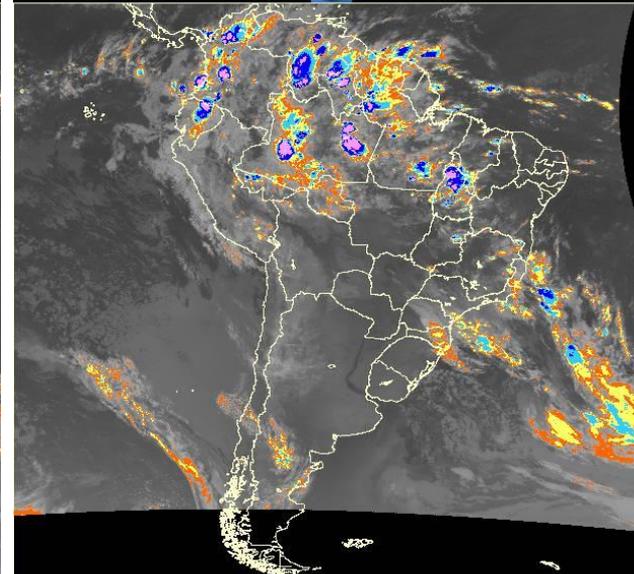
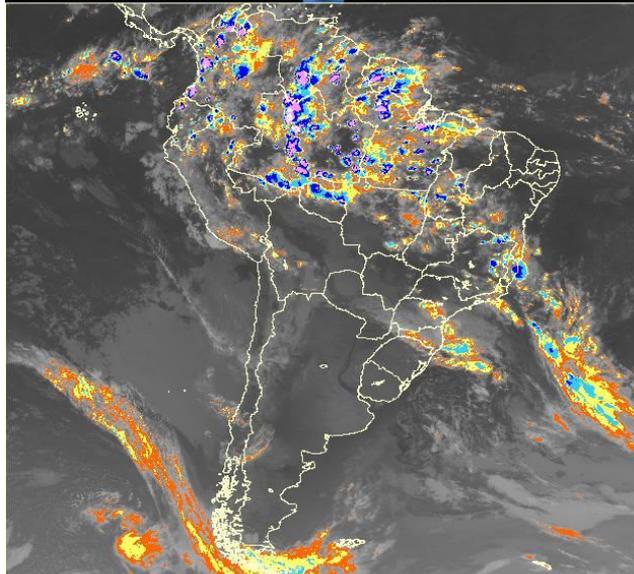
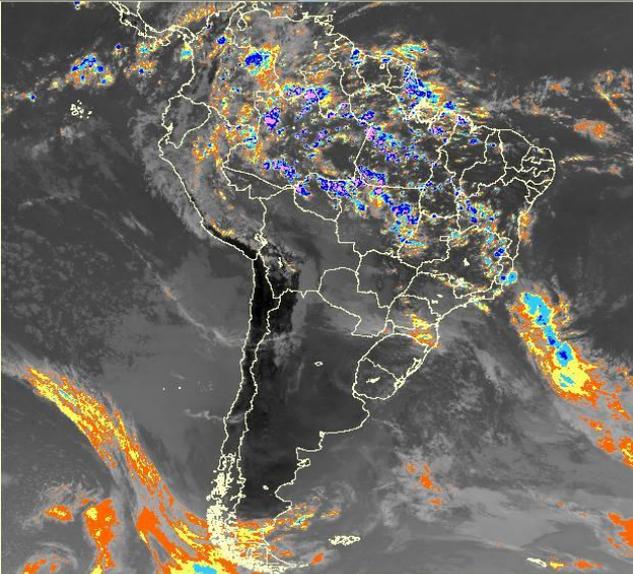
06/04/10 – 00 Z

06/04/10 – 06 Z

INPE/CPTeC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTeC T_REALCE 201004051800

INPE/CPTeC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTeC T_REALCE 201004060000

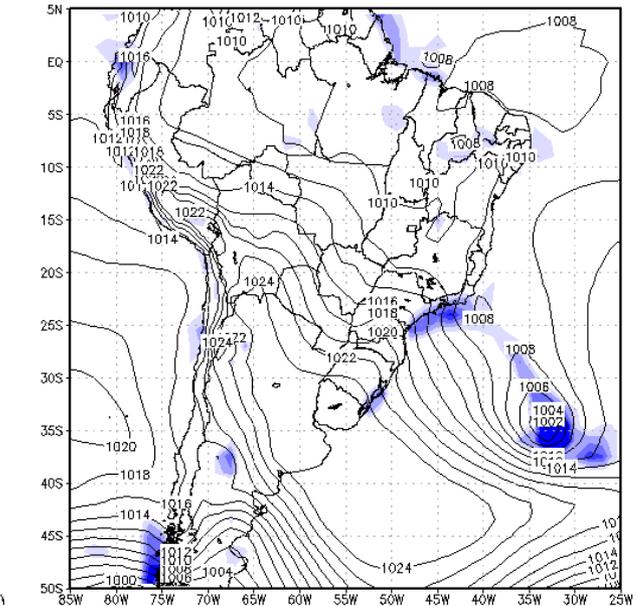
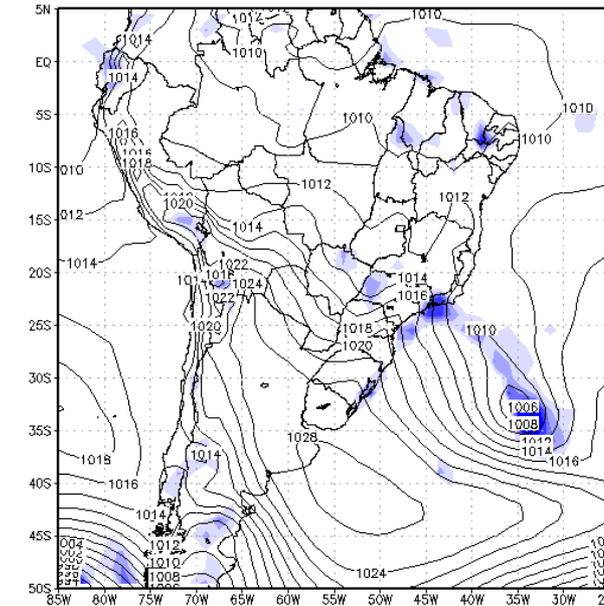
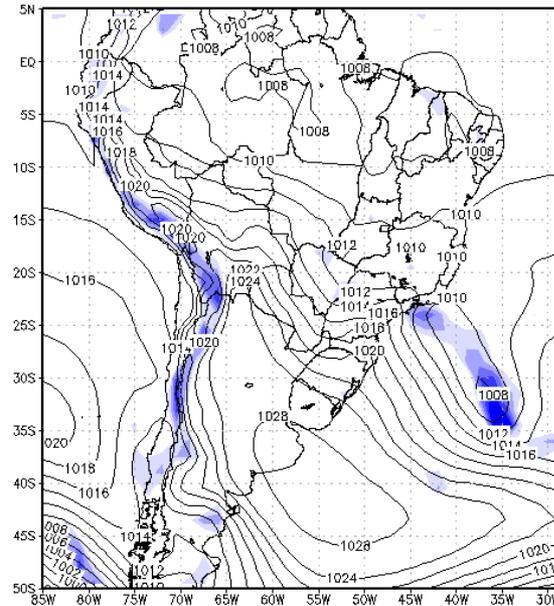
INPE/CPTeC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CPTeC T_REALCE 201004060800



05APR2010 18Z

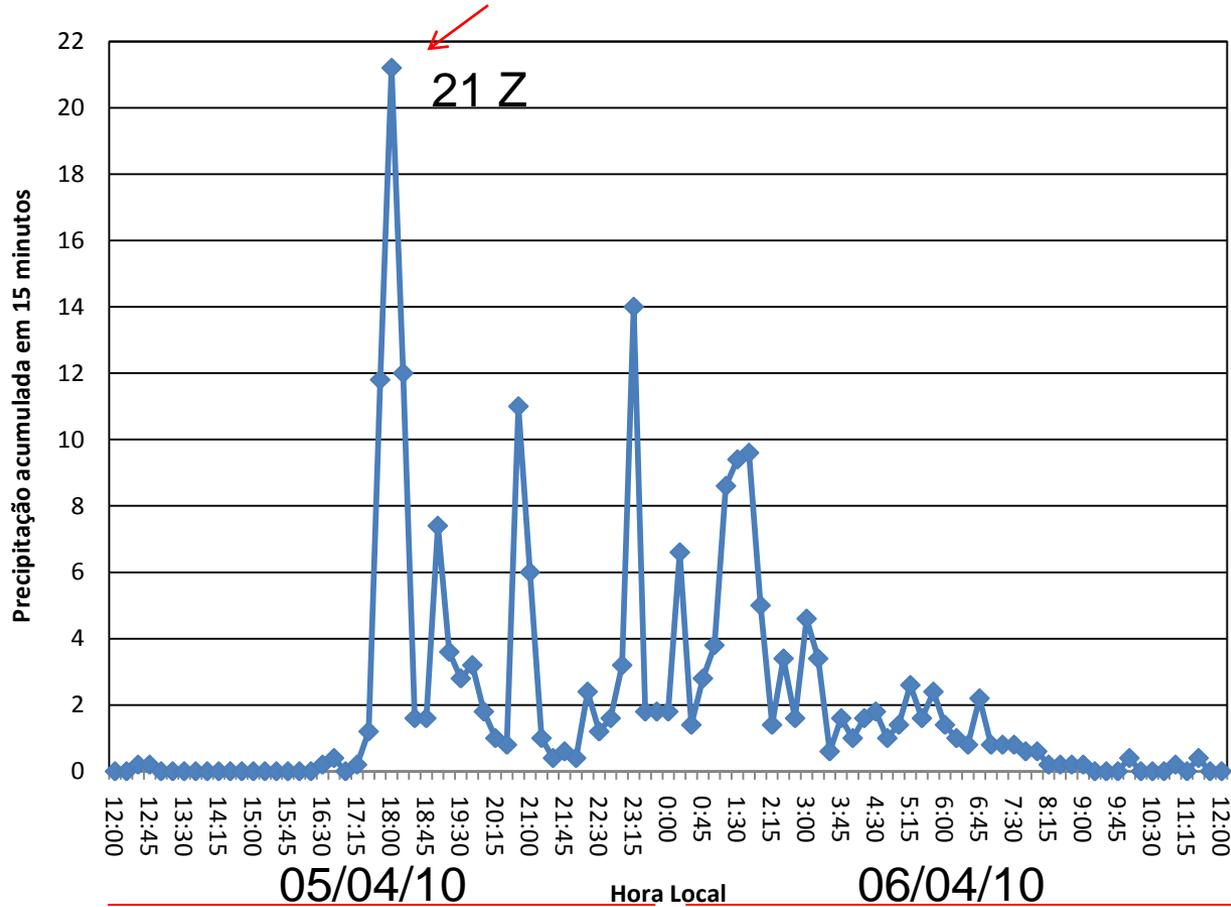
06APR2010 00Z

06APR2010 06Z



Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

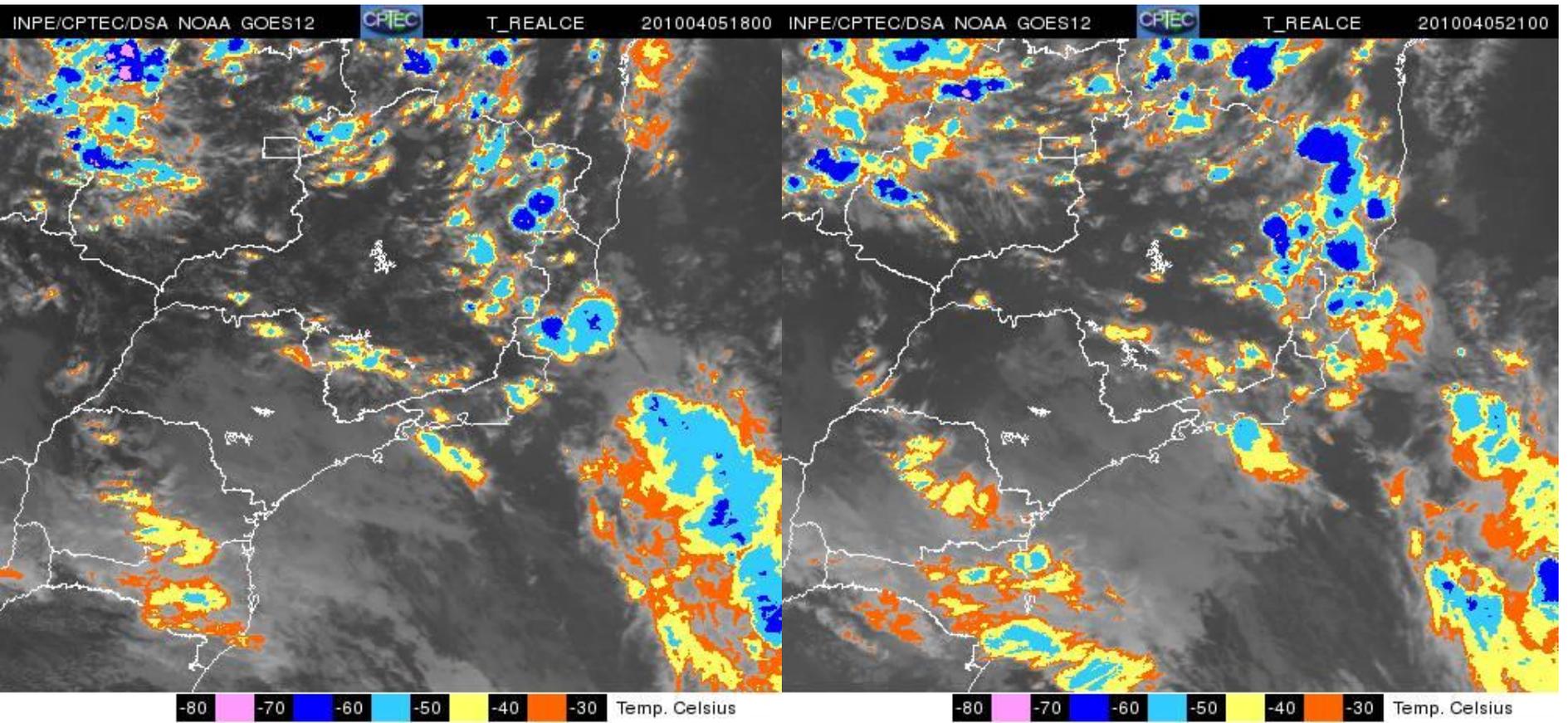
Georio



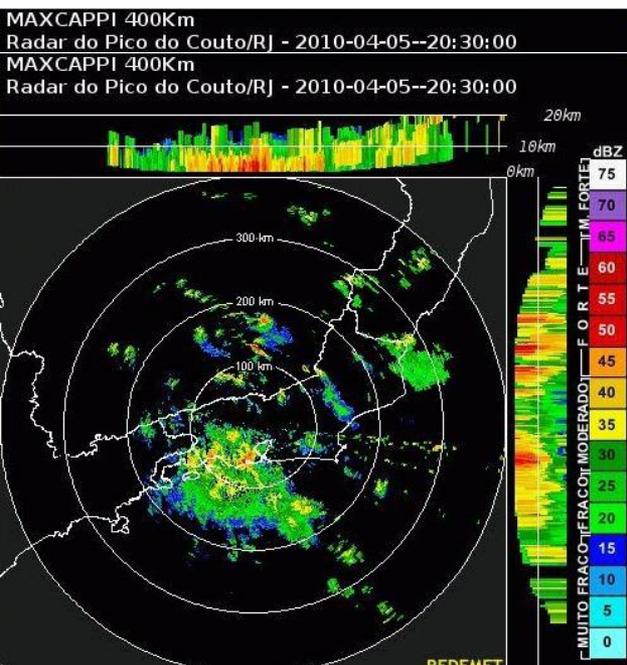
Total pluviométrico: 207,6 mm

05/04/10 – 18 Z

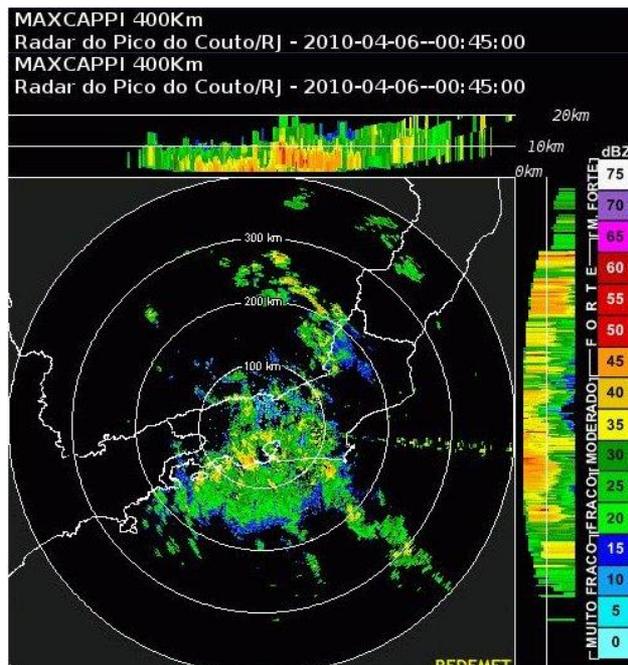
05/04/10 – 21 Z



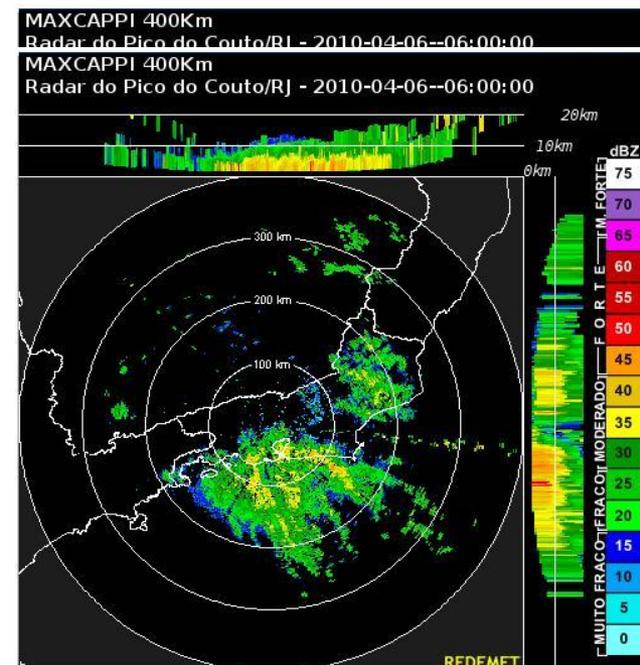
(a)



(b)

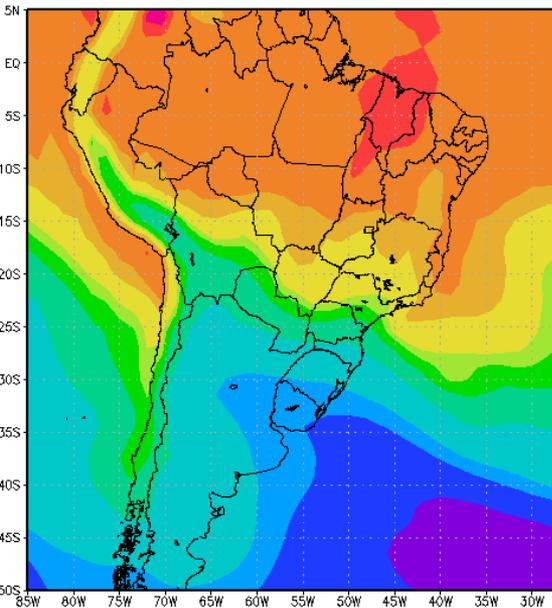


(c)

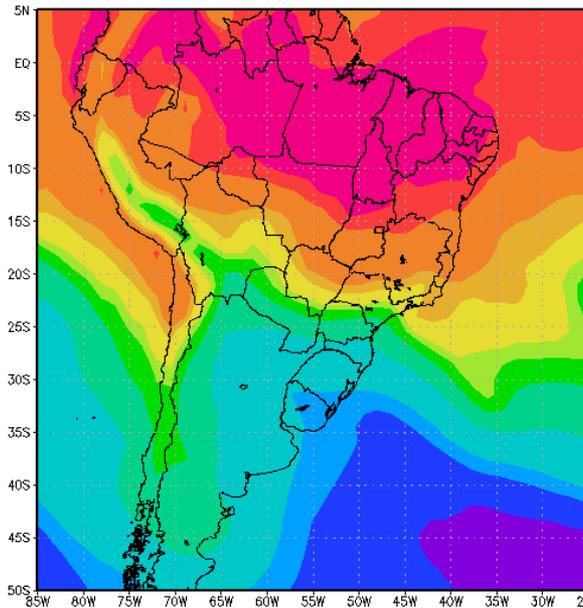


Imagens de radar entre os dias 5 e 6 de abril de 2010: (a) 05/04 - 20:30 h , (b) 06/04 - 00:45 h e (c) 06/04 - 6:00 h. Nota-se forte atividade sobre a área da baía de Guanabara Fonte: REDEMET

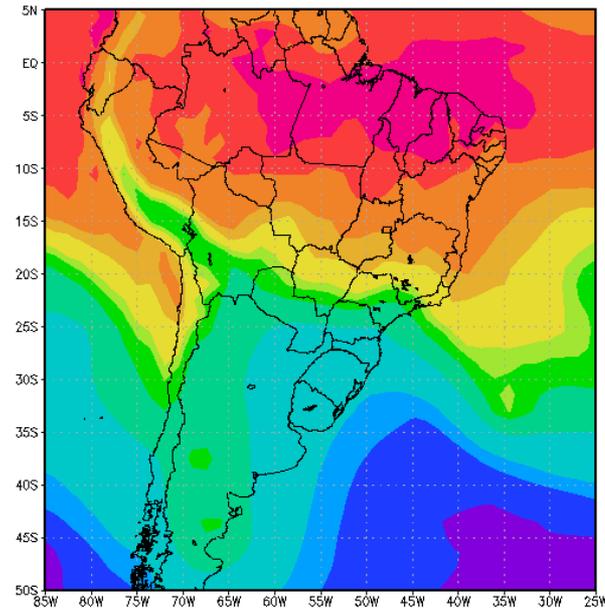
05APR2010 12Z



05APR2010 18Z

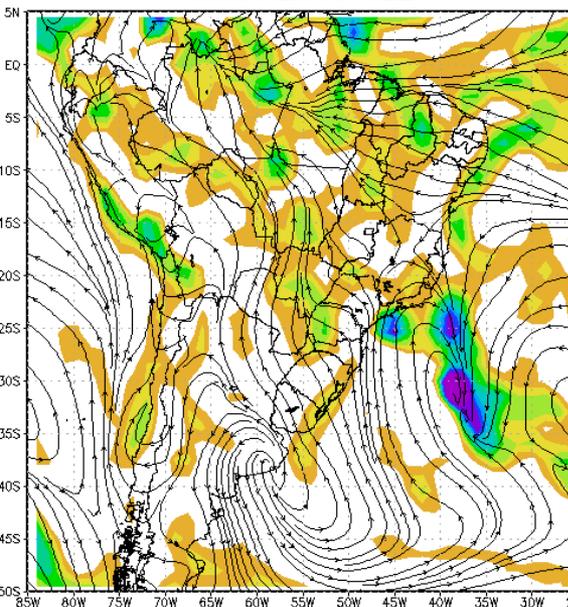


06APR2010 00Z

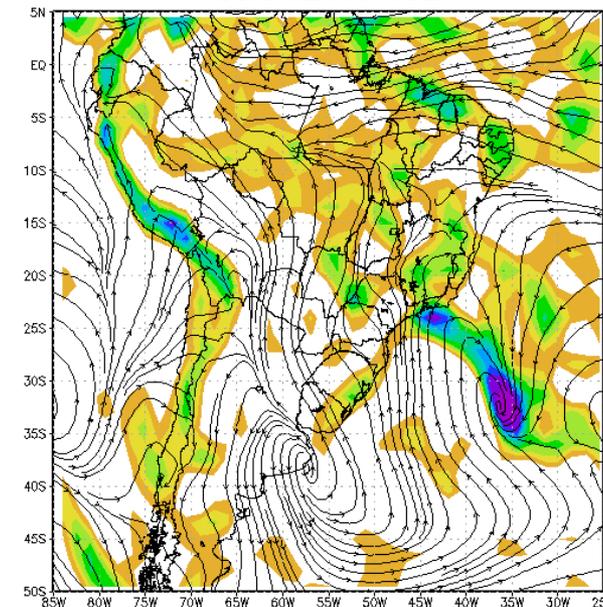


Espessura (mgp) 500/1000 hPa

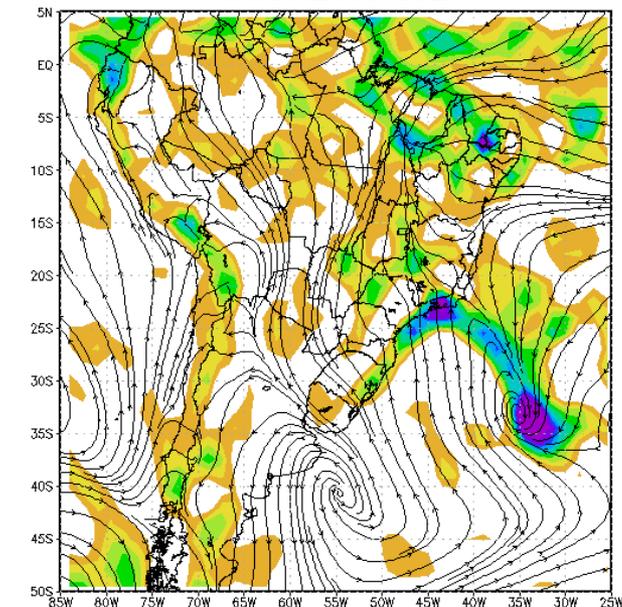
05APR2010 12Z



05APR2010 18Z



06APR2010 00Z

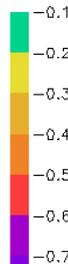
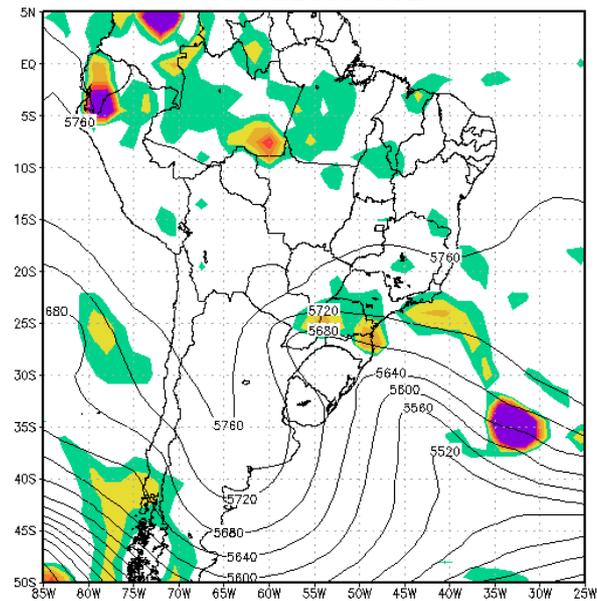
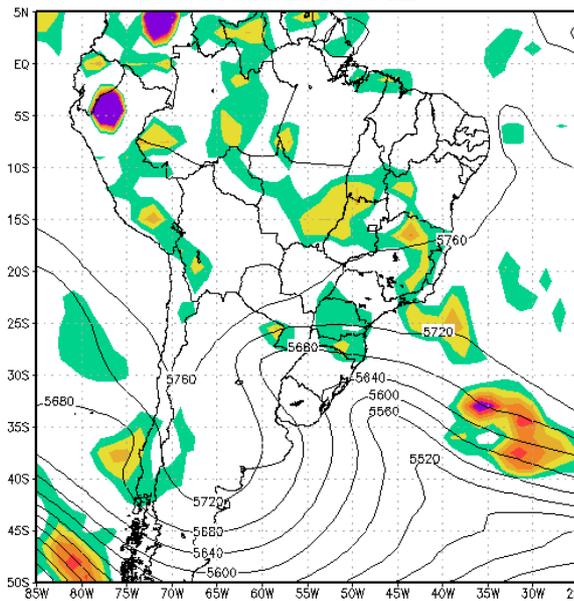
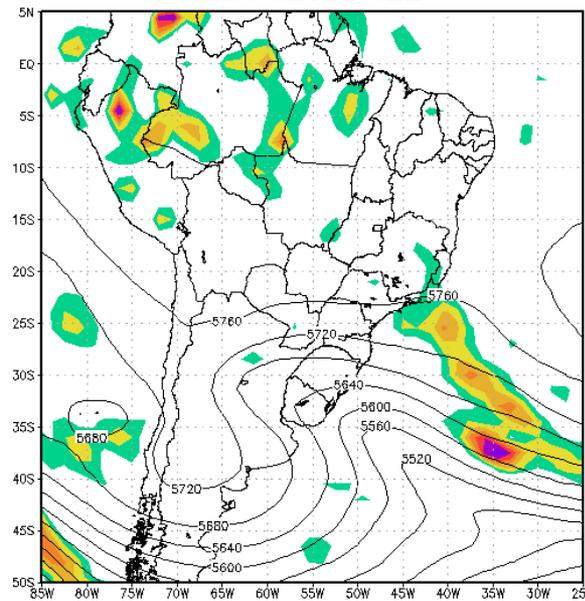


Div. Umidade ($(g/kg).dia^{-1}$) e linhas de corrente em 1000 hPa

05APR2010 12Z

05APR2010 18Z

06APR2010 00Z

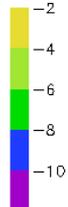
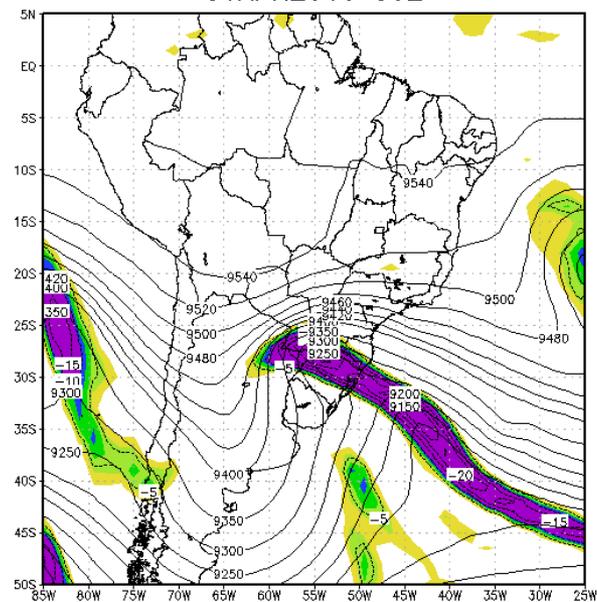
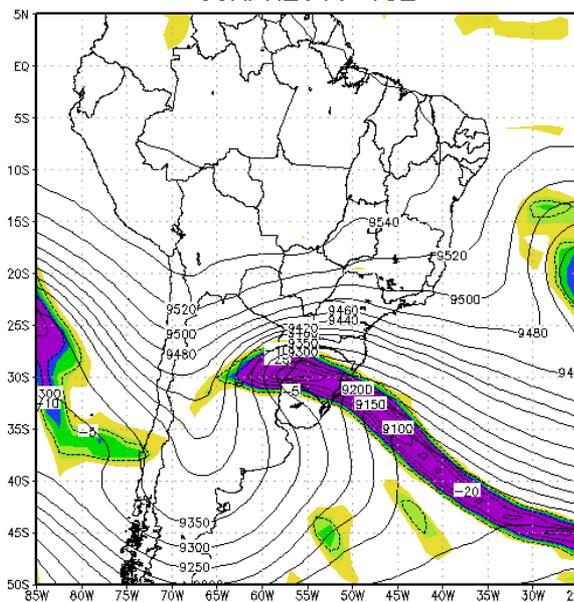
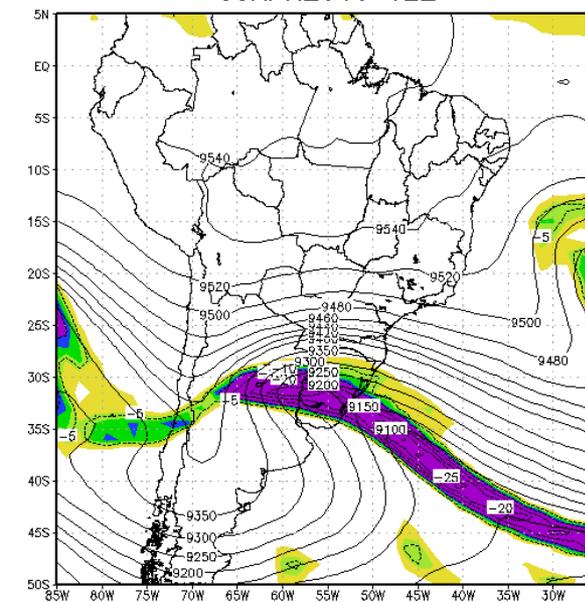


Alt. geopotencial (m_g) e omega (Pa/s) em 500 hPa

05APR2010 12Z

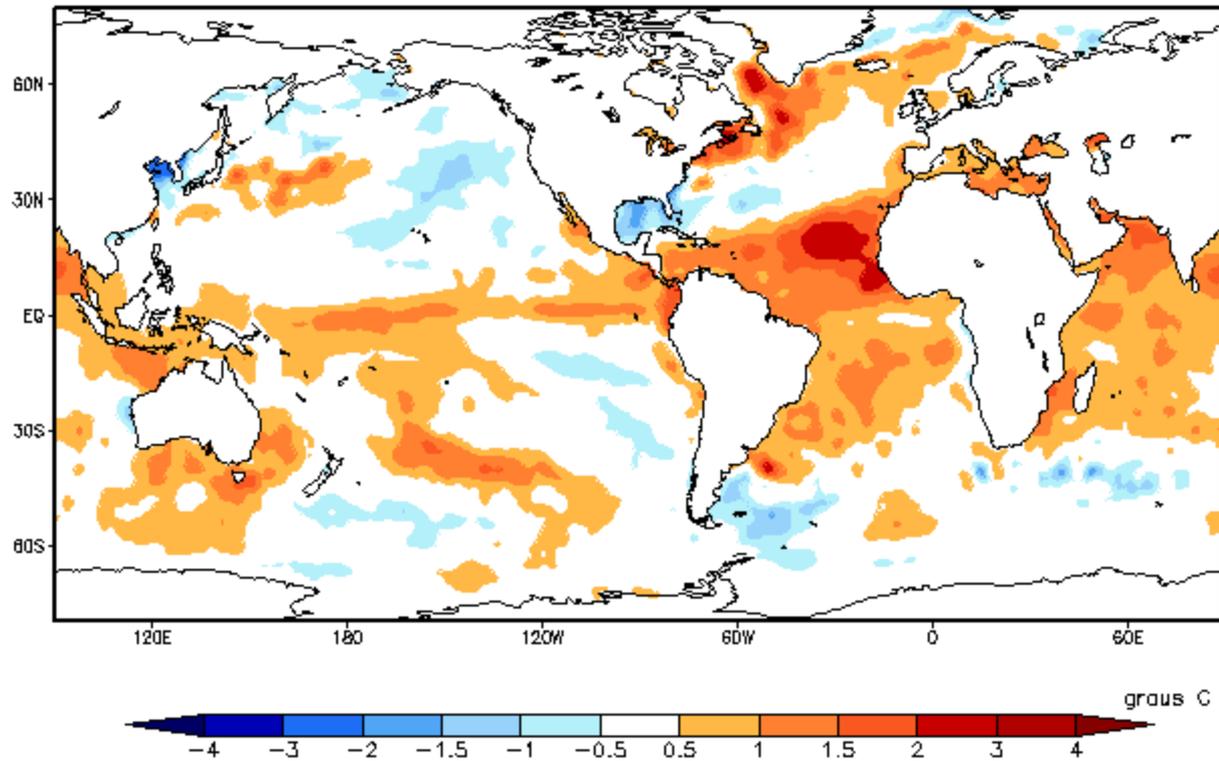
05APR2010 18Z

06APR2010 00Z



Alt. geopotencial (m_g) e vorticidade relativa ($\times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$) em 300 hPa

Anomalia de Temperatura da Superfície do Mar APR2010



Resumo

- O evento de chuvas intensas ocorrido no Rio de Janeiro entre os dias 5 e 6 de abril de 2010 foi provocado por um Sistema Convectivo de Mesoescala (SCM) associado a um sistema frontal (SF) que se deslocava pela região:
 - Em superfície a presença do centro de baixas pressões associado ao SF, promovia a convergência de umidade para o interior do continente.
 - Temperaturas elevadas na camada 500/1000 hPa antes da passagem do SF
 - Em 300 e 500 hPa um cavado pronunciado associado ao SF
 - Movimento ascendente na região do Rio de Janeiro
 - ATSM positivas (em torno de 1 a 1,5oC)
 - As chuvas atingiram 323,0 mm (dia 06/04) no Sumaré (Rio de Janeiro)

**4) Pernambuco/Alagoas
junho 2010**

Histórico

- Nos dias 16, 17 e 18 de junho de 2010, o litoral de PE foi afetado por chuvas intensas geradas por distúrbios ondulatórios de leste. Tais chuvas concentraram-se principalmente em Pernambuco (totalizando-se 348 mm em Recife nos três dias: 82, 116 e 150 mm) e os estragos em AL foram ocasionados por chuvas que ocorreram na cabeceira dos rios em PE e que se estendem pelo nordeste de AL (Fonte: CPTEC/INPE).
- Registros: Entre os dias 18 e 19/06 ocorreram 31 mortes em AL e 1 em PE. Ao todo 32000 desabrigados, 55000 pessoas afetadas, 6 desaparecidos, 13 deslizamentos de terra e 21 cidades com inundações devido a elevação do nível dos rios Mundaú, Canhoto e Camaragibe (Fonte: <http://www.defesacivil.gov.br/desastres/desastres/2010>)

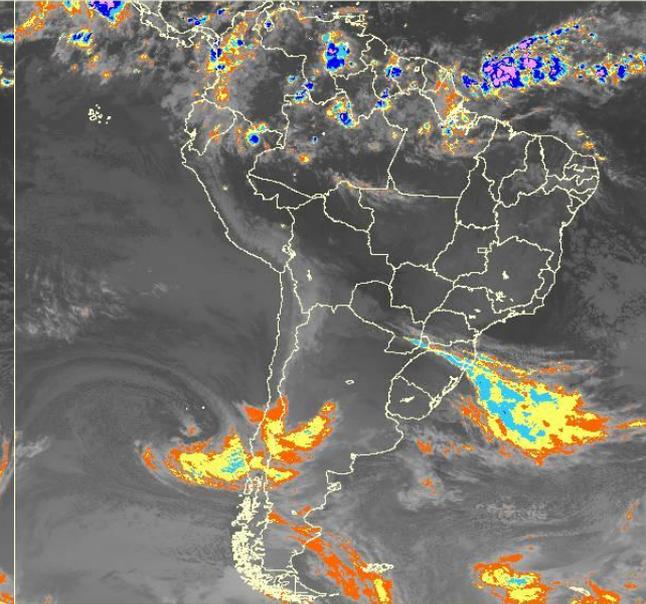
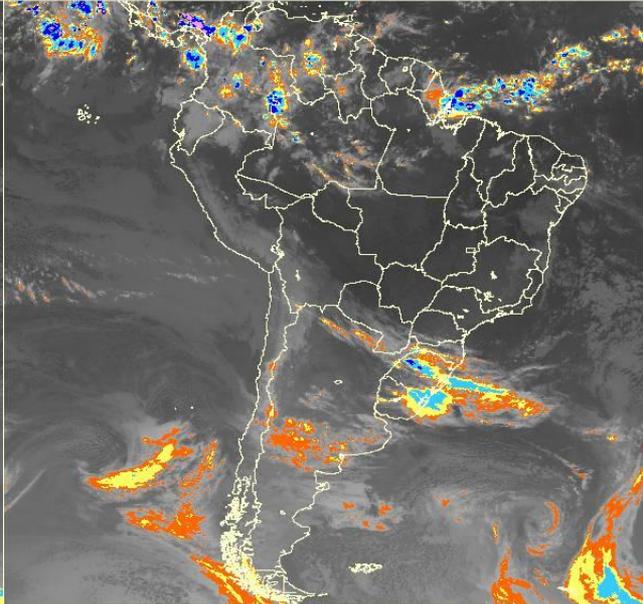
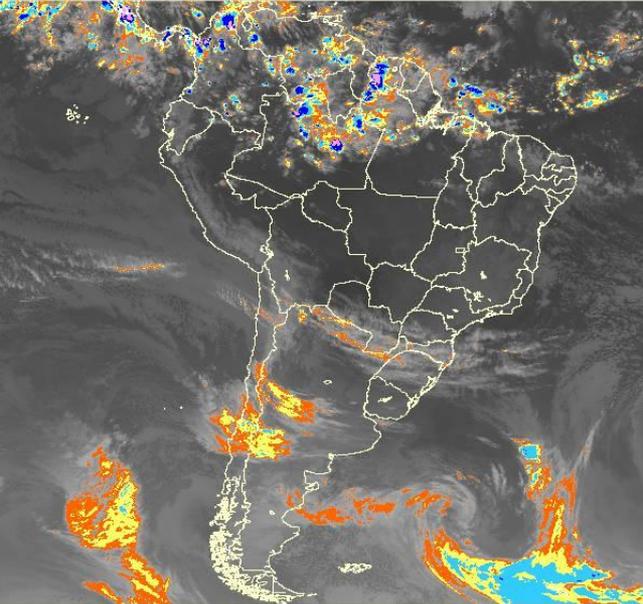


16/06/2010 – 00 Z

16/06/2010 – 12 Z

17/06/2010 – 00 Z

INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CFTEC T_REALCE 2010061600 INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CFTEC T_REALCE 2010061612 INPE/CPTEC/DSA NOAA GOES12 CFTEC T_REALCE 2010061700



-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

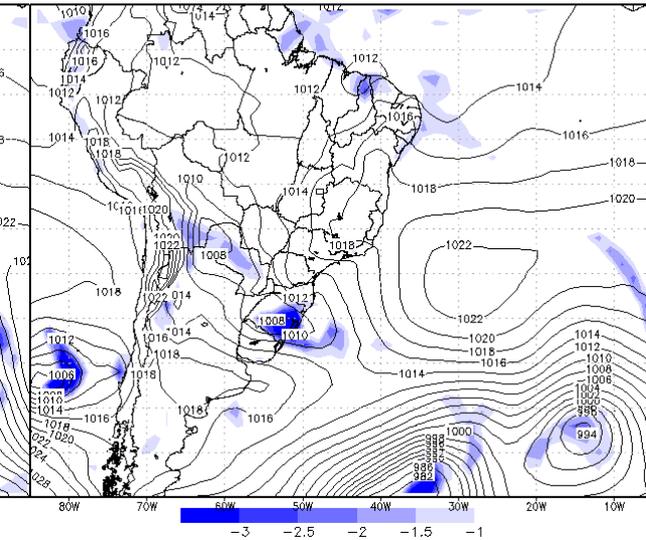
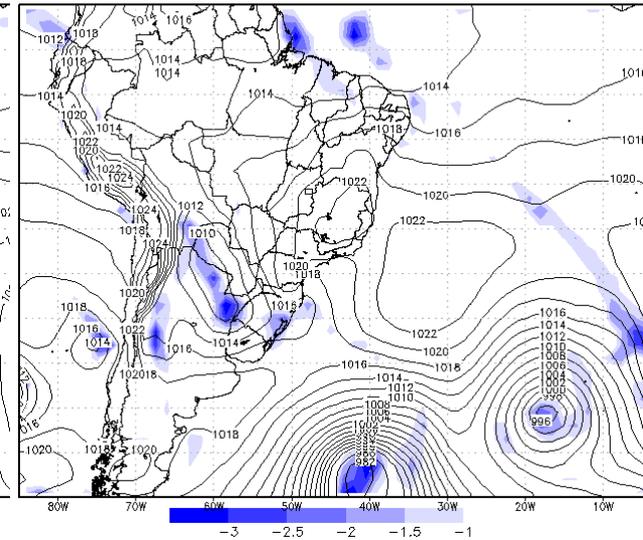
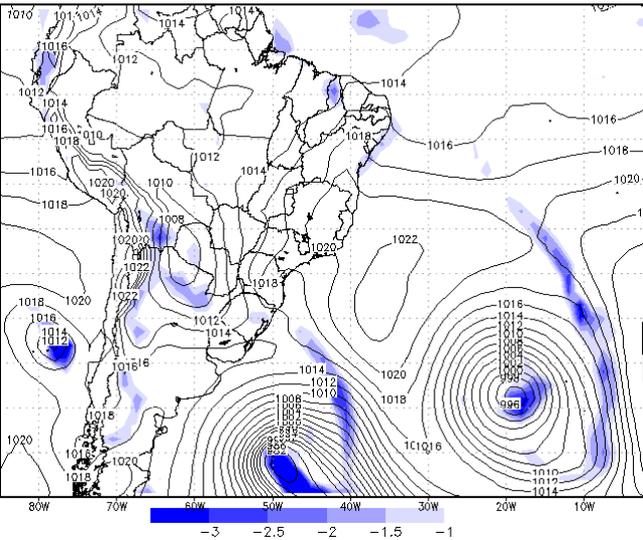
-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

-80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 Temp. Celsius

16JUN2010 00Z

16JUN2010 12Z

17JUN2010 00Z

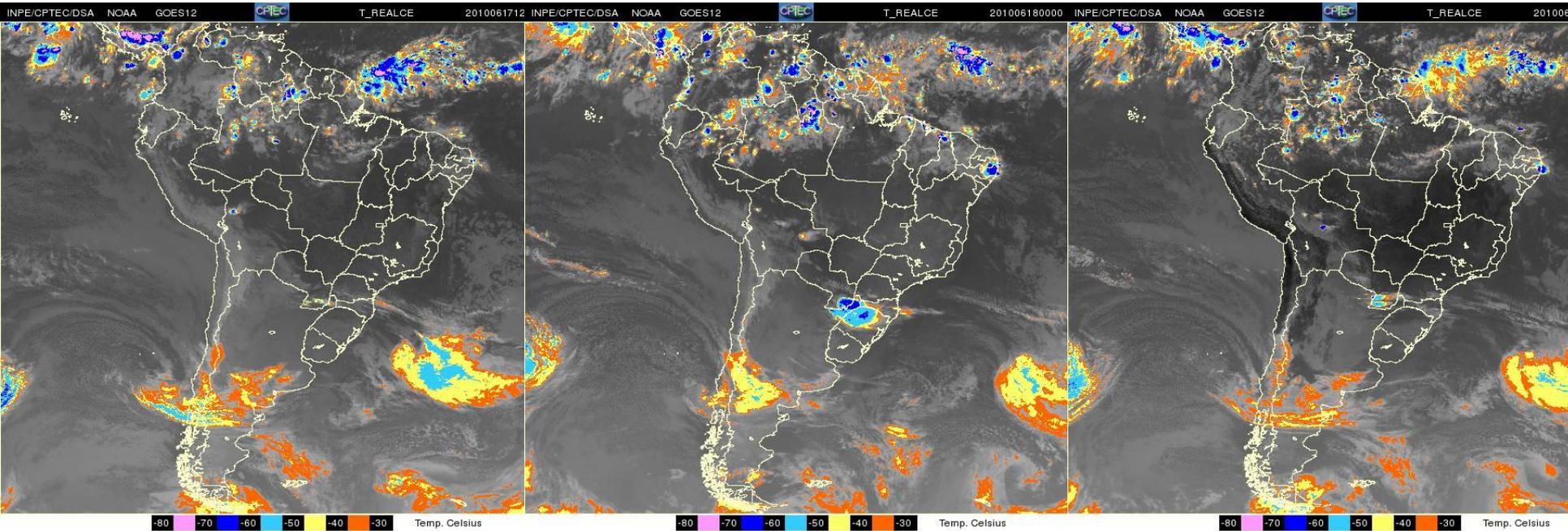


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

17/06/2010 – 12 Z

18/06/2010 – 00 Z

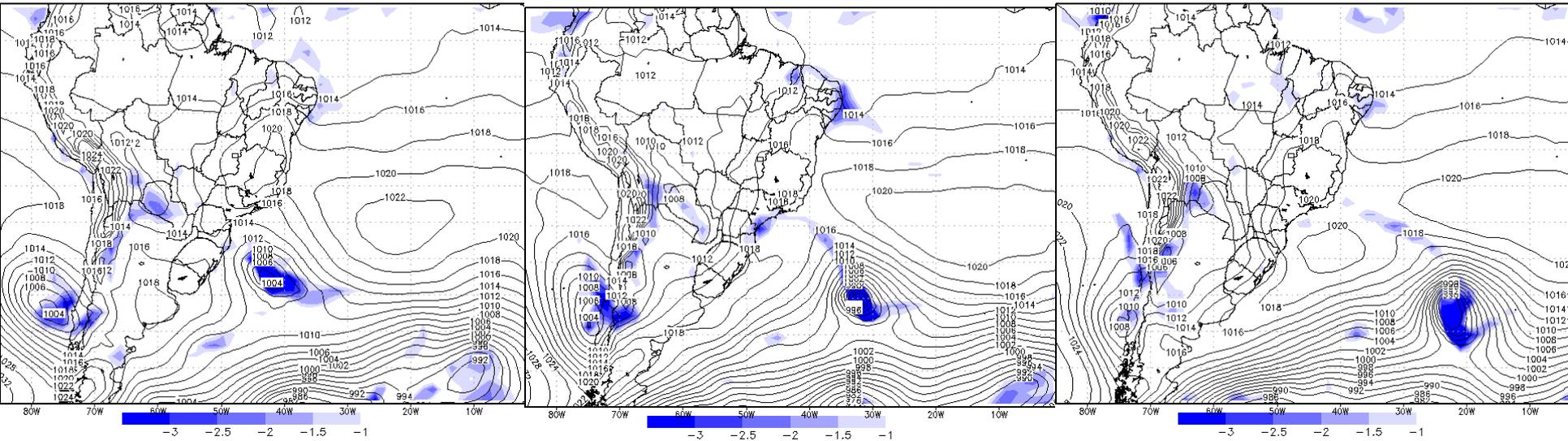
18/06/2010 – 15 Z



17JUN2010 12Z

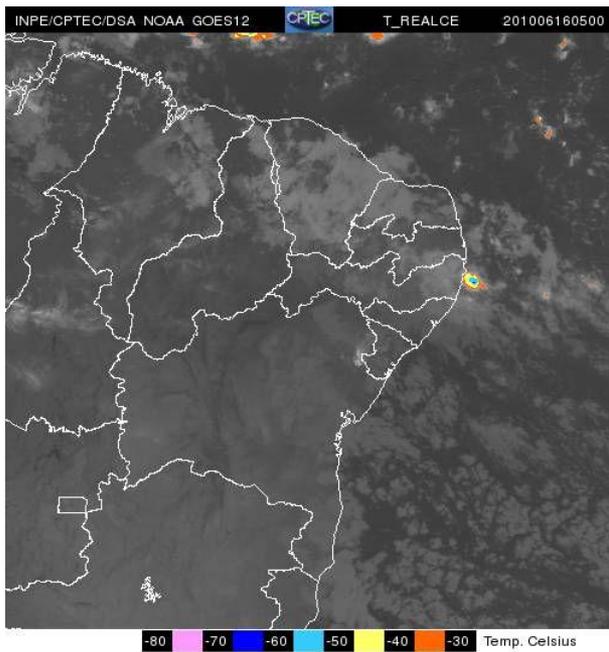
18JUN2010 00Z

18JUN2010 12Z

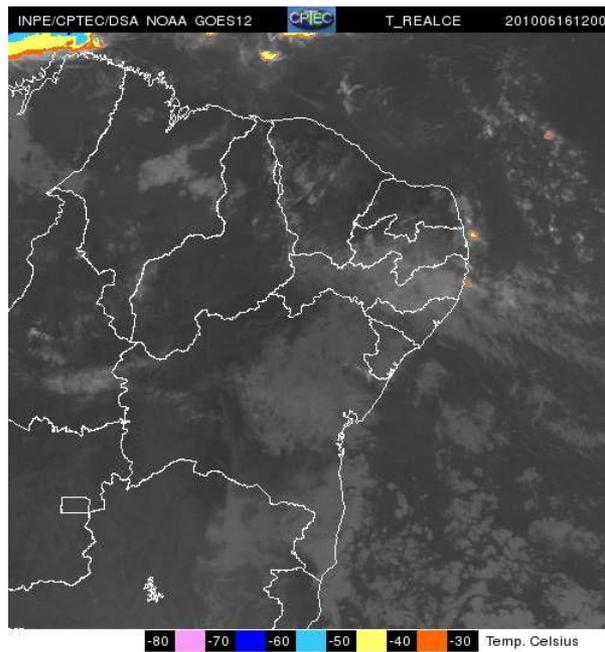


Pressão ao NMM (hPa) e divergência do vento x 10⁵ (s⁻¹)

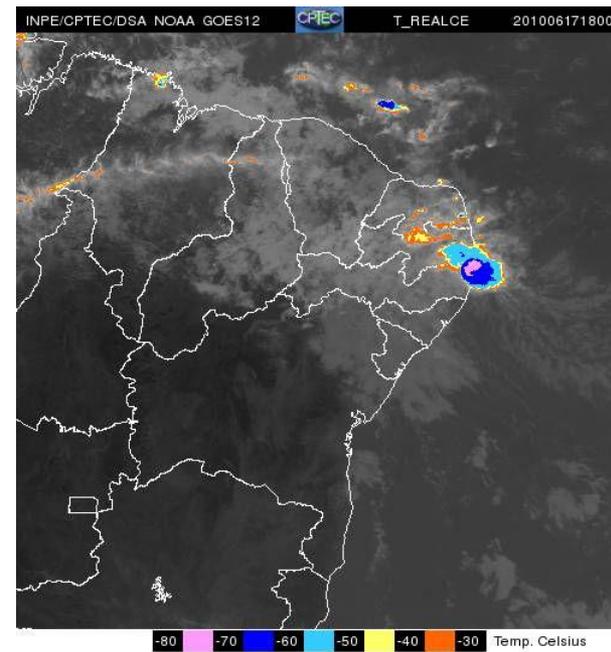
16/06/10 – 05 Z



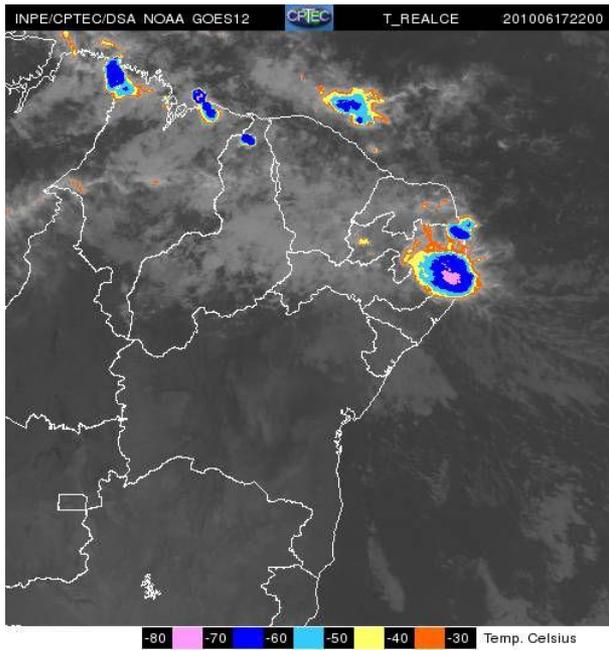
16/06/10 – 12 Z



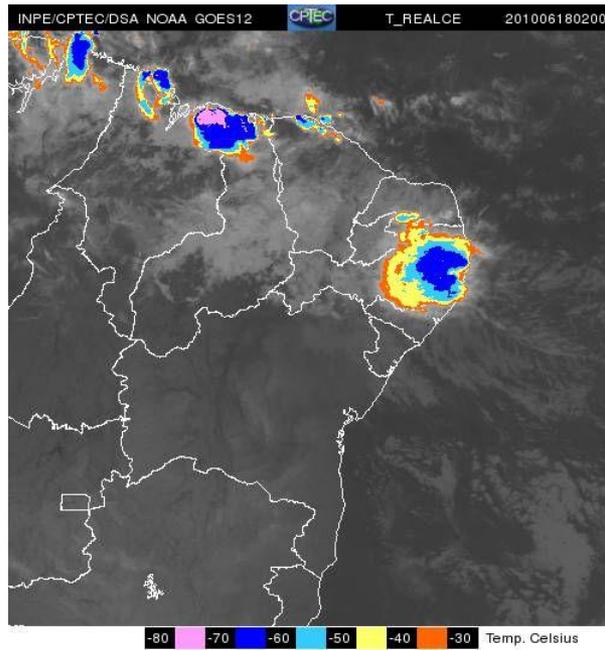
17/06/10 – 18 Z



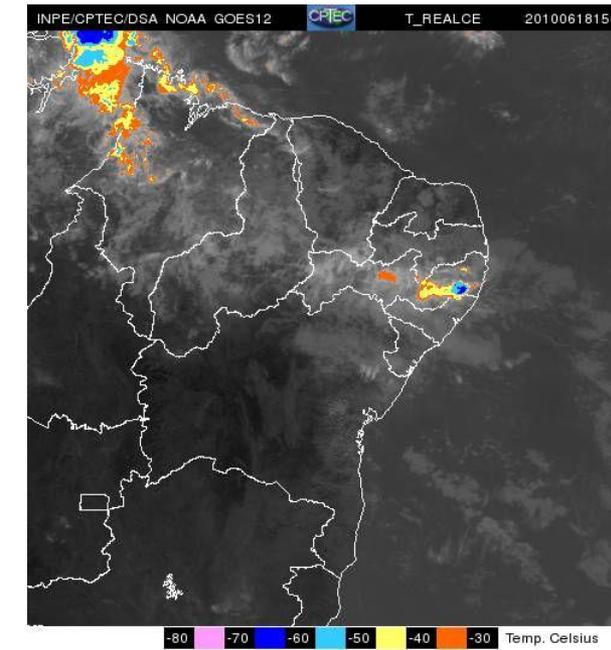
17/06/10 – 18 Z



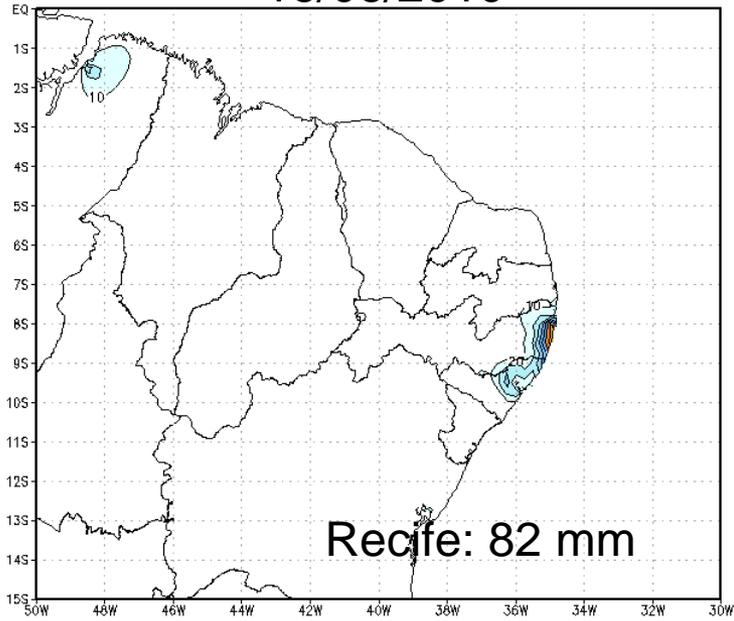
18/06/10 – 02 Z



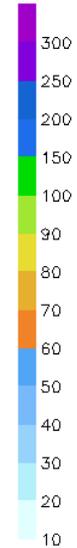
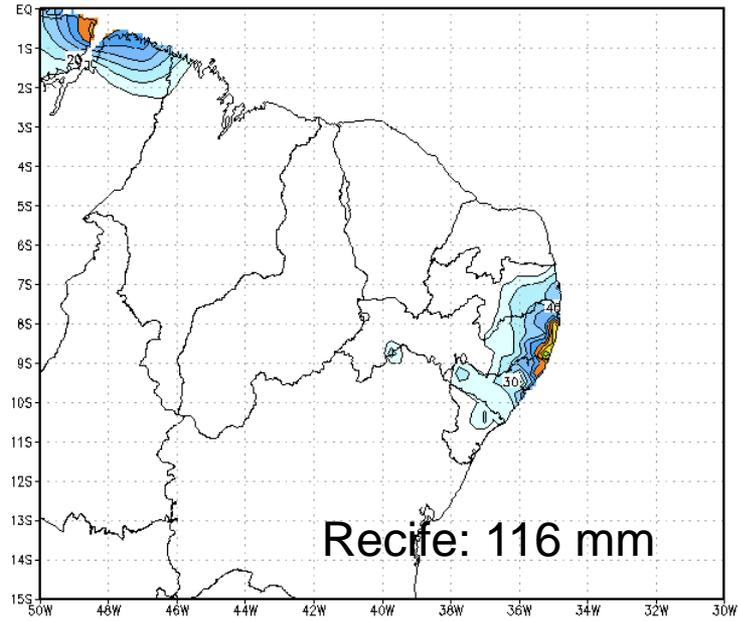
18/06/10 – 15 Z



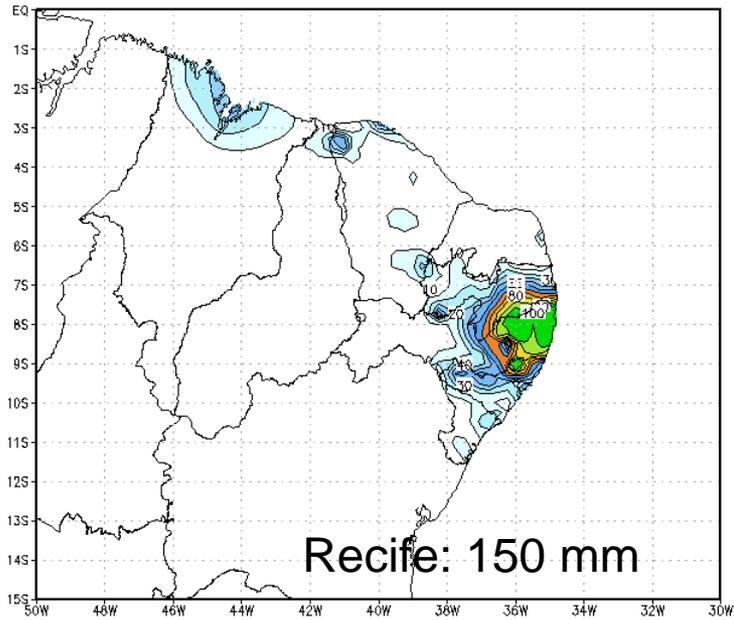
16/06/2010



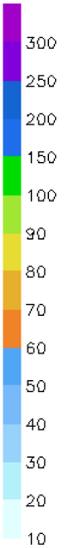
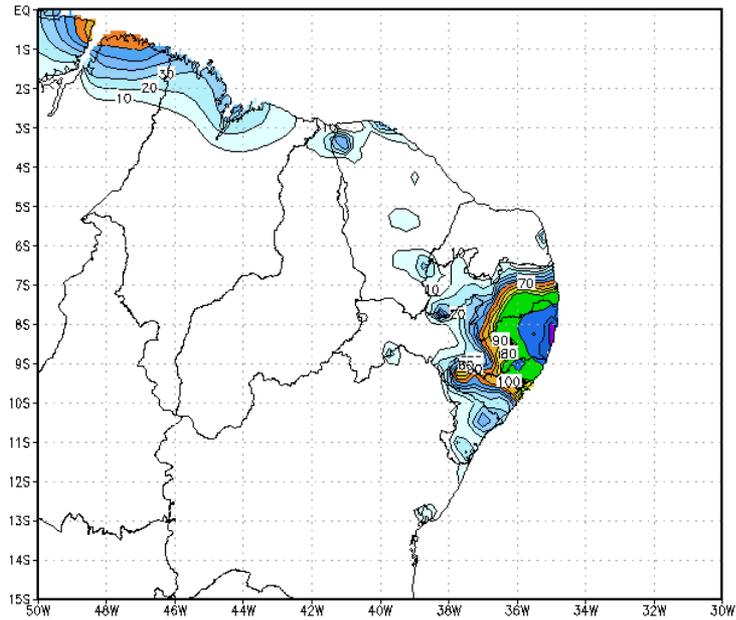
17/06/2010



18/06/2010



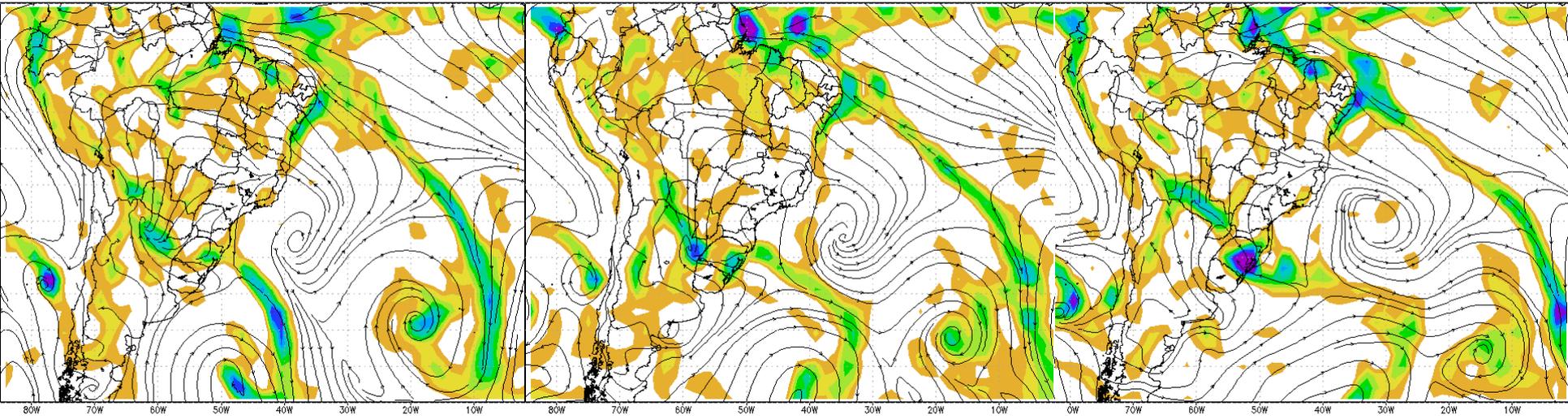
16 a 18/06/2010



16JUN2010 00Z

16JUN2010 12Z

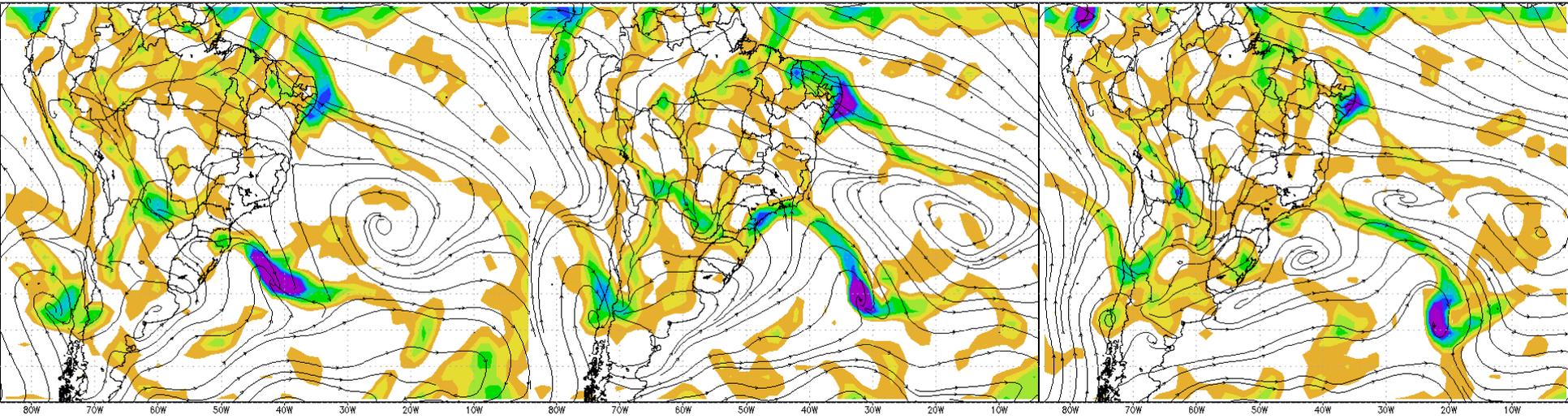
17JUN2010 00Z



17JUN2010 12Z

18JUN2010 00Z

18JUN2010 12Z

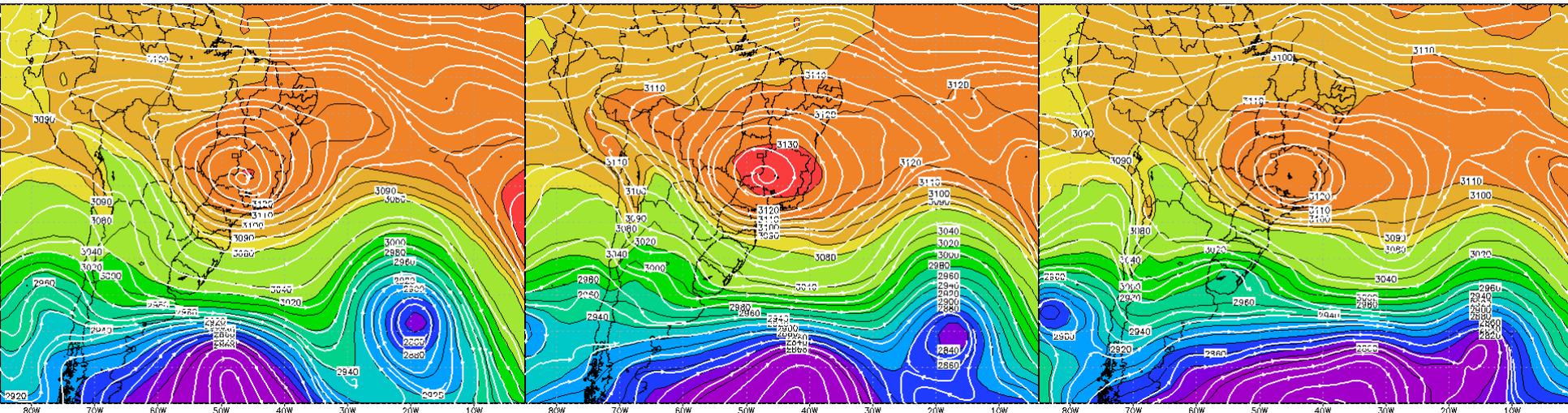


Div. umidade e linhas de corrente em 1000 hPa ((g/kg).dia⁻¹)

16JUN2010 00Z

16JUN2010 12Z

17JUN2010 00Z

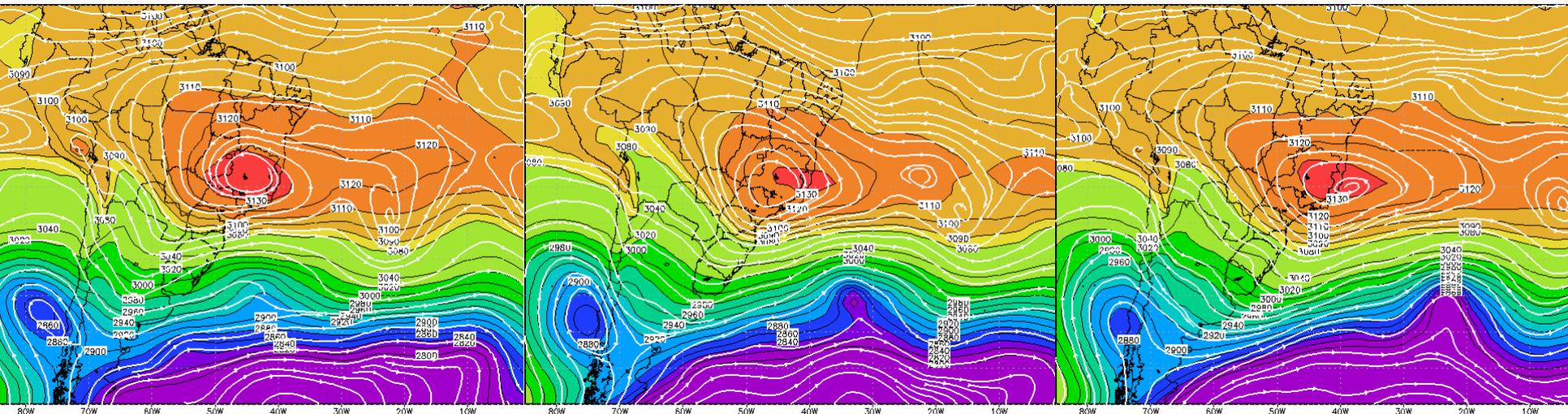


Altura geopotencial (mcp) e Linhas de corrente em 700 hPa

17JUN2010 12Z

18JUN2010 00Z

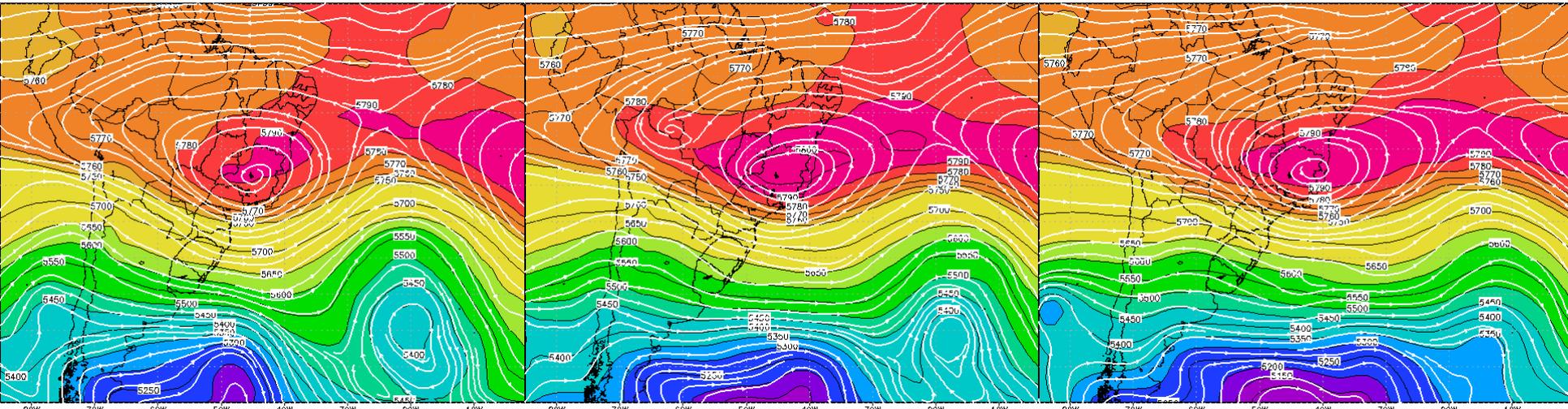
18JUN2010 12Z



16JUN2010 00Z

16JUN2010 12Z

17JUN2010 00Z

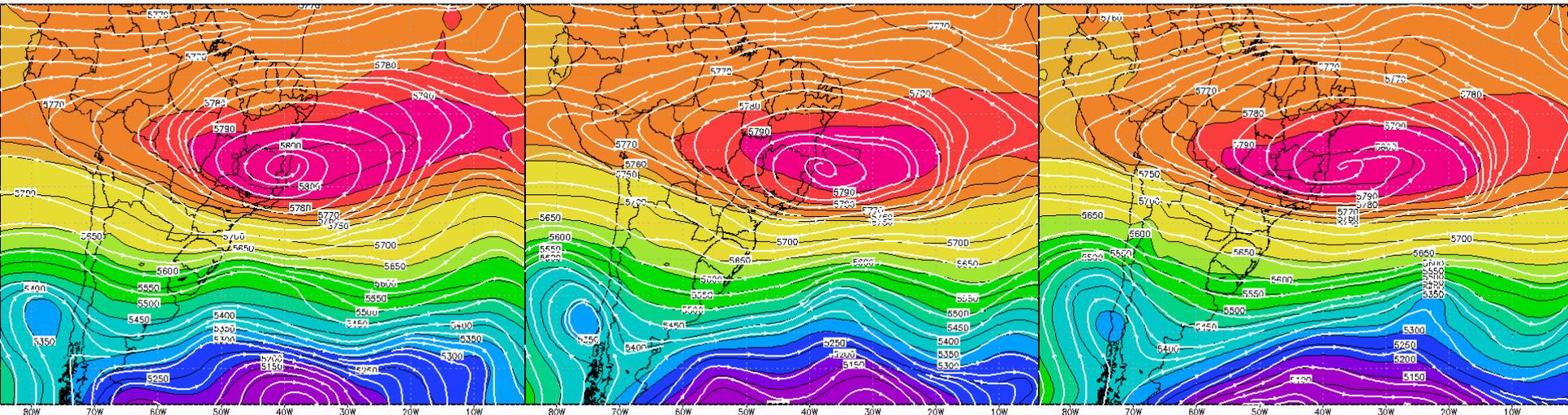


Altura geopotencial (m) e Linhas de corrente em 500 hPa

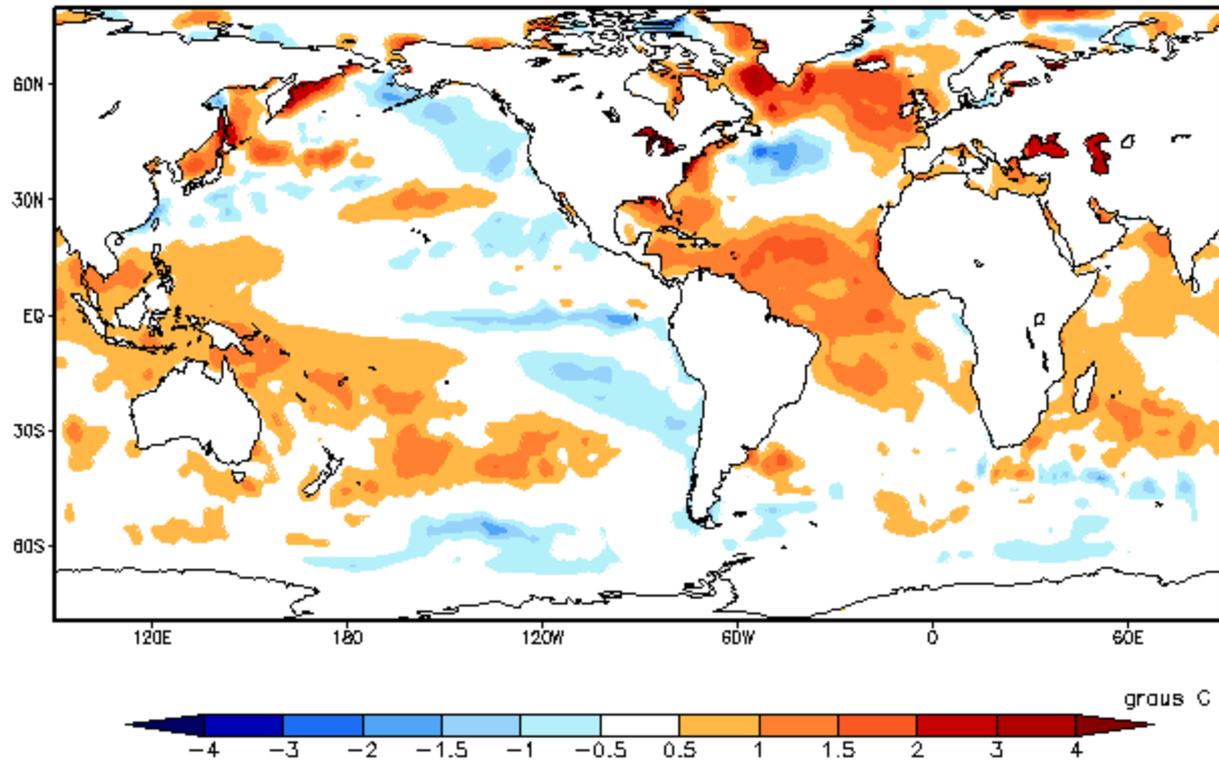
17JUN2010 12Z

18JUN2010 00Z

18JUN2010 12Z



Anomalia de Temperatura da Superfície do Mar JUN2010



Resumo

- As chuvas ocorridas no leste dos Estados de PE e AL em junho de 2010 foram causadas pela presença de distúrbios ondulatórios de leste:
 - Nos baixos níveis ventos atingindo a costa quase perpendicularmente, acentuando a convergência de umidade;
 - Em 500 e 700 hPa intenso sistema de alta pressão promovendo movimento ascendente nos baixos níveis.



Obrigada!

III Worketa – Cachoeira Paulista (SP) – 24 a 29/10/2010